

SECURITY DEPOSIT ACCOUNT TERMS AND CONDITIONS

ANZ BUSINESS BANKING
11.2018



This document contains terms and conditions for:

- ANZ Security Deposit Account
- ANZ Internet Banking
- ANZ Internet Banking for Business
- ANZ Phone Banking
- Mobile Banking
- BPAY® Payments

This document must be read in conjunction with the 'ANZ Business Banking Transaction Accounts Fees and Charges' booklet. Together they form your Terms and Conditions for the above product.

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References to ANZ

In these Terms and Conditions, 'ANZ' means Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited ABN 11 005 357 522.

Application of these Terms and Conditions

If you are opening a new account, these terms and conditions will apply immediately. Other terms and conditions, including those implied by law, apply.

To the extent of any inconsistency, these terms and conditions shall prevail to the extent permitted by law.

You should read all relevant terms and conditions that are provided to you and ask ANZ about any issues that concern you.

Opening an ANZ Security Deposit Account

Under Federal Government law, we must verify the identity of all account holders, and anyone authorised to act for them. For us to do this you and anyone authorised to act for you must satisfactorily meet ANZ's Customer Identification Process.

Depending on your business and/or structure you will be required to provide certain documents and information to ANZ.

For information relating to the documents required please contact any branch or speak to your ANZ Manager.

If you, or signatories to the account, are not identified in terms of the law, the account will be blocked for all withdrawals until the requirements are satisfied.

If you are an existing customer, or account signatory, identification requirements may have previously been satisfied so you don't need to provide the information again, unless you are asked to do so by us.

Tax File Numbers

Federal law provides that all accounts earning deposit interest in a tax year may be subject to Tax File Number (TFN) legislation. It is not compulsory for you to provide your TFN. However, if you choose not to do so, ANZ is required to deduct withholding tax from any interest earned unless you are in an exempt category. Withholding tax is calculated at the highest marginal tax rate plus Medicare Levy. ANZ will preserve the confidentiality of your TFN, which can be recorded for all your accounts, in accordance with the Privacy Act.

Code of Banking Practice

If you are an individual or a small business (as defined in the Code of Banking Practice) ANZ is bound by the Code of Banking Practice when it provides its products and services to you.

Deposits

You can make deposits to your account:

- in person at any ANZ branch;
- by transferring funds electronically using ANZ Internet Banking, ANZ Internet Banking for Business, ANZ Phone Banking or Mobile Banking; and
- by arranging an electronic credit via another financial institution.

Deposits may also be made using Fast Deposit Bags and ANZ Fast Deposit Envelopes in ANZ branches (where available). Additional conditions apply if you use Fast Deposit Bags. These conditions are available from any ANZ branch.

The following terms and conditions apply to deposits made using ANZ Fast Deposit Envelopes:

- ANZ Fast Deposit Envelopes can be used to make a deposit to a single ANZ account. Each deposit must be accompanied by a completed deposit slip and one or more cheques drawn on an Australian bank in Australian currency only – no notes/coin, foreign currency or foreign cheques are to be placed in the ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope. No third party cheques are to be placed in the ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope without prior arrangement with ANZ;

- A separate ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope and completed deposit slip must be used for deposits made to each separate account;
- You must follow the directions contained on the ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope, otherwise ANZ may, at its discretion, return the ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope to you without processing or completely processing the deposit;
- You must not place anything flammable, explosive, harmful, noxious or dangerous inside an ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope;
- Once you have followed the directions contained on the ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope, place the sealed envelope into the ANZ Fast Deposit Box located inside the branch (where available);
- ANZ will treat deposits made using ANZ Fast Deposit Envelopes as having been received by ANZ on the same day that you make the deposit providing your ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope is deposited to the ANZ Fast Deposit Box before 4pm Monday to Thursday, or 5pm Friday in the branch where you make the deposit. Otherwise ANZ will treat the deposit as having been received by ANZ on the following day that the branch where you made your deposit is open for business. ANZ will credit your account with effect from the day that ANZ treats the deposit as having been received under this clause (proceeds of cheques and other negotiable instruments will be unavailable until cleared);
- If the amount recorded on a deposit slip accompanying your deposit differs from our calculation of the total value of cheques deposited, ANZ reserves the right to adjust your account to reflect ANZ's calculation. If you disagree with ANZ's calculation of the value of the cheques deposited, you may request that ANZ conduct a review and reconciliation of the deposited cheques. ANZ will adjust your account accordingly if, in its reasonable view, it has made an error in the initial calculation;
- ANZ is not responsible to you for:
 - i) any discrepancy between ANZ's calculation and your calculation of the contents of the ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope;

- ii) any loss or theft from an ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope, except to the extent that the fraud, negligence or recklessness of ANZ or its employees caused or contributed to the loss or theft;
 - iii) any loss or damage which occurs if you have breached your obligations under these Conditions of Use or act negligently or fraudulently when using ANZ Fast Deposit Envelopes;
 - iv) any delay in acting upon instructions from you which results from the temporary breakdown of, or interruption to, the ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope service, or any other circumstances beyond ANZ's reasonable control;
 - v) any loss or damage (including consequential loss or damage) suffered in relation to the use of, or inability to use, the ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope service, unless the loss or damage is attributable to the negligence or willful default of ANZ, a breach of a condition or warranty implied at law in contracts for the supply of goods or services which may not be excluded, restricted or modified or only to a limited extent;
- You are liable for, and indemnify ANZ against, any loss or damage ANZ may suffer because you did not observe your obligations under these conditions or acted negligently or fraudulently when using the ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope service;
 - It is your responsibility to retain details of all cheques deposited using the ANZ Fast Deposit Envelope service so that in the event of any loss or damage you are able to approach the drawer for a replacement.

You cannot make deposits to your account via an ATM.

Your account cannot be linked to an ANZ Access Card or ANZ Credit Card.

Withdrawals

Over the counter withdrawals can be made at any ANZ branch. If you wish to make a withdrawal at an ANZ branch where the account is not held, ANZ may require you to provide satisfactory identification and may impose a daily limit on the amount which you withdraw.

You cannot make withdrawals from your account via an ATM. ANZ may allow you to make withdrawals or debits to your account in other ways. If it does, ANZ can impose further terms and conditions for those withdrawals or debit arrangements.

At the end of the tenant's lease, the amount deposited plus accrued credit interest must be withdrawn from the account. Upon withdrawal of funds, the account must be closed.

Other ways you can transact

Despite any other provision in these terms and conditions, ANZ may permit you to make deposits to or withdrawals from your ANZ account at an agent, contractor or service provider of ANZ. Where such deposits or withdrawals are permitted by ANZ, the time for processing the relevant credits or debits to your account may vary. Limits may also be imposed on the amount or types of deposits or withdrawals that may be made at an agent, contractor or service provider. Details of any processing times and limits will be published on <http://www.anz.com.au/personal/ways-bank/>

Processing of Withdrawals and Deposits

Generally, any withdrawal, deposit or transfer made on your account via ANZ Phone Banking, ANZ Internet Banking, ANZ Internet Banking for Business or Mobile Banking will be processed to your account on the same day, before the following times on the following processing days:

- 10pm Melbourne time Monday to Friday (excluding national public holidays) for funds transfers made through ANZ Phone Banking, ANZ Internet Banking, ANZ Internet Banking for Business or Mobile Banking; and

- 6pm Sydney time on Banking Business Days (as defined in the Electronic Banking Conditions of Use) when using BPAY® Payments¹.

Any transaction made after these cut-off times may be processed on the next processing day.

If a funds transfer is eligible to be processed through the New Payments Platform², including through Osko³ it may be processed in near real time. If the New Payments Platform cannot be used for any reason, we will try to make the funds transfer through other available payments systems, which will generally be processed as set out above. You should always allow sufficient time for funds transfers to be received if they cannot be made using the New Payments Platform or Osko®.

If we receive a message through the New Payments Platform that a payment will be made to you, we may treat the payment as made even if we have not yet received the payment. If the payment is not received for any reason, we can reverse the transaction, and the credit and debit will be shown on your statement.

ANZ reserves the right to pay transactions presented for payment in any order that we choose.

Interest

Interest is calculated on the daily closing balance of your ANZ Security Deposit Account. Interest is compounded and paid to the account monthly, based on the account opening date or another date nominated by ANZ. The daily interest rate is the annual rate divided by 365. Interest is calculated on the whole balance in your account and there is no minimum account balance requirement.

For example, assume:

- your balance is \$5,000;
- you make no withdrawals or additional deposits from 1 July to 31 July; and
- the interest rate applying to your account is 1.00% p.a.

¹ BPAY® Payments means the BPAY® Payments service provided by BPAY® Pty Ltd.

² New Payments Platform means the new payments platform operated by NPP Australia Limited.

³ Osko® means the Osko® payment service provided by BPAY® Pty Ltd using the New Payments Platform.

Based on the above assumptions, you would earn \$4.25 in interest for the period 1 July until 31 July inclusive. See the calculations below:

1. Divide the interest rate by 365 to calculate the daily interest rate. $0.01 (1.00\%) / 365 = 0.000027397 (0.0027397\%)$.
2. The daily interest rate is then multiplied by \$5,000 to calculate the interest that accrues each day = $0.000027397 (0.0027397\%) \times \$5,000 = \$0.136985$.
3. Multiply the daily interest earned by the number of days for the days in the period to calculate the interest that will be earned $\$0.136985 \times 31 = \4.25 (rounded up to two decimal places).

Interest Rates

Details of current interest rates applicable to your account are available by contacting ANZ Customer Service Centre on 13 13 14, 24 hours, seven days a week or available at any ANZ branch, or by visiting www.anz.com

Fees

There are no transaction fees or account service fees on your account.

Information on all other current standard fees and charges that may apply to your account is contained in the '*ANZ Business Banking Transaction Accounts Fees and Charges*' booklet available from any ANZ branch.

If ANZ fails to collect a fee to which it is entitled, ANZ has not waived its right to collect the fee for future transactions of the same nature. ANZ may waive fees under certain conditions.

GST

Terms used in this clause have the same meaning as those defined in the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 ("GST Act") unless provided otherwise.

If any supply made under or in connection with this Agreement is subject to GST, the party making the supply ("ANZ") may increase the consideration otherwise provided for by the amount of that GST and recover such additional amount from the party liable for payment of the consideration. This clause does not apply to the extent that the consideration is expressly agreed to be GST inclusive.

If you are required to reimburse ANZ for any costs, the amount must be reduced to the extent that ANZ is entitled to claim an input tax credit in respect of those costs. A party will be assumed to have an entitlement to claim a full input tax credit unless it demonstrates otherwise prior to the date on which the consideration must be provided.

No payment of any amount in respect of GST is required until ANZ has provided a tax invoice or adjustment note, as the case may be, to you. ANZ must provide a tax invoice or adjustment note to you as required by the GST Act.

Any reference in this Agreement to fee, price, value, sales, revenue, or similar amount ("Revenue") shall be a reference to that Revenue exclusive of GST, unless and to the extent that the revenue is expressly agreed to be GST inclusive.

Statements

ANZ will issue statements for your account at least every six months.

ANZ can arrange for statements to be sent to a nominated third party (e.g. your accountant).

Your Obligations

You must review and reconcile your records in respect of each account held with ANZ within sixty (60) days after you should have received the relevant statement of account (the 'account reconciliation period') and notify ANZ immediately if:

- there has been any alleged omission from, or debits wrongly made to, an account; or
- any unauthorised transaction has been effected in respect of an account or expected payments have not been received.

Subject to the Electronic Banking Conditions of Use, ANZ will only be responsible for investigating any such transactions during the account reconciliation period.

ANZ requires you to take reasonable care and precautions to prevent unauthorised or fraudulent non-bank transactions occurring on your account(s) including, but not limited to:

- a) reconciliation systems and procedures from which you can promptly ascertain whether unauthorised amounts have been debited to your account(s);
- b) regular verification of transactions on your account(s) by suitably qualified and/or experienced people;
- c) unless it is impractical, proper segregation of duties, that is, the person responsible for the matters described in sub-clauses a) and b) is a person other than that responsible for writing and/or authorising transactions.

Authority for Account Operation

At the time of opening your account, you nominate the persons who are authorised to operate the account. ANZ can act at all times on the basis that the authorised operator(s) can act fully and effectively in all dealings, matters and transactions in respect of the account. You are responsible to ANZ for all liability which is incurred as a result of operations on the account. If you hold your account jointly or in partnership with one or more other persons, then each of you is jointly and severally responsible to ANZ for any liability. If you wish to alter the account authorisation instructions, then you must notify ANZ in writing.

Disruption to Service

When planning transactions, please allow sufficient time. You should bear in mind that occasionally a banking service may be disrupted. A 'disruption' is where a service is temporarily unavailable or where a system or equipment fails to function in a normal or satisfactory manner.

To the maximum extent permitted by law, ANZ will only be liable for loss or damage suffered because of a disruption where that disruption is caused by an event within ANZ's reasonable control. ANZ will not be liable for consequential loss or damage because of such disruption. This does not apply to electronic banking transactions. This disclaimer is in addition to, and does not restrict, any other provision contained in these terms and conditions which limits ANZ's liability.

Inactive Accounts

If you do not operate your account for three years and there is \$500 or more in your account, ANZ may be required by law to send your money to the Government as unclaimed money. You can reclaim your money from the Government at any time.

Notices and Joint Accounts

ANZ can send you notices, statements or other documents by mailing them to any one of the authorised operators at their nominated address shown in ANZ's records.

If ANZ gives these terms and conditions to any of the joint account holders, they will be considered to have been received by all account holders. If an account holder dies, ANZ may in its discretion treat the balance of the account as owned by any surviving account holder(s).

Trust Accounts

Trust accounts can be opened by ANZ on request.

Account Purpose

Your ANZ business account must be used solely for business purposes. You must not use your ANZ business account for personal purposes or mixed business and personal purposes.

Change of Name and Address by Signatories

You should notify ANZ as soon as possible of any changes to your account details including the name and address of the account holder, authorised operators or business. ANZ may require this notification to be in writing. ANZ will not be responsible for any errors or losses associated with account changes where ANZ has not received prior notice.

ANZ's Right to Combine Accounts

ANZ can combine the balances of two or more of your accounts, even if the accounts are at different branches. It can also do this if the accounts are in the same joint names. This may happen when one of your accounts is overdrawn or is in debit and another is in credit. This means that the credit balance in one

account can be used to repay to ANZ the debit balance in another account. ANZ will promptly inform you if it has combined any of your accounts. ANZ need not notify you in advance. You should not treat your accounts as combined unless ANZ has agreed to such an arrangement.

Privacy and confidentiality

ANZ will collect and use information about you during the course of your relationship with ANZ. We explain below when and how ANZ may collect, use and disclose this information.

It is important that the information ANZ holds about you is up to date. You must let ANZ know when information you have provided ANZ has changed.

Unless otherwise stated, this clause applies to individuals and non-individuals (e.g. companies).

Collection, use and disclosure of information

ANZ may use and disclose the information we collect about you for the following purposes:

- to assist in providing information about a product or service;
- to consider your request for a product or service;
- to enable ANZ to provide a product or service;
- to tell you about other products or services that may be of interest to you;
- to assist in arrangements with other organisations (such as loyalty partners) in relation to the promotion or provision of a product or service;
- to manage accounts and perform other administrative and operational tasks (including risk management, systems development and testing, credit scoring, staff training, collecting debts and market or customer satisfaction research);
- to consider any concerns or complaints you raise against ANZ and/or to manage any legal action involving ANZ;
- to identify, prevent or investigate any fraud, unlawful activity or misconduct (or suspected fraud, unlawful activity or misconduct);

- to identify you or establish your tax status under any Australian or foreign legislation, regulation or treaty or pursuant to an agreement with any tax authority; and
- as required by relevant laws, regulations, codes of practice and external payment systems.

Absence of relevant information

If you do not provide some or all of the information requested, ANZ may be unable to provide you with a product or service.

Information required by law etc.

ANZ may be required by relevant laws to collect certain information from you. Details of laws that require us to collect information about individuals (personal information) and why these laws require us to collect personal information are contained in ANZ's Privacy Policy and at www.anz.com/privacy.

Providing your information to others

ANZ may provide your information to:

- any related entity of ANZ which may use the information to: carry out ANZ's functions and activities; promote its own products and services; assess your application for one of its products or services; manage your product or service; perform administrative and operational tasks (including debt recovery); or comply with regulatory requirements and prudential standards;
- an organisation that is in an arrangement with ANZ to jointly offer products and/or has an alliance with ANZ to share information for marketing purposes (and any of its outsourced service providers or agents), to enable them or ANZ to: provide you with products or services; and/or promote a product or service;
- any agent, contractor or service provider ANZ engages to carry out or assist its functions and activities (for example, mailing houses or debt collection agencies);
- an organisation that assists ANZ to identify, prevent or investigate fraud, unlawful activity or misconduct;
- regulatory bodies, government agencies, law enforcement bodies and courts;

- other parties ANZ is authorised or required by law or court/tribunal order to disclose information to;
- participants in the payments system (including payment organisations and merchants) and other financial institutions (such as banks);
- other credit providers;
- mortgage insurers and any reinsurer of any such mortgage insurer;
- your guarantors (and intending guarantors) and any person who has provided security for your loan
- any person who introduces you to ANZ;
- your referee(s);
- your employer;
- your joint borrower(s) or account holder(s) and
- your authorised agents; your executor, administrator or trustee in bankruptcy; your legal representative; your attorney; or anyone acting for you in connection with your account.

If you are an individual and do not want us to tell you about products or services, phone 13 13 14 or your ANZ Manager to withdraw your consent.

ANZ may disclose information to recipients (including service providers and ANZ's related entities) which are (1) located outside Australia and/or (2) not established in or do not carry on business in Australia. You can find details about the location of these recipients in ANZ's Privacy Policy and at www.anz.com/privacy.

Credit Reporting

If you are an individual, you agree that ANZ may obtain information about your credit history and credit worthiness, including credit liabilities, repayments and defaults, from a credit reporting body (including a body that provides information on commercial activity and commercial credit worthiness) and use it to assess any application for credit, to manage your credit and for the purposes of debt collection. ANZ may also disclose information about you to credit reporting bodies.

Information about credit reporting, including the name and contact details of these credit reporting bodies, when ANZ may disclose your personal information to them to include in a report about your

credit worthiness, and how you can request credit reporting bodies not use your information in certain circumstances, is available at www.anz.com/privacy.

If you would like a hard copy of this information, please call 13 13 14 or visit any ANZ branch for a copy of ANZ's Privacy Policy.

ANZ Privacy Policy

ANZ's Privacy Policy (www.anz.com/privacy) contains information about:

- the circumstances in which ANZ may collect personal information from other sources (including from a third party);
- how to access personal information and seek correction of personal information; and
- how you can raise concerns that ANZ has breached the Privacy Act or an applicable code and how ANZ will deal with those matters.

Collecting sensitive information

ANZ will not collect sensitive information about you, such as information about your health, without your consent.

Personal information you provide about someone else

If you give ANZ personal information about someone else, please show them a copy of this clause so that they may understand the manner in which their personal information may be used or disclosed by ANZ in connection with your dealings with ANZ.

Closing Your ANZ Account

You or any other authorised person can close your account at any time upon request at the branch where the account is held. Any unused cheque books or electronic cards which solely operate the account must be returned at this time. ANZ will pay you the credit balance plus deposit interest if any, less any accrued account fees and Government charges applicable at the closing date. Monthly fees will apply even if the account has been open for only part of a calendar month. Any uncleared funds will not be released until they are cleared.

If there are any outstanding cheques the account may only be closed once they have been presented. ANZ reserves the right to return any cheques presented for payment after the account has been closed. If your

account is in debit, the balance plus any accrued debit interest, fees and Government charges applicable to the closing date will be payable by you to ANZ.

If your account has either a nil or debit balance, and there have been no transactions (except for Government charges and fees) on the account for more than three months, then ANZ may close your account.

ANZ may exercise its discretion to close an account due to unsatisfactory conduct or for any other reason it considers appropriate. In this event, ANZ will notify you in writing at the address shown on our records and will forward a bank cheque for the net credit balance of the account.

Changes to Fees and Charges and Interest Rates

The table below sets out how and when ANZ will notify you of changes to your account. You agree that ANZ may notify you of certain changes by advertisement in major daily or national newspapers.

ANZ may make the following changes:

	Minimum Number of Days Notice	Method of Notice
Introduce a New Fee or Charge	30 days	In writing
Increase an Existing Fee or Charge	30 days	In writing or by press advertisement
Change the method by which interest is calculated or the frequency with which interest is debited or credited	30 days	In writing or by press advertisement
Change the Interest Rate that applies to your account	Day of change	In writing or by press advertisement
Change the name of interest rates, accounts or publications	Day of change	In writing or by press advertisement

The rights mentioned above should be read as if they are each a separate right of ANZ even though they are set out in the one table.

Changes to Other Terms and Conditions

ANZ may make any other change by giving you reasonable notice of the change, which may include notice on the day the variation takes effect if that is reasonable in the circumstances.

For example it will be reasonable in the circumstances to give notice on the day of the change if ANZ reasonably considers the change:

- i. has a neutral effect on your obligations;
- ii. reduces your obligations or;
- iii. is required to comply with any law

but these examples do not limit the circumstances in which it may otherwise be reasonable.

Despite this clause, ANZ will always give you notice in accordance with any applicable laws or industry codes (such as the Code of Banking Practice) which require any minimum notice periods or specific methods of notification.

Small Business Customers

This clause will apply to you if you are a small business (as defined by the Code of Banking Practice) and ANZ makes a change only to your terms and conditions, but not to the terms and conditions of other small business customers.

Where this clause provides that the minimum notice period is the day of change, if ANZ reasonably considers the change will be materially adverse to you, it will provide you with reasonable notice of the change (not less than 10 business days) unless it considers a shorter notice period is necessary to avoid or reduce an increase in credit risk to ANZ.

Cheques

Cheques may only be written in the form supplied by ANZ. The forms may only be issued by the account holder named on the front or by an authorised operator.

How Long Does it Take to Clear a Cheque?

Usually three to seven working days. When you pay a cheque into an ANZ Account, ANZ may allow you to draw on the cheque before it has cleared but you will be liable for the amount of the cheque if it is subsequently dishonoured.

<p>What Happens to the Original Cheque Once Paid?</p>	<p>ANZ will destroy the original cheque but keep a copy of the cheque for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 13 months, if the cheque amounts to less than \$200; or • seven years, if the cheque amounts to \$200 or more.
<p>What if the Cheque is Dishonoured After I Have Drawn on the Funds?</p>	<p>ANZ will debit your account by the amount of the cheque and will charge you debit interest if as a result your account becomes overdrawn.</p>
<p>Special Clearances</p>	<p>You can arrange for a cheque to be cleared in less than the usual time by requesting a 'special clearance'. Fees apply to this service.</p>
<p>'Crossed' Cheques</p>	<p>A cheque with two parallel lines across it is a crossed cheque. When you cross a cheque, you are telling the bank that the cheque must be paid into an account with a financial institution and not cashed.</p>
<p>'Not Negotiable' Cheques</p>	<p>The words 'Not Negotiable' between two parallel lines protects the true owner of a lost or stolen cheque. They ensure that the recipient of a cheque obtains no better rights to the cheque than the person who passed the cheque.</p> <p>For example, if your cheque has been stolen and passed by the thief to an innocent person, you will be able to recover the amount paid on your cheque from the innocent person (or the thief if they are found) – this is because the thief had no right to the cheque and therefore passed no rights to the innocent person.</p> <p>You have the option of having 'Not Negotiable' printed on the cheque forms.</p>
<p>'Account Payee Only'</p>	<p>If you write these words on a cheque, you are directing the bank collecting the cheque to only pay the cheque into the account of the person named on the cheque.</p>

'Or Bearer' and 'Or Order'

These words mean that a bank may pay the cheque to whomever is in possession of the cheque, not only the person named on the cheque. If you delete these words, the cheque becomes an 'or order' cheque.

A cheque payable 'to order' means that if the payee wants to transfer the cheque to another person, they must first sign the back of the cheque. You must delete the words 'or bearer' and replace them with 'or order' to make the cheque an 'or order' cheque.

Third Party Cheques

If you present a cheque which is payable to someone else or it appears to belong to someone else (third party cheque) ANZ may, in its discretion, refuse to accept that cheque for deposit or refuse to cash it or may require you to comply with some conditions before it will accept that cheque for deposit or cash it.

Stopping a Cheque

You may stop a cheque that you have written by telling ANZ the following:

- amount of the cheque;
- number and date of cheque; and
- name of payee.

A Stop Payment Fee may apply. If you have lost a cheque you received from someone else, notify that person so they may stop the cheque.

Tips for Cheque Security

- Don't leave gaps between words
- Begin the amount in words as close as possible to the left hand side and add 'only' to the end of the amount
- Begin the amount in figures as close as possible to the dollar sign
- Never write on a cheque with pencil or erasable ink
- Only sign a cheque when it is filled out
- Always write the amount in words as well as figures
- Check your bank statements regularly to reconcile cheques drawn on your account.

When may a Cheque be Dishonoured or Payment Refused?

At the bank's discretion, a cheque may be dishonoured or payment refused where:

- there are insufficient funds in the account of the drawer;
- the cheque is unsigned;
- the cheque is more than 15 months old;
- the cheque is future dated;
- the cheque has been materially altered and the alteration has not been signed;
- there is a legal impediment to payment;
- the cheque has been stopped; or
- the paying bank has been notified of the mental incapacity, bankruptcy or death of the drawer.

Where ANZ refuses payment or dishonours a cheque drawn on your account because there are insufficient funds in your account, ANZ may charge an Informal Overdraft Assessment Fee (referred to in your bank statements and ANZ Business Banking Finance Fees and Charges booklet as an Outward Dishonour Fee).

What if I Lose my Cheque Book or my Cheque or it is Stolen?

You should keep your cheques safe at all times. If they are lost or stolen, you must take the following action:

- cheque payable to you – tell the person who wrote the cheque;
- cheque written by you – request ANZ to stop the cheque and tell the person to whom the cheque is payable;
- ANZ cheque book – tell ANZ to put a Stop Payment on the serial numbers. If you subsequently find the cheques, ANZ will require written authorisation from you before the cheques can be paid.

If you don't inform ANZ that your cheque book has been lost or stolen as soon as possible, you may be liable for transactions incurred by you before you notify ANZ, even if they are made without your authority.

Bank Cheques

Bank cheques are cheques instructing payment from the bank itself rather than from a customer's account. They are designed to provide an alternative to carrying large amounts of cash when a personal cheque is not acceptable. Bank cheques are usually requested because of the higher likelihood that they will be paid. However bank cheques should not be regarded as equivalent to cash.

Bank cheques can be purchased by ANZ customers and a fee is charged. A bank may dishonour a bank cheque if:

- the bank cheque is forged or counterfeit;
- the bank cheque has been fraudulently and materially altered;
- a fraud or other crime has been committed;
- the bank is told the bank cheque has been lost or stolen;
- there is a court order restraining the bank from paying a bank cheque;
- the bank has not received payment or value for the issue of the bank cheque; or
- if a bank cheque is presented by person who is not entitled to the cheque proceeds.

If a bank cheque is lost or stolen, ANZ will, on certain conditions, provide a replacement cheque for a fee.

Informal Overdraft facility

For the purposes of this clause the following definitions apply:

'Informal Overdraft' means an amount advanced to you under the Informal Overdraft facility.

'Informal Overdraft facility' means the informal short-term credit facility ANZ may provide to you pursuant to this clause if a debit to your account (excluding a periodical payment) would, if processed, result in either:

- your account becoming overdrawn; or
- the approved limit on your account being exceeded.

When any debit (excluding a periodical payment) is initiated which, if processed, would result in either:

- your account becoming overdrawn; or
- the approved limit on your account being exceeded,

you are deemed to request an Informal Overdraft.

ANZ will consider your request and assess your eligibility for an Informal Overdraft based on ANZ's credit criteria. You will be charged an Informal Overdraft Assessment Fee for this service in the circumstances described below.

If you satisfy ANZ's credit criteria for an Informal Overdraft facility, ANZ will agree to your request by allowing the debit to be processed as an Informal Overdraft, on the following terms:

- If the balance of your Informal Overdraft facility exceeds \$50 at the time of your request, or will exceed \$50 once the debit requested is processed, you will be charged an Informal Overdraft Assessment Fee on the day on which the debit is processed (or if that day is not a business day, on the next business day). The Informal Overdraft Assessment Fee (referred to in your bank statements and in the 'ANZ Business Banking Transaction Accounts Fees and Charges' booklet as an 'Honour Fee') is payable immediately.
- Interest will be charged on the sum of the Informal Overdraft and any fees and charges debited to the account at the ANZ Retail Index Rate plus a margin (refer to 'ANZ Business Banking Transaction Account Fees and Charges' booklet for details). Interest will be calculated on the daily closing balance and will be charged in arrears on the same date in each month as the date on which your account was opened (or if that day is not a business day, on the next business day). The daily interest rate is the specified rate divided by 365.
- The Informal Overdraft, any Informal Overdraft Assessment Fee and any interest on both of those amounts will be debited to your account; and

- you must repay each of those amounts by the earlier to occur of either:
 - 7 days of the Informal Overdraft being debited to your account; or
 - ANZ demanding repayment. Demand for payment may be made in your next statement of account or by letter to you.

If you do not satisfy ANZ's credit criteria for an Informal Overdraft, ANZ will decline your request and will not allow the debit to be processed. You will be charged an Informal Overdraft Assessment Fee (referred to in your bank statements and in the 'ANZ Business Banking Transaction Accounts Fees and Charges' booklet as an 'Outward Dishonour Fee') and this fee is payable immediately.

- Other than amounts debited to your account in accordance with this clause, ANZ does not agree to provide any credit in respect of your account without prior written agreement.

You should inform ANZ as soon as possible if you are in financial difficulty.

No dealing in account

Your rights in respect of your account are personal to you, and despite anything in these terms and conditions, a purported dealing by you in relation to those rights (including by way of assignment, transfer, mortgage, charge, security interest, declaration of trust or otherwise) will not be effective to give anybody other than you any right or interest in your account as against us.

Law and Jurisdiction

- a) These terms and conditions are governed by the law in force in the place where your account is domiciled.
- b) In relation to any proceedings about or in connection with your account, ANZ and you agree to submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts that have jurisdiction under that law.

Personal Advice on Business Accounts

The advisor who provided you with this advice is a salaried employee of ANZ. In addition to the salary received, the advisor may also be eligible to receive a reward based on their half yearly deposit sales performance. This reward will not exceed \$15,000 per half year per advisor.

The advisor may also be eligible to receive non-monetary benefits (such as books and magazines, goods and services including clothing for babies and children, electrical goods, participation in events, fashion accessories, games and sporting goods, home and garden goods and services, personal grooming, frequent flyer points, travel and gadgets) for meeting or exceeding sales targets. The value of non-monetary benefits received by the advisor is estimated at between \$0 and \$11,000 per half year.

The advisor may also be eligible to receive team-based non-monetary benefits such as team dinners, events and conferences for meeting or exceeding sales targets. The value of non-monetary team-based benefits received by the advisor will not exceed \$1,000 per quarter.

Anti-Money Laundering and Sanctions

You agree that ANZ may delay, block or refuse to process any transaction without incurring any liability if ANZ suspects that:

- (a) the transaction may breach any laws or regulations in Australia or any other country;
- (b) the transaction involves any person (natural, corporate or governmental) that is itself sanctioned or is connected, directly or indirectly, to any person that is sanctioned under economic and trade sanctions imposed by the United States, the European Union or any country; or
- (c) the transaction may directly or indirectly involve the proceeds of, or be applied for the purposes of, conduct which is unlawful in Australia or any other country.

You must provide all information to ANZ which ANZ reasonably requires in order to manage its anti-money laundering, counter-terrorism financing

or economic and trade sanctions risk or to comply with any laws or regulations in Australia or any other country. You agree that ANZ may disclose any information concerning you to:

- (a) any law enforcement, regulatory agency or court where required by any such law or regulation in Australia or elsewhere; and
- (b) any Correspondent ANZ uses to make the payment for the purpose of compliance with any such law or regulation.

Unless you have disclosed that you are acting in a trustee capacity or on behalf of another party, you warrant that you are acting on your own behalf in entering into this agreement.

You declare and undertake to ANZ that the processing of any transaction by ANZ in accordance with your instructions will not breach any laws or regulations in Australia or any other country.

Financial Claims Scheme

Under the Financial Claims Scheme:

- The account holder may be entitled to payment under the Financial Claims Scheme;
- Payments under the Financial Claims Scheme are subject to a limit for each depositor; and
- Information about the Financial Claims Schemes can be obtained from <http://www.fcs.gov.au>

Problem Resolution Procedure

Making a Complaint

If ANZ makes a mistake, or ANZ's service doesn't meet your expectations, ANZ wants to know.

For the fastest possible resolution to your complaint call ANZ on 1800 805 154 (hearing or speech impaired customers can utilise the TTY [telephone typewriter] service by calling 1300 366 255), or:

- Talk to staff at your local ANZ branch or business centre; or
- Send a letter to ANZ Complaint Resolution Centre via: Locked Bag 4050, South Melbourne VIC 3205
- Email: YourFeedback@anz.com

Most often ANZ will be able to solve the problem on the spot. If it can't be resolved promptly ANZ's specialist complaints team will take responsibility and

work with you to fix the matter quickly. ANZ's aim is to resolve the complaint within 5 working days.

If this is not possible, ANZ will keep you informed on the progress of your matter and how long ANZ expects it will take to resolve your complaint.

ANZ Customer Advocate

If your complaint isn't resolved to your satisfaction, you can ask to have it reviewed by ANZ's Customer Advocate who will provide a free review of more difficult complaints to help achieve a prompt solution.

Contact Details

Customer Advocate
Level 7/833 Collins Street
Docklands, VIC, 3008
Phone: 03 8654 1333
Fax: 1800 117 651
Email: customeradvocate@anz.com

Financial Services Dispute Resolution Schemes

If you are not satisfied with the steps taken by ANZ to resolve the complaint, or with the result of our investigation, you may wish to contact an alternative dispute resolution scheme.

Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA)
GPO Box 3
Melbourne VIC 3001
Tel: 1800 931 678
Email: info@afca.org.au
Internet: <http://www.afca.org.au>

Electronic Banking Conditions of Use

These Electronic Banking Conditions of Use apply to all electronic transactions except those:

- where your signature may also be required; or
- where you have agreed (in an application form or otherwise) to use an alternative ANZ method of electronically operating your account, governed by other terms and conditions.

These Electronic Banking Conditions of Use contain terms relevant to ANZ Internet Banking and ANZ Internet Banking for Business, comprising features such as:

- Access control
- Security Devices
- Direct Debits, and

- File uploads.

Unless the account services are provided or referred to you by ANZ, ANZ does not authorise, promote or endorse the use of account services offered by third parties to access your ANZ accounts (including account aggregation services, such as may be provided by other financial institutions).

Definitions

'Account' means any business account or loan facility subject to these Electronic Banking Conditions of Use.

'Account Holder' means the person or entity who has applied for, or holds, an Account.

'Account Signatory' or **'user'** means a person who is authorised under an Account Authority from the Account Holder to transact on an Account Holder's Account.

'Activation Code' means the four to seven digit temporary activation number issued to activate the Mobile Banking service.

'ANZ Business Day' means any day from Monday to Friday on which ANZ is open for business in at least one of its branch locations in Australia.

'Authorised User' for the purposes of ANZ Internet Banking means a person assigned a permission level in accordance with condition 5(a) and for the purposes of ANZ Internet Banking for Business means a person assigned an access control level in accordance with condition 6(b), being an Administrator, Authoriser or Operator.

'Banking Business Day' means any day from Monday to Friday that is not a national public holiday.

'BPAY® Payments' means the BPAY® Bill Payments service provided by BPAY® Pty Ltd.

'CRN' means the Customer Registration Number issued by ANZ to you.

'extreme carelessness' means a degree of carelessness that greatly exceeds what would normally be considered careless behaviour.

'Misdirected Payment' means a payment made by a user using a PayID where funds are paid into the account of an unintended recipient because the PayID wasn't correctly created or maintained by the recipient's financial institution.

‘Mistaken Internet Payment’ means a payment made by a user through Pay Anyone where:

- If the payment is not processed through the New Payments Platform, funds are paid into the Account of an unintended recipient because the user enters or selects a BSB number and/or account number that does not belong to the named and/or intended recipient as a result of the user’s error or the user being advised of the wrong BSB number and/or account number; or
- If the payment is processed through the New Payments Platform (including Osko®), a payment initiated by a user where the payment is directed to the wrong accounts as a result of the user’s error.

This does not include payments made using BPAY® Payments.

‘Mobile Banking’ means any banking solution for your mobile device offered by ANZ.

‘New Payments Platform’ means the new payments platform operated by NPP Australia Limited.

‘Osko®’ means the Osko® payment service provided by BPAY® Pty Ltd using the New Payments Platform.

‘PIN’ means Personal Identification Number and includes an action number and password.

‘Receiving Bank’ means an Authorised Deposit taking Institution which receives payments processed through the New Payments Platform (including Osko®) and whose customer has received an internet payment.

‘Securemail’ means the electronic messaging system which enables communications to be sent to or from ANZ as part of ANZ Internet Banking and ANZ Internet Banking for Business.

‘Security Device’ means a physical device or application that generates random numbers which are used to authorise certain actions in ANZ Internet Banking and ANZ Internet Banking for Business.

‘Security Device Code’ means a number generated by a Security Device or a substitute number provided by ANZ.

‘Security Requirement’ has the meaning given to that term in these Electronic Banking Conditions of Use.

‘Telecode’ means the four to seven digit number issued to access ANZ Phone Banking.

1. Transaction Limits

- (a) ANZ or another party such as a merchant may limit the amount of any electronic transaction you can make over certain periods (e.g. during any day or in a single transaction).
- (b) ANZ may change any electronic transaction limit or impose new transaction limits by giving you notice. You can find out current electronic transaction limits for your Accounts by calling ANZ on the relevant enquiries number listed at the back of this booklet.

2. How You Can Use ANZ Internet Banking and ANZ Internet Banking for Business

You can use ANZ Internet Banking and ANZ Internet Banking for Business to make transactions on your linked Accounts, as set out in your Account terms and conditions. You can also use ANZ Internet Banking and ANZ Internet Banking for Business to purchase and order a range of financial services and products. Details can be found at anz.com

3. Fees and Charges for Mobile Banking

Fees and charges may apply to Mobile Banking and customers will be advised of these at the time of applying for the service or prior to the fee being charged.

You may also incur charges from your mobile phone operator as a result of using Mobile Banking. Any such charges are solely your responsibility.

4. Access to and use of Pay Anyone and International Services

4.1. Obtaining Pay Anyone

- (a) If you have approved access, ANZ may place restrictions on the manner in which you are permitted to use Pay Anyone. Limits apply to the use of Pay Anyone and your limit must be approved by ANZ. The options for the daily Pay Anyone limits are set out at anz.com. When applying for Pay Anyone for Mobile Banking, your daily limit will be as advised to you by ANZ and may not be changed by you.

- (b) ANZ may allow you to use a Security Device for certain transactions. You may also be required by ANZ to use a Security Device for certain transactions (including Pay Anyone, International Services, BPAY® Payments, and Direct Debits) for security purposes: see anz.com for further information. Use of the Security Device will be as set out at anz.com and in these Electronic Banking Conditions of Use.
- (c) ANZ may reduce your current daily Pay Anyone limit or cancel your Pay Anyone access if:
- ANZ believes that your access to Pay Anyone may cause loss to the Account Holder or to ANZ;
 - You require your password for ANZ Internet Banking or ANZ Internet Banking for Business to be re-set or re-issued;
 - The limit is not applicable to the Accounts linked to your CRN;
 - ANZ changes the options for daily Pay Anyone limits;
 - Your Security Device is faulty, misused, lost or stolen;
 - You deregister your Security Device; or
 - You do not use a Security Device when required to do so by ANZ.

ANZ will provide you with reasonable notice of such reduction or cancellation.

- (d) Any outstanding transactions subject to this limit, including future dated transactions, will not be processed by ANZ if they exceed the reduced limit. You will need to re-apply if you wish to reinstate that limit. You (or, in the case of ANZ Internet Banking for Business, your Administrator) can increase or decrease your daily Pay Anyone limit for your Account by applying through ANZ Internet Banking or ANZ Internet Banking for Business. Please allow sufficient time for the change to be made before you attempt to use the higher daily Pay Anyone limit.

4.2. Obtaining International Services

- (a) You can apply for International Services after you have been granted Pay Anyone access. International Services are not available through

Mobile Banking. The total of all Pay Anyone and International Services transfers (converted into Australian Dollars) on any day cannot exceed your daily Pay Anyone limit.

The terms set out above in relation to Pay Anyone also apply to International Services.

- (b) If you apply for ANZ Internet Banking for Business, you may need to re-register for access to International Services after ANZ Internet Banking for Business has been implemented. Access to these International Services will not then be available until the registration process for International Services is completed.

5. **Authorised User Permission Levels or ANZ Phone Banking, ANZ Internet Banking* and Mobile Banking**

- (a) Permission Levels (subject to exclusions for all categories set out below these levels):
- **'All Transactions'** – Access every function within ANZ Phone Banking, ANZ Internet Banking and Mobile Banking for the Account;
 - **'Transaction History Details Only and BPAY® Payments'** - Includes BPAY® Payments, Account balance information, transaction history details, ordering a cheque/deposit book but excludes transfers between Accounts, increasing a credit card limit, direct loan payments, BPAY® View, ANZ Online Investing and ANZ Online Reporting;
 - **'Deposit and Transaction History Details Only'** - Includes transfers between Accounts, transaction history details, Account balance information and ordering a cheque/deposit book but excludes withdrawals from Accounts, increasing a credit card limit, direct loan payments, BPAY® View, ANZ Online Investing, ANZ Online Reporting and BPAY® Payments;
 - **'Deposit Only'** – Includes transfers between Accounts but excludes withdrawals from Accounts, increasing a credit card limit, BPAY® Payments, direct loan payments,

* For ANZ Internet Banking for Business, refer to condition 6.

BPAY® View, ANZ Online Investing, ANZ Online Reporting, Account balance information, transaction history details and ordering a cheque/deposit book;

- **'Transaction History Details Only'** – Includes enquiries on past transactions about the Account but excludes all transactions on the Account, transfers between Accounts, increasing a credit card limit, direct loan payments, BPAY® View, ANZ Online Investing, ANZ Online Reporting and BPAY® Payments.
- (b) Only the Account Holder or Account Signatories can select a permission level. The Account Holder or Account Signatories may authorise another person (an 'Authorised User') to operate the Account and that person may have a different permission level to the Account Holder. The Account Holder is responsible for the operation of the Account by the Authorised User within that Authorised User's permission level, including proper use and storage of the Authorised User's card, CRN and PIN.
- (c) The Account Holder or Account Signatories may cancel or change any permission level by sending a written request or Securemail to ANZ, or calling ANZ on the relevant number listed at the back of this booklet. ANZ may require written confirmation. ANZ may take several days to process this change.
- (d) Authorised Users, regardless of their permission level, cannot access Pay Anyone, ANZ Online Investing, International Services, Direct Debits, increase a credit card limit or use Securemail to change any of the Account Holder's Account or other personal details. However, all Authorised Users can use ANZ Internet Banking to change their own profile, access their own Securemail, select and change their own password and use Mobile Banking to change their own password.
- (e) If you are an ANZ credit card holder and nominate access to an Account via ANZ Internet Banking or ANZ Internet Banking for Business, each additional card holder will be an Authorised User.

6. Access Control for ANZ Internet Banking for Business

- (a) Provided the relevant Account Holder has approved access, an Authorised User may link one or more Accounts to ANZ Internet Banking for Business. These Accounts may be for the same Account Holder and/or for other related/unrelated Account Holders.
- (b) Access control is subject to approval by ANZ and any requirements and restrictions set out in the Account authority. An Account Holder may authorise another person to operate an Account and that person may be appointed as an Administrator, Authoriser or Operator.

These Authorised Users will be able to perform basic functions as follows.

Function	Administrator	Authoriser	Operator
Approve transactions (e.g. Pay Anyone, International Services, BPAY® Payments, Direct Debits, transfers between Accounts)	✓	✓	✗
Setting up transactions (but not approving transactions)	✓	✓	✓
Account enquiries (e.g. balance and transaction details)	✓	✓	✓
Administrative functions for all Authorised Users	✓	✗	✗
Setting up and managing Operators	✓	✗	✗
Register for and manage Pay Anyone, International Services and BPAY® View Bills access, and register and manage PayIDs	✓	✗	✗
Administrative functions for self	✓	✓	✗

A full list of functions each Authorised User can perform is located at anz.com

- (c) The Account Holder is responsible for the operation of the Account by Authorised Users, including proper use and storage of an

Authorised User's cards, Security Devices, CRNs, PINs and Security Device Codes. The Account Holder is responsible for providing a copy of these Electronic Banking Conditions of Use to Authorised Users (if appropriate).

- (d) The Account Holder may cancel or change Administrator or Authoriser access by sending a written request to ANZ. ANZ may take several days to process this request. Administrators may cancel Operator access.
- (e) All Pay Anyone Payee details (saved in your Pay Anyone Payees List and Payroll Payment Employee List) as well as BPAY® Payments details saved by any Authorised User of your ANZ Internet Banking for Business facility will be viewed and available to all Authorised Users of your ANZ Internet Banking for Business facility. Therefore, to ensure access is controlled, you should only save Payee and/or BPAY® Payments details relating to your business in ANZ Internet Banking for Business. Payee or BPAY® Payments details relating to personal, family or household affairs should not be saved in ANZ Internet Banking for Business.

7. Processing Instructions – General

- (a) The Account Holder authorises ANZ to act on the instructions you enter into electronic equipment. Any electronic transaction made by you cannot be cancelled, altered or changed by you unless allowed by the applicable terms and conditions or these Electronic Banking Conditions of Use.
- (b) ANZ may delay acting on or may ask you for further information before acting on an instruction. Where ANZ has instructions for more than one payment from your Account, ANZ will determine the order of priority in which payments are made.
- (c) ANZ is not obliged to process a future dated or recurring transfer or Pay Anyone to a PayID that has changed since ANZ received your instructions. You must monitor your recurring and future transfers and Pay Anyone instructions and update the payee details if required.
- (d) If you make a cash withdrawal from an Account by making an electronic transaction and there

is a difference between the amount of cash received and the amount shown on the receipt, you must report this to ANZ and to the merchant (if applicable) as soon as possible. You can make your report to ANZ by calling ANZ on the number listed at the back of this booklet.

- (e) If you make a deposit of funds to an Account by making an electronic transaction and there is a difference between the amount recorded as having been deposited and the amount ANZ receives, the Account Holder will be notified of the difference as soon as possible and will be advised of the actual amount which has been credited to the Account.
- (f) ANZ is not liable for the refusal of any merchant to accept an electronic transaction and, to the extent permitted by law, is not responsible for the goods and services supplied by a merchant. ANZ may notify you of electronic transactions (instructions for which are received through Mobile Banking) it is unable to process.
- (g) You accept that:
 - Not all electronic equipment from which cash can be withdrawn will always contain cash;
 - Any cash dispensed at electronic equipment is at your risk once it becomes visible or available for you to collect;
 - Not all electronic equipment will allow you to make deposits; and
 - future dated transfers are not available through Mobile Banking.
- (h) An immediate transfer, Pay Anyone, International Services, BPAY® Payments or Direct Debit transaction cannot be revoked or stopped once ANZ receives your instruction. You should ensure that all information you provide in relation to the payment is correct. Future dated transfer, Pay Anyone, International Services, BPAY® Payments or Direct Debit instructions can only be revoked or changed by you if instructions to delete the transaction are given to ANZ through ANZ Internet Banking or ANZ Internet Banking for Business before midnight Sydney time on the ANZ Business Day (or, for Pay Anyone, the Banking Business Day) before the transaction is scheduled to occur. After this time, the instruction cannot be revoked by you.

8. Processing Instructions – ANZ Phone Banking, ANZ Internet Banking, ANZ Internet Banking for Business and Mobile Banking

- (a) Any ANZ Phone Banking, ANZ Internet Banking, ANZ Internet Banking for Business or Mobile Banking transaction (other than a BPAY® Payment) will generally be processed to your Account on the same day ANZ receives your instructions, if given before 10pm Melbourne time Monday to Friday (except national public holidays). Any transaction made after this time may be processed on the following ANZ Business Day.
- (b) Account information accessed using ANZ Phone Banking, ANZ Internet Banking, ANZ Internet Banking for Business or Mobile Banking will generally reflect the position of the Account at that time, except for transactions not yet processed by ANZ (including uncleared cheques and unprocessed credit card transactions) or cleared cheques and Direct Debits processed by ANZ that day.

9. Processing Instructions – Pay Anyone, International Services and Direct Debits

- (a) ANZ will generally process Pay Anyone instructions:
- in near real time, or on the future date you have selected, if the Pay Anyone transfer can be made through the New Payments Platform or Osko®;
 - if the Pay Anyone or international transfer or Direct Debit cannot be made through the New Payments Platform or Osko®, in the following way:
 - If you do not ask us to make the transfer on a future date, on the day the instruction is given provided ANZ receives the instruction before 6pm Melbourne time on a Banking Business Day; and
 - If you ask us to make the transfer on a future date, on that date provided it is a Banking Business Day (or if it is not, on the next Banking Business Day).

- (b) Instructions you give will be delivered to the payee's or payer's financial institution on the day that ANZ processes them except where:
- ANZ is not obliged to process your instructions; or
 - There is a technical failure; or
 - There is a technical or payment infrastructure-related delay that is outside of our control; or
 - There is a delay or error in accepting the instructions caused by the financial institution to which the transfer is to be made to or from; or
 - The instructions are for a transfer by way of an international draft or telegraphic draft.
- (c) Where your instruction is for a transfer by way of ANZ issuing an international draft:
- ANZ will send the draft by post to the delivery address notified by you;
 - You acknowledge that it is your responsibility to forward the draft to the intended recipient.
- (d) ANZ cannot control (and is not responsible for) when, or if, the payee's or payer's financial institution processes your instructions or the fees that financial institutions may charge to process your instructions.
- (e) Once ANZ processes your transfer or Direct Debit instruction, ANZ is reliant on the payee's financial institution to advise whether your instructions have been successfully processed. If a payee's financial institution advises that your transfer instruction has not been successful, it may take a number of weeks, depending on the financial institution, to reverse the relevant withdrawal from your linked Account. Your terms and conditions for Direct Debits outline your rights and responsibilities regarding Direct Debits.
- (f) If the transfer is to be made from a credit card, it will be treated as a cash advance and interest and fees may apply.

10. Processing Instructions – BPAY® Payments

- (a) ANZ is a member of the BPAY® Scheme. This is an electronic payments scheme through which ANZ can be asked to make payments on your behalf to billers. ANZ will tell you if it ceases to offer BPAY® Payments or be a member of the BPAY® Scheme. For the purposes of the BPAY® Scheme, ANZ may also be a biller. This section applies only to BPAY® Payments and does not apply to payments processed using Osko®, which is another service provided by BPAY®.
- (b) You must comply with the terms and conditions for the Account which you ask ANZ to debit a BPAY® Payment (to the extent that those terms are not inconsistent with or expressly overridden by these Electronic Banking Conditions of Use).
- (c) To make a BPAY® Payment the following information must be given to ANZ:
- Your CRN and password and Security Device Code (if appropriate) or Telecode;
 - The biller code from the bill;
 - Your customer reference number (e.g. your account number) with that biller;
 - The amount you want to pay; and
 - The Account from which you want the payment to be made.
- (d) Once this information is provided, ANZ will treat your instructions as valid and will debit the relevant Account. ANZ will not be obliged to effect a BPAY® Payment instruction if it is not made in accordance with these Electronic Banking Conditions of Use or if the information given is incomplete and/or inaccurate.
- (e) Limits apply to your use of BPAY® Payments on both a per transaction and daily limit (per CRN) basis. Separate daily limits apply for BPAY® Tax Payments, independent of the general BPAY® Payments limits. For more information on available limits see anz.com

- (f) Subject to the 'Processing Instructions' conditions set out above:
- Any BPAY® Payment made by you will be processed on the day you tell ANZ to make that BPAY® Payment, if ANZ receives your instructions before 6pm Sydney time on a Banking Business Day (ANZ's cut-off time);
 - BPAY® Payments instructions received after 6pm Sydney time on a Banking Business Day, or on a day that is not a Banking Business Day, will be processed on the next Banking Business Day.
- (g) A delay may occur in processing a BPAY® Payment where:
- There is a public or bank holiday on the day after you tell ANZ to make a BPAY® Payment;
 - You tell ANZ to make a BPAY® Payment after ANZ's cut-off time; or
 - Another participant in the BPAY® Scheme, such as another financial institution or a biller does not process a payment as soon as it receives details of the payment or does not otherwise comply with its obligations under the BPAY® Scheme.
- (h) While it is expected that any such delay will not continue for more than one Banking Business Day, it may continue for a longer period.
- (i) ANZ will attempt to ensure a BPAY® Payment is processed promptly by billers and other participants in the BPAY® Scheme.
- (j) You should check your Account records carefully and tell ANZ as soon as possible if you become aware of:
- A BPAY® Payment which has been made from your linked Account which was not authorised;
 - The possibility that you have been fraudulently induced to make a BPAY® Payment; or
 - Any delay or mistake in processing of your BPAY® Payment.

- (k) If ANZ is advised by a biller that it cannot process your BPAY® Payment, ANZ will:
- Advise you of this;
 - Credit your Account with the amount of that BPAY® Payment; and
 - Tell you how ANZ can assist you, if possible, in making the payment as soon as possible.
- (l) A linked ANZ credit card account can only be used to make a BPAY® Payment if the biller accepts credit card payment. If the biller does not accept credit card payment but you want to pay from a credit card account, payment will be by way of a cash advance.
- (m) You are not authorised to give a biller code to any person in order to receive payments owing to you.

Biller codes may only be used by authorised billers to receive payment of bills issued by that biller. The terms and conditions of use of BPAY® Payments will not apply to any use by you of biller codes in this way.

11. Short Message Service (SMS)

By registering for Mobile Banking, you agree that ANZ may send SMS messages to your nominated mobile phone. ANZ is not liable for any loss or damage you suffer as a result of any person other than you accessing those SMS messages.

12. Card Validity

- (a) Your card remains ANZ's property at all times.
- (b) A card must be signed immediately by the person in whose name it has been issued and must only be used within the 'valid from' and 'until end' dates shown on the card. For security reasons you must, as soon as the card expires, destroy it by cutting it (including an embedded microchip on the card) diagonally in half.

13. Security Device Validity

Your Security Device remains ANZ's property at all times. The Security Device must be registered in the manner specified by ANZ. You must ensure that your authorised Administrators and Authorisers, deletes the Security Device application or returns the Security Device to ANZ immediately if requested by ANZ, if the relevant Security Device is deregistered, if ANZ Internet Banking for Business access is cancelled, or if ANZ cancels your right to use the Security Device. You should post the physical Security Device to the address indicated on anz.com

14. Lost or Stolen Cards, Security Device, Password, PIN or Telecode

- (a) If you report that a card or Security Device has been lost or stolen, or is faulty, the card or Security Device (access) will be cancelled as soon as the report is made. You must not use the card or Security Device or Security Device application once the report is made. If you recover the lost or stolen card, you must destroy the card by cutting it (including an embedded microchip on the card) diagonally in half and return it to an ANZ branch as soon as possible. If you recover the lost or stolen Security Device you must immediately return it to ANZ by posting it to the address indicated on anz.com
- (b) You must make a report to ANZ (and the relevant third party, if a third party issued the username, password, PIN or card to you) immediately after you become aware or suspect that your password, username, PIN, CRN, Telecode or Security Device Code is disclosed or used without your authority, or lost. You must not then continue to use your password, username, PIN, CRN, Telecode or Security Device Code. ANZ will cancel it and arrange for you to select a new username, password, PIN or Telecode, or to be provided with a new CRN or Security Device Code.
- (c) The best way to make the report is to call ANZ on the telephone numbers listed at the back of this booklet. If ANZ's telephone reporting service is unavailable, you must report the loss, theft or misuse to any ANZ branch. Your Account terms and conditions outline how you can make a report if ANZ's telephone reporting service is unavailable or you are overseas.

15. Cancellation of Cards, Security Devices or Electronic Access

- (a) ANZ may cancel or limit any card, Security Device, Security Device application, CRN or electronic access (including access to Internet Banking or ANZ Internet Banking for Business and electronic access to some or all of the Accounts from your CRN).

ANZ can do this without prior notice if:

- ANZ believes that use of the card, Security Device or electronic access may cause loss to the Account Holder or to ANZ;
- The cancellation or limitation is, in ANZ's reasonable opinion, necessary to protect the security of the Account(s);
- The Account is an inactive account;
- The electronic access has remained inactive for a period of 12 months or more;
- All the Accounts which the card may access, or the Security Device relates to, have been closed;
- The Account has been overdrawn (other than by use of the Informal Overdraft facility), or you have exceeded your agreed credit limit;
- We become aware that you do not meet, or cease to meet, our eligibility criteria for the card, CRN, Security Device or electronic access;
- The Account or your use of the Account is otherwise out of order;
- The Account Holder has requested the cancellation or limitation;
- A Security Device associated with the relevant Accounts has expired and the Account Holder or Account Signatory has not responded to any notifications sent by ANZ; or
- An Account has been incorrectly linked to ANZ Internet Banking or ANZ Internet Banking for Business.

ANZ will otherwise give you three months written notice.

- (b) ANZ may also at any time suspend your right to participate in the ANZ BPAY® Scheme.
- (c) The Account Holder may cancel a card at any time by sending ANZ a written request or by calling ANZ on the relevant number listed at the back of this booklet. ANZ may require written confirmation. The card must be cut diagonally in half (including an embedded microchip on the card) and returned to ANZ.
- (d) The Account Holder or Account Signatories may cancel a Security Device or Security Device application access at any time by advising ANZ on the number at the back of this booklet. The physical Security Device must then be immediately returned to ANZ by posting it to the address indicated on anz.com. Any Security Device application should be immediately deleted from electronic equipment. ANZ may limit your access to certain functions (eg, Pay Anyone) if you do not have a Security Device.
- (e) You can request ANZ to deregister you from ANZ Internet Banking or ANZ Internet Banking for Business at any time by Securemail or by calling the relevant number listed at the back of this booklet.

16. Withdrawal of Electronic Access

- (a) ANZ may withdraw your electronic access to Accounts (including by BPAY® Payments) without prior notice if:
 - Electronic equipment malfunctions or is otherwise unavailable for use;
 - A merchant refuses to accept your card;
 - Any one of the Accounts is overdrawn (other than by use of the Informal Overdraft facility) or will become overdrawn;
 - Any one of the Accounts or your use of an account is otherwise considered out of order by ANZ;
 - ANZ believes your access to Accounts through electronic equipment may cause loss to the Account Holder or to ANZ;
 - ANZ believes that the quality or security of your electronic access process or ANZ's systems may have been compromised;

- All the Accounts which you may access using ANZ Phone Banking, ANZ Internet Banking or ANZ Internet Banking for Business have been closed or are inactive or the account you have nominated for Mobile Banking fees and charges to be charged to is closed; or
- ANZ suspects you of being fraudulent or engaging in inappropriate behavior

unless the withdrawal of access is prohibited by law.

- (b) ANZ may at any time change the types of Accounts that may be operated, or the types of electronic transactions that may be made through particular electronic equipment.

17. Password, PIN, Telecode and Security Device Security

- (a) Users must keep their passwords, PINs, Telecodes, Security Devices and Security Device Codes secure. Failure to do so may increase your liability for any loss.

Warning: A user must not use their birth date or an alphabetical code which is a recognisable part of their name as a password, or select a Telecode which has sequential numbers, for example, '12345' or where all numbers are the same, for example, '11111'. If the user does, you may be liable for any loss suffered from an unauthorised transaction.

- (b) A user must not:
- Voluntarily disclose any of their passwords, PINs, Security Device Codes or Telecodes to anyone, including a family member or friend;
 - Write or record passwords, PINs, Security Device Codes or Telecodes on a card, or keep a record of the passwords, PINs, Security Device Codes or Telecodes on anything carried with the card or liable to loss or theft at the same time as the card, unless the user makes a reasonable attempt to protect the security of the passwords, PINs, Security Device Codes or Telecodes;
 - Keep a written record of all passwords, PINs, Security Device Codes or Telecodes required to perform transactions on one or more articles liable to be lost or stolen at the same time, without making a reasonable attempt

to protect the security of the passwords, PINs, Security Device Codes or Telecodes;

- Select a numeric password, PIN or Telecode that represents your birth date, or an alphabetical password, PIN, Security Device Codes or Telecode that is a recognisable part of their name;
- Otherwise act with extreme carelessness in failing to protect the security of all passwords, PINs, Security Device Codes or Telecodes,

(each a '**Security Requirement**').

Warning: Users should avoid accessing ANZ Phone Banking through telephone services which record numbers dialled – for example hotels which do this for billing purposes. In these situations users should obtain access to ANZ Phone Banking through an ANZ customer service operator.

- (c) To assist you, ANZ may publish security guidelines.
- (d) To help protect the security of your account, ANZ may require you to comply with additional authentication requirements before processing a transaction (for example, by requiring you to enter a security code sent to your mobile before processing a withdrawal). ANZ will decide in its discretion which transactions require additional authentication. If you are unable to comply with an authentication request or if the system through which the authentication is done malfunctions or is unavailable for any reason, ANZ may not be able to process a transaction. In this instance, you can contact ANZ for assistance.

18. Unauthorised Transactions

The following terms apply to unauthorised transactions. The terms do not apply to:

- The ANZ Direct Debit Service. The terms relating to liability for Direct Debits are set out in the terms and conditions for ANZ Direct Debits;
- A transaction performed by a user or by anyone who performs a transaction with the knowledge and consent of a user.

18.1. When ANZ is Liable

ANZ will be liable for losses incurred by the Account Holder that:

- Are caused by the fraudulent or negligent conduct of ANZ's employees or agents or third parties involved in networking arrangements, or of merchants or their agents or employees;
- Are caused by a card, Security Device, Account number, password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode which is forged, faulty, expired or cancelled;
- Are caused by a transaction that requires the use of any card, Security Device, password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode that occurred before the user received or selected the card, Security Device, password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode (including a reissued card, Security Device, password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode);
- Are caused by an electronic transaction being incorrectly debited a second or subsequent time to the same Account;
- Are caused by an unauthorised transaction that occurs after you have notified ANZ that any card or Security Device has been misused, lost or stolen or that the security of a password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode has been breached;
- Arise from an unauthorised transaction that can be made using an Account number without a password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode or card or Security Device. Where a transaction made can be made using a card or Security Device, or a card or Security Device and an Account number, but does not require a password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode, you will be liable only if the user unreasonably delays reporting the loss or theft of the card;
- Arise from an unauthorised transaction if it is clear that a user has not contributed to the losses; or
- Occur while ANZ's process for reporting unauthorised transactions, loss, theft or misuse of a card or breach of a Security Requirement is unavailable, provided that a report is made within a reasonable time of the process again becoming generally available.

18.2. When the Account Holder is Liable

(a) If ANZ can prove on the balance of probability that a user contributed to the loss arising from an unauthorised transaction:

- By failing to comply with your obligations under these Conditions of Use;
- Through fraud; or
- Subject to the terms of any account services provided or referred to you by ANZ, through breaching a Security Requirement,

the Account Holder is liable in full for the actual losses that occur before ANZ is notified of the loss, theft or misuse of a card or Security Device or breach of a Security Requirement, but the Account Holder will not be liable for the portion of losses:

- Incurred on any one day that exceed any applicable daily transaction limit;
- Incurred in any period that exceed any applicable periodic transaction limit;
- That exceed the balance of the Account, including any pre-arranged credit; or
- Incurred on any Account that ANZ and the Account Holder had not agreed could be accessed using the card or Security Device or account number and/or password, PIN, Telecode or Security Device Code used to perform the transaction.

(b) Where:

- More than one password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode is required to perform a transaction; and
- ANZ can prove that a user breached a Security Requirement for one or more (but not all) of the required passwords, PINs, Security Device Codes or Telecodes,

the Account Holder will only be liable if ANZ can also prove on the balance of probability that the breach of the Security Requirement was more than 50% responsible for the losses, when assessed together with all the contributing causes.

The Account Holder is liable for losses arising from unauthorised transactions that occur because a user contributed to the losses by leaving a card in an ANZ ATM.

(c) If ANZ can prove, on the balance of probability that a user contributed to the losses resulting from an unauthorised transaction by unreasonably delaying reporting the misuse, loss or theft of a card or Security Device or a breach of a Security Requirement, the Account Holder will be liable for the actual losses that occur between:

- The time when the user became aware of the security compromise, or in the case of a lost or stolen card or Security Device, should reasonably have become aware; and
- The time ANZ was notified of the security compromise,

however, the Account Holder will not be liable for that portion of the losses:

- Incurred on any one day that exceeds any applicable daily transaction limit;
- Incurred in any period that exceeds any applicable periodic transaction limit;
- That exceeds the balance of the Account, including any pre-arranged credit; or
- Incurred on any Account that we and the Account Holder had not agreed could be accessed using the card or Security Device and/or password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode used to perform the transaction

(d) If it is not clear whether a user has contributed to the loss caused by an unauthorised transaction and where a password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode was required to perform the unauthorised transaction, the Account Holder is liable for the least of:

- \$150 or a lower figure determined by ANZ;
- The balance of the Account or Accounts (including any prearranged credit) from which ANZ and the Account Holder have agreed could be accessed using the card or Security Device and/or password, PIN, Security Device Code or Telecode; or
- The actual loss at the time ANZ is notified of the misuse, loss or theft of a card or Security Device or breach of a Security Requirement (but not that portion of the loss incurred on

any one day* which is greater than the daily transaction limit or other periodic transaction limit (if any).

* A day begins at 12:00:00am (Melbourne time) and ends at 11:59:59pm (Melbourne time) on the same day. If you are not in the same time zone as Melbourne, please check <http://www.australia.gov.au>.

19. Additional Protection

19.1. Visa – Zero Liability

Subject to the section headed 'Unauthorised Transactions' above, you will not be liable for an unauthorised transaction on a Visa debit or credit card.

If you notify us of an unauthorised transaction, within 5 business days we will provide provisional credit to you to the value of the unauthorised transaction unless your prior account history is unsatisfactory or if the nature of the transaction justifies a delay in crediting your account.

20. Equipment Malfunction

- (a) ANZ is responsible to the Account Holder for any loss caused by the failure of a system or equipment to complete a transaction that was accepted in accordance with your instructions.
- (b) However, if you were aware or should have been aware that the system or equipment, including your mobile phone with respect to Mobile Banking, was unavailable for use or malfunctioning, ANZ's responsibility will be limited to correcting errors in the Account and refunding any charges or fees imposed as a result.
- (c) You are responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the content that you enter into or upload to ANZ Internet Banking and ANZ Internet Banking for Business. ANZ is not responsible for any inaccuracy or incompleteness in the entering or uploading of information by you. ANZ's records of the information and data that was uploaded will be determinative and final.
- (d) You are solely responsible for your own computer and mobile phone anti-virus and security measures, and those of any Authorised User, to help prevent unauthorised access via ANZ Internet Banking, ANZ Internet Banking for Business or Mobile Banking to your transactions and linked Accounts.

21. Access to Other Services

You may use ANZ Internet Banking or ANZ Internet Banking for Business to access other ANZ services. If there is any inconsistency between these Electronic Banking Conditions of Use and your agreement for that other service, the terms of the agreement for that other service prevail when using ANZ Internet Banking or ANZ Internet Banking for Business to access or use that other service.

22. Liability Under the BPAY® Scheme

22.1. General

You should note that:

- If you advise ANZ that a BPAY® Payment made from a linked Account is unauthorised, you should first give ANZ your written consent to obtain from the biller information about your linked Account with that biller or the BPAY® Payment (including your CRN), as ANZ reasonably requires to investigate the BPAY® Payment. This should be addressed to the biller who received the BPAY® Payment. If you do not do this, the biller may not be permitted by law to disclose to ANZ the information ANZ needs to investigate or rectify that BPAY® Payment;
- If you discover that the amount you instructed ANZ to pay was less than the amount you needed to pay, you can make another BPAY® Payment for the shortfall. If you cannot make another BPAY® Payment for the shortfall because the shortfall amount is less than the minimum amount the biller will accept, you can ask ANZ to arrange for a reversal of the initial payment. You can then make a second payment for the correct amount. If you discover that the amount you instructed ANZ to pay was more than the amount you needed to pay, you can ask ANZ to request a reversal of the initial payment from the biller on your behalf, and if this occurs, you can make a second payment for the correct amount.

22.2. ANZ's Liability

ANZ will not be liable to you under the BPAY® Scheme except in the circumstances set out in this clause.

22.3. BPAY® Payments

Except where a BPAY® Payment is an Unauthorised payment, a Fraudulent payment or a Mistaken payment, BPAY® Payments are irrevocable. No refunds will be provided through the BPAY® Scheme where you have a dispute with the biller about any goods or services you may have agreed to acquire from the biller. Any dispute must be resolved with the biller.

22.4. Unauthorised payments

If a BPAY® Payment is made in accordance with a payment direction, which appeared to ANZ to be from you or on your behalf, but which you did not in fact authorise, ANZ will credit your Account with the amount of that unauthorised payment. However, you must pay ANZ the amount of that payment if:

- ANZ cannot recover the amount from the person who received it within 20 Banking Business Days of ANZ attempting to do so; and
- The payment was made as a result of a payment direction which did not comply with ANZ's prescribed security procedures.

22.5. Fraudulent payments

If a BPAY® Payment is induced by the fraud of a person involved in the BPAY® Scheme, then that person should refund you the amount of the fraud-induced payment. However, if that person does not refund you that amount, you must bear the loss unless some other person involved in the BPAY® Scheme knew of the fraud or would have detected it with reasonable diligence, in which case that person must refund you the amount of the fraud-induced payment.

22.6. Mistaken payments

- (a) If you discover that a BPAY® Payment has been made to a person, or for an amount, which is not in accordance with your instructions (if any), and your Account was debited for the amount of that payment, ANZ will credit that amount to your Account. However, if you were responsible for a mistake resulting in that payment and ANZ cannot recover the amount of that payment from the person who received it within 20 Banking Business Days of ANZ attempting to do so, you must pay that amount to ANZ.

- (b) You acknowledge that the receipt by a biller of a mistaken or erroneous payment does not or will not, under any circumstances, constitute part or whole satisfaction of any underlying debt owed between you and that biller.

22.7. Consequential Loss

ANZ is not liable for any consequential loss or damage you suffer as a result of using the BPAY® Scheme, other than due to any loss or damage you suffer due to ANZ's negligence or in relation to any breach of a condition or warranty implied by law in contracts for the supply of goods and services and which may not be excluded, restricted or modified at all or only to a limited extent.

23. Indemnity

To the extent permitted by law, you indemnify ANZ against any loss or damage ANZ may suffer due to any claim, demand or action of any kind brought against ANZ arising directly or indirectly because you:

- Did not observe your obligations under; or
- Acted negligently or fraudulently in connection with, these Electronic Banking Conditions of Use.

24. Receipt of Mistaken Internet Payment or Misdirected Payment

Sometimes you may receive a Mistaken Internet Payment or a Misdirected Payment into your Account. If you discover a payment into your Account which you believe may be a Mistaken Internet Payment or a Misdirected Payment, you must notify ANZ as soon as practicable.

If notified of a potential Mistaken Internet Payment or Misdirected Payment by you or by some other person such as the payer's financial institution, ANZ will investigate the payment. Whilst ANZ is investigating the payment, ANZ may prevent that payment from being withdrawn from the Account. If ANZ, acting reasonably, determines that a payment is a Mistaken Internet Payment or a Misdirected Payment, you authorise ANZ to withdraw the payment from your Account and return it to the payer's financial institution.

25. Making Mistaken Internet Payment or Misdirected Payments

A user may report a Mistaken Internet Payment or Misdirected Payment using ANZ Internet Banking. Where a user reports a Mistaken Internet Payment or Misdirected Payment, ANZ will investigate whether a Mistaken Internet Payment or Misdirected Payment has occurred. If ANZ is satisfied that a Mistaken Internet Payment or Misdirected Payment has occurred, ANZ will send the Receiving Bank a request for return of the funds.

If the Receiving Bank recovers the funds from an unintended recipient and forwards the funds to ANZ, we will return the funds to the account holder as soon as practicable. If the Receiving Bank is unable to recover the funds from the unintended recipient, the account holder will be liable for losses arising from the Mistaken Internet Payment or Misdirected Payment.

26. Precedence of Terms

If there is any inconsistency between these Electronic Banking Conditions of Use and your Account terms and conditions, the Account terms and conditions prevail.

27. PayID conditions

A PayID is a smart address used to receive payments through the New Payments Platform instead of using your account number and BSB. You may be able to create an optional PayID by linking your eligible ANZ account to an eligible PayID type (such as a mobile number, email address or ABN (if eligible)). A PayID linked to your ANZ account can be used by others to make payments to you through the New Payments Platform without having to enter your account number and BSB, where they are permitted to do so by their financial institution. You must have authority to use any PayID you create and to link it to your ANZ account, and we may require proof of this.

You or an Administrator of your account may be able to create, update, transfer or close a PayID for your eligible ANZ account through Internet Banking, or in any other way we make available. We may rely on any instruction received from an Administrator.

Only one account can be linked to a specific PayID at a time, but you can create multiple PayIDs for each eligible account.

Your PayID must be associated with a name (PayID Name) which reasonably represents you. When you create a PayID, ANZ will generally use the account name of your linked account as your PayID Name. By creating a PayID, you agree that your PayID Name may be shown to anyone who looks up your PayID (for example, to make a payment to you).

You can generally transfer a specific PayID to another eligible account that you own (including an account with another financial institution). You will need to tell us that you want to transfer the PayID through Internet Banking or another facility we provide for this purpose. If you are transferring your PayID to another financial institution, they may also require you to take steps to complete the transfer. Once the PayID is linked to your new account, payments made to the PayID will be directed to that account.

We will complete a request to transfer or close a PayID within 24 hours. However, if you are transferring a PayID to another institution, you will also need to request that institution to link the PayID to your account with that institution and the other financial institution may take longer to process the request.

If you change the mobile number or email address you are using as your PayID, or no longer have authority to use that PayID or link it to that account, you must update or close your PayID. You must tell us if your PayID Name no longer reasonably represents the account holder's name. You must also tell us if any other PayID information changes or you are no longer authorised to use the account.

We monitor the use of PayIDs and confirm regularly that they remain correct. We may lock or close your PayID if:

- we become aware of suspicious activities relating to your PayID or your account, or we suspect that it has been used for fraudulent purposes, or
- you cannot verify that you continue to be authorised to use your PayID, or
- your PayID has not been used or validated for 3 years or more, or

- someone attempts to register the PayID for another account, we are unable to contact you, and your PayID has been inactive for 6 months or more, or
- you close your account or cease to be authorised to operate the account.

When your PayID is locked, it cannot be updated or used to receive payments, and you may be prevented from transferring it to another account. It may also be closed.

We may require you to re-confirm that you have authority to use a PayID at any time. If there is a dispute about who has authority to use any PayID you have created, we will contact you and may ask you for additional proof of your authority. If you are unable to provide that proof within the time limit we specify, your PayID may be closed or linked to an account held by another person.

If your PayID changes or is closed, you are responsible for informing those who make payments to you using the PayID. The PayID may be registered by another user if they can demonstrate they have the right to use it, and payments using this PayID will then be made to the other user's account.

When we may not allow you to create a PayID

We may not allow you to create a PayID if:

- your account is unable to receive payments through the New Payments Platform using a PayID, or
- you cannot verify that you have authority to use the PayID or the relevant account, or
- we become aware of suspicious activities relating to the account, or
- electronic equipment or systems malfunction or are otherwise unavailable for use, or we believe that their quality or security have been compromised, or
- we believe your access to PayID may cause loss to the account holder or to ANZ.

Who will receive your information and how is it used

By creating a PayID, you consent to us collecting and disclosing information about you (including your PayID, your PayID Name and your account number) to

NPP Australia Limited, the operator of the PayID service, to enable you to receive payments using the PayID service and for related purposes. You also consent to NPP Australia Limited sharing this information with other financial institutions, BPAY® Pty Ltd and their service providers to allow the PayID service to operate (for example, for users of the PayID service to make payments to you or for other reasonable activities, such as tracing lost transactions, investigating fraud or where required by law).

When someone searches for your PayID or uses your PayID to make a payment to you, they may see your PayID Name (but not your other account details).

The collection, use and disclosure of information about you is also governed by the Privacy and Confidentiality section of these Terms and Conditions and the ANZ Privacy Policy available at anz.com.

Contact Details

Postal addresses

ANZ Business Banking

Speak to your ANZ Manager or call

1800 801 485 (8am – 8pm Mon-Fri) AEST

ANZ Cards

Locked Bag No.10

Collins Street West Post Office

Melbourne VIC 8007

ANZ Personal Banking

Contact your nearest branch

ANZ Margin Lending

GPO Box 4338

Melbourne VIC 3001

ANZ V2 PLUS

Locked Bag 3000

Collins Street West

Melbourne VIC 8007

Customer Enquiries

ANZ Cards

13 22 73

ANZ Internet Banking

13 33 50

+ 61 3 9643 8833 (International customers)

ANZ Personal Banking

13 13 14

ANZ Margin Lending

1800 639 330

ANZ V2 PLUS Service Centre

13 28 33

Lost or Stolen Cards, Suspected Unauthorised Transactions or Divulged Passwords

1800 033 844 or

+ 61 3 9683 7047 (International customers)

(24 hours, 7 days a week).

Lost, Stolen or Divulged Passwords

For passwords used on-line and ANZ Security Devices, call 1800 269 242

For all other passwords, call 1800 033 844

(24 hours, 7 days a week)

Ph: +61 3 9683 7047 (International customers).

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