

2015

HALF YEAR RESULTS

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED
5 MAY 2015

RESULTS PRESENTATION & INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK



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2015

HALF YEAR RESULTS

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED
5 MAY 2015

Mike Smith
Chief Executive Officer



Financial performance

	1H15 (\$m)	Growth (1H15-1H14)
Statutory Profit (\$m)	3,506	3%
Cash Profit (\$m)	3,676	5%
Cash Earnings per Share (cents)	133.6	4%
ROE (%)	14.7	(80)bps
CET1 (%) Internationally harmonised	12.4	-
APRA basis	8.7	40bps

- Good, well balanced result in the context of a constrained macro environment
- Our result highlights our strategy is continuing to deliver
- Strong business performances; some challenges

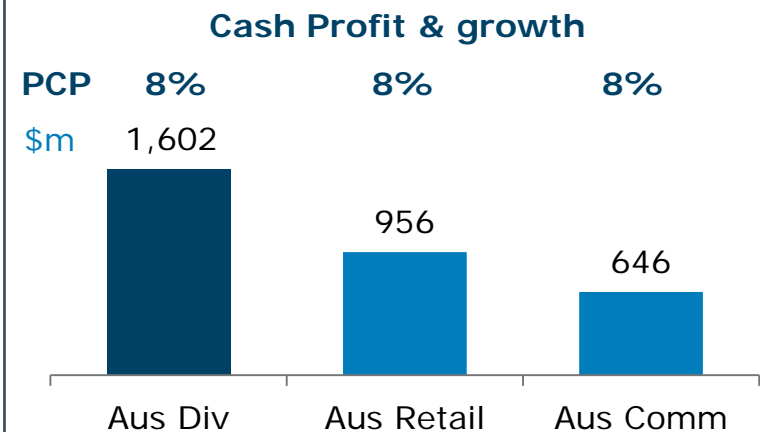
Highlights of the result

Highlights

- **Australia Retail & Commercial strong, consistent growth**

Drivers & outcomes

- Maintained margins in a competitive environment
- Invested in frontline, digital & NSW
- Small business lending up 15%
- 5 yrs above system mortgage growth
- Best in class productivity



Highlights of the result

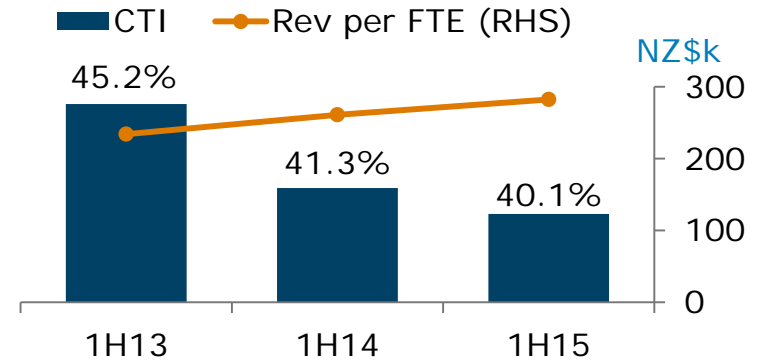
Highlights

- Australia Retail & Commercial strong, consistent growth
- **New Zealand performance to the next level**

Drivers & outcomes

- PBP up 6% in Retail & up 9% in Commercial
- Winning customers: #1 Mkt position & growing mortgage & cards share
- Invested in Auckland, Christchurch & small business
- Continuing strong credit quality

Productivity & Efficiency



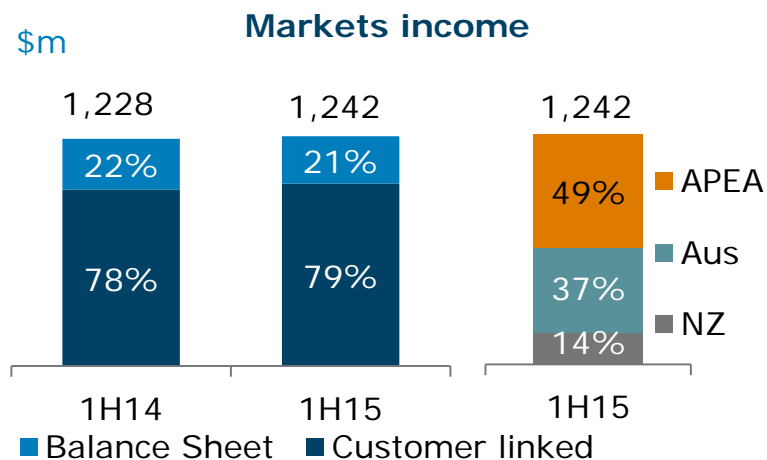
Highlights of the result

Highlights

- Australia Retail & Commercial strong, consistent growth
- New Zealand performance to the next level
- **Markets customer income at record levels led by Asia growth**

Drivers & outcomes

- Past Markets investments delivering diversified regional & product growth
- 49% of markets income from APEA; driving IIB Asia growth of ~15%
- 79% markets income customer linked
- #4 Corporate Bank in Asia¹



1. Greenwich Associates 2014 Asian Large Corporate Banking Study.

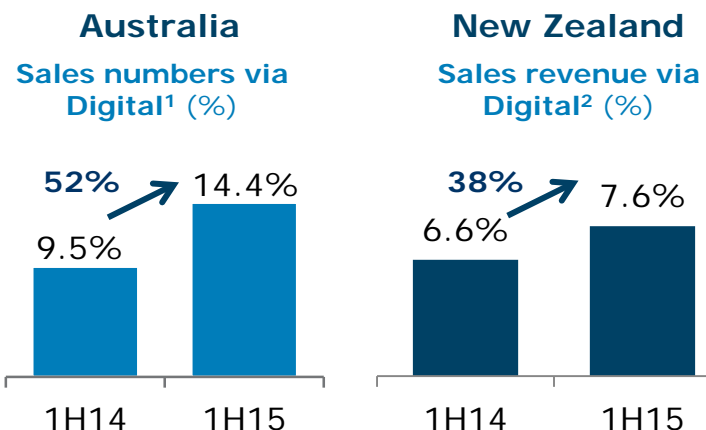
Highlights of the result

Highlights

- Australia Retail & Commercial strong, consistent growth
- New Zealand performance to the next level
- Markets customer income at record levels led by Asia growth
- **Investing in digital & other innovation, strengthening NSW**

Drivers & outcomes

- Transaction numbers via Digital:
 - 74% in Aus, 65% in NZ
- Award winning apps “GoMoney” & “Grow by ANZ”
- NSW expansion; opening Myanmar & Thailand
- “Transactive” in 17 countries



1. Sales includes the number of sales events through the Retail distribution network, including all Retail, Commercial and Wealth products.
2. Revenue from sales completed through Digital channels.

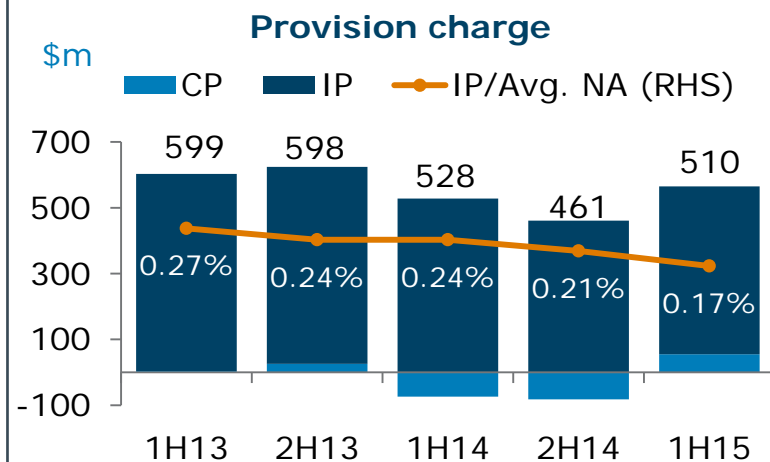
Highlights of the result

Highlights

- Australia Retail & Commercial strong, consistent growth
- New Zealand performance to the next level
- Markets customer income at record levels led by Asia growth
- Investing in digital & other innovation, strengthening NSW
- **Strong risk management**

Drivers & outcomes

- Strong capital, liquidity & funding positions
- No material change to CP overlays
- Strong credit quality: maintaining risk disciplines in competitive markets



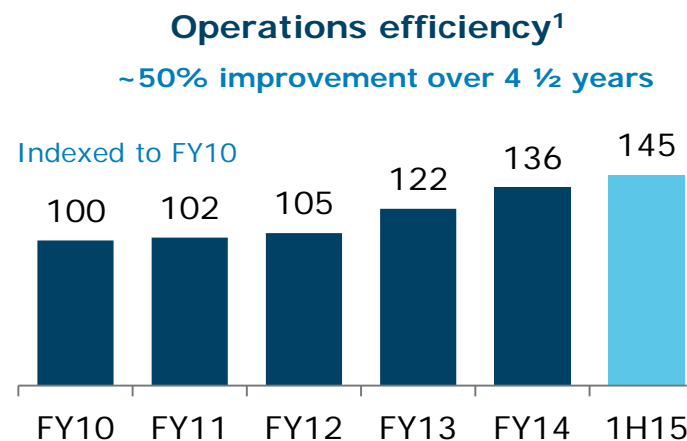
Highlights of the result

Highlights

- Australia Retail & Commercial strong, consistent growth
- New Zealand performance to the next level
- Markets customer income at record levels led by Asia growth
- Investing in digital & other innovation, strengthening NSW
- Strong risk management
- **Enterprise approach**

Drivers & outcomes

- Integrated Regional Delivery Network
- Supporting a consistent, higher quality customer experience
- Improving efficiency - operations costs down 3%, operational volume up 7%



1. Operations efficiency measured by operations productivity improvement, which is the difference in operations costs and volume growth. 50% productivity improvement over 4 ½ years.

Challenges and areas to improve

Challenges/Areas to improve

- **Expenses**
- **Global liquidity squeezing loan margins, deferring benefit of Institutional cash build out**
- **Trade pressured by commodity prices and lower hedge revenue**
- **Progress on structural realignment of the business**

Drivers & outcomes

- +4% (ex FX) front running investment
- Targeting ~3% FY15
- Building deposits faster
- Lifting cross-sell & key 'corridors' growth
- Managing returns, more balanced bank
- Strong core business experiencing cyclical pressure
- Returns up despite tough conditions
- Esanda Dealer Finance sale
- RWA growth 7%, ~50% FX driven
- Disciplined capital management

SUPER REGIONAL STRATEGY

STRONG CORE
MARKETS

PROFITABLE
ASIAN
GROWTH

ENTERPRISE
APPROACH

STRONG LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

DISCIPLINED AND EXPERIENCED MANAGEMENT

CEO PRIORITIES FY14-16

**Improving
customer
experience**

**Diversifying
revenue**

**Improving
productivity**

**Improving
returns**

Summary



- Good, well balanced result
- Very positive about Australia despite challenging global environment
- Investing in Australia's future: helping customers, creating jobs, supporting small business
- Strategy has delivered good progress to date for shareholders – confident we can balance short and long term growth, investments and return
- We will deliver our CTI commitment
- We remain committed to ROE discipline

2015

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5 MAY 2015

Shayne Elliott
Chief Financial Officer

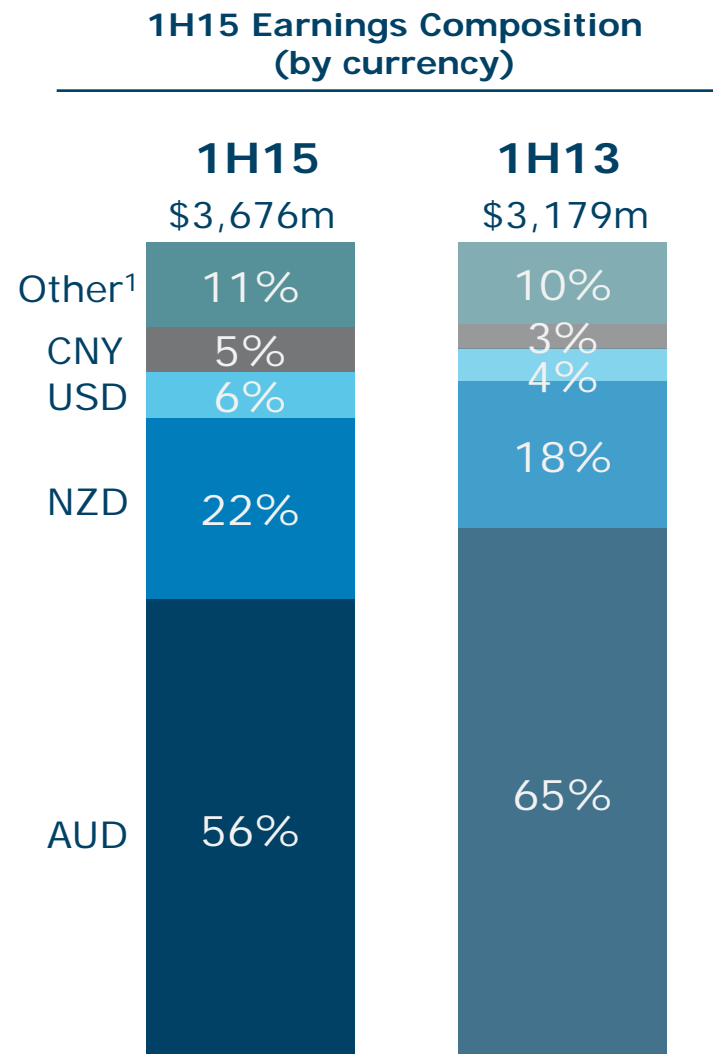


Summary of results

	1H15 – 1H14	
	\$m	change
Revenue	10,185	5.3%
Expenses	(4,593)	7.2%
PBP	5,592	3.9%
Provisions	(510)	(3.4%)
Cash Profit	3,676	4.6%
<i>Stat. adjustments</i>	<i>(170)</i>	
<i>Statutory Profit</i>	<i>3,506</i>	<i>3.4%</i>
Cash EPS (cents)	133.6	3.8%
DPS (cents)	86	3.6%
ROE	14.7%	(80)bp

Impact of FX translation

	1H15 Growth	FX impact	FX Adj Growth
Revenue	5.3%	2.1%	3.2%
Expenses	7.2%	2.8%	4.4%
PBP	3.9%	1.7%	2.2%
Provisions	(3.4)%	1.6%	(5.0)%
NPAT	4.6%	1.8%	2.8%
ROE	(80)bp	(30)bp	(50)bp



1. major currencies in "other" category includes TWD, MYR, PGK and IND – no one currency greater than 2%

Operating environment and key actions

What we said at FY14

Actions – 1H15

The operating environment

Very low rates Excessive global liquidity Very low market volatility		
	Retail	Corporate
Environment:	Solid housing market Strong savings Improving system growth	Weak confidence Low leverage Low credit demand
Impact:	Medium credit growth Strong competition Stable margins Low provisions	Slow credit growth Falling loan margins Balance Sheet trading opps. Lower hedging demand Low provisions
Actions:	Invest Grow share responsibly Improve customer experience	Capital efficiency Manage productivity Diversify revenue

ANZ 14

Expanded coverage

- Additional Aus. Division front office staff: ~600
- NSW expansion

Improved Customer Experience

- Digital capacity & capability
- “GoMoney”, “Grow”, “Smart Choice” & “Transactive” enhancements
- “Tap and Pin” ATM: world first
- Rolled out “Transactive” China and Philippines
- Single digital access to Cash, Trade and Markets in 4 Asian markets

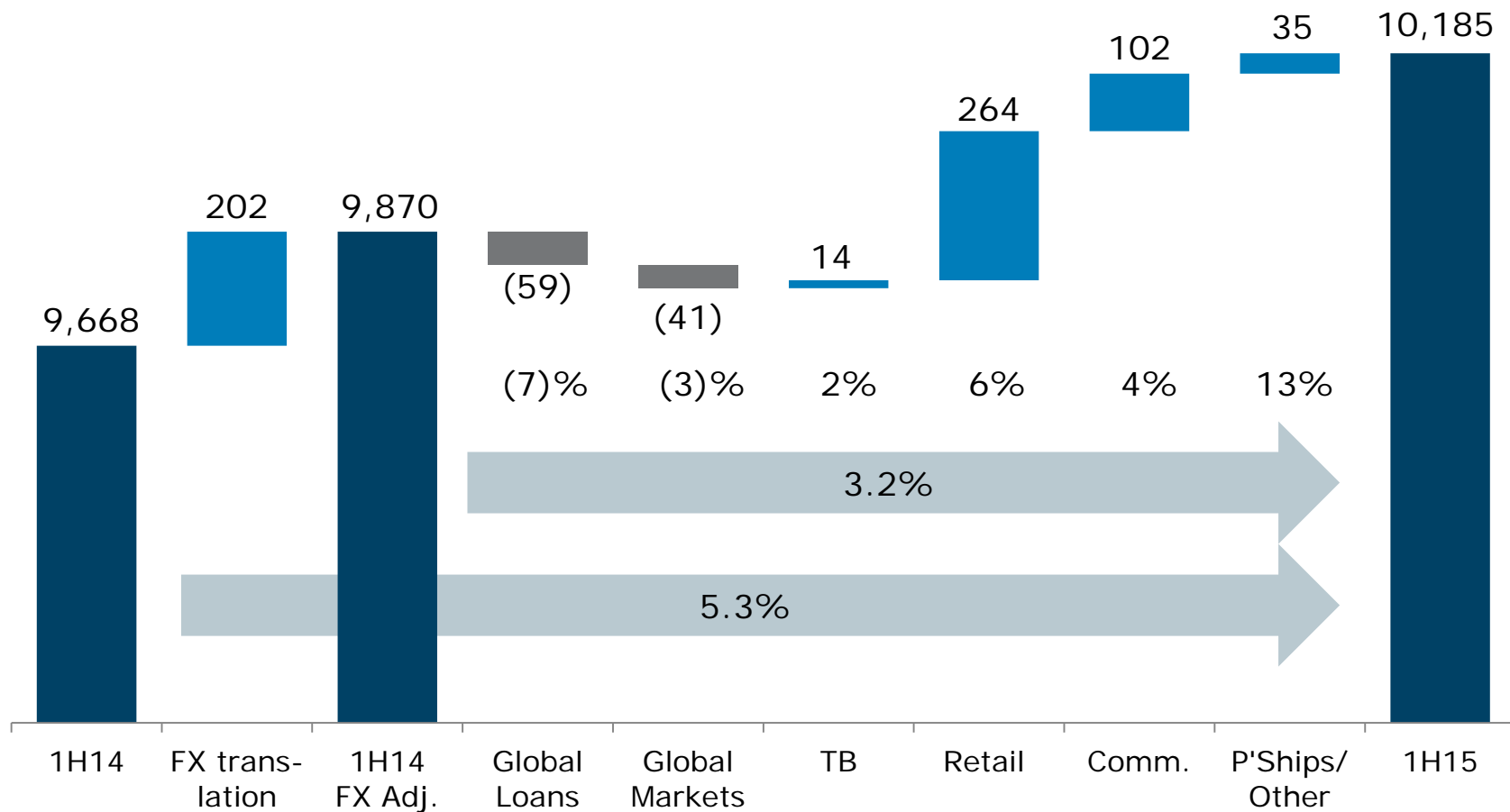
Enhanced Productivity & Capital Efficiency

- Hubs & Ops unit costs down ~10% average
- Esanda Dealer Finance sale

DRIVERS OF GROUP EARNINGS

Revenue drivers

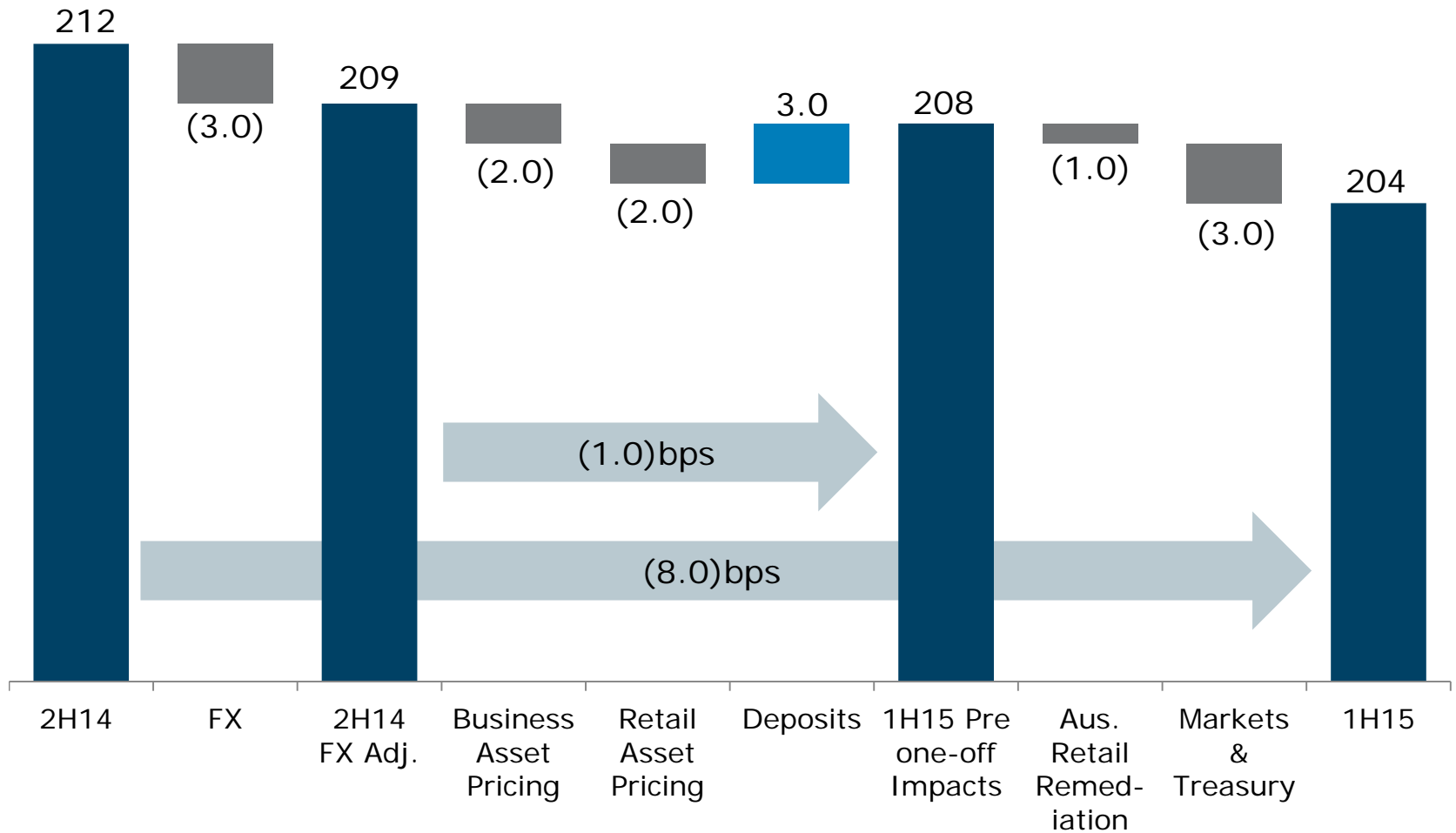
A\$m



Notes. TB: Transaction Banking, Retail: Retail Australia, Retail New Zealand, Retail Asia Pacific and Global Wealth, Comm: Corporate & commercial Banking Australia and Commercial NZ

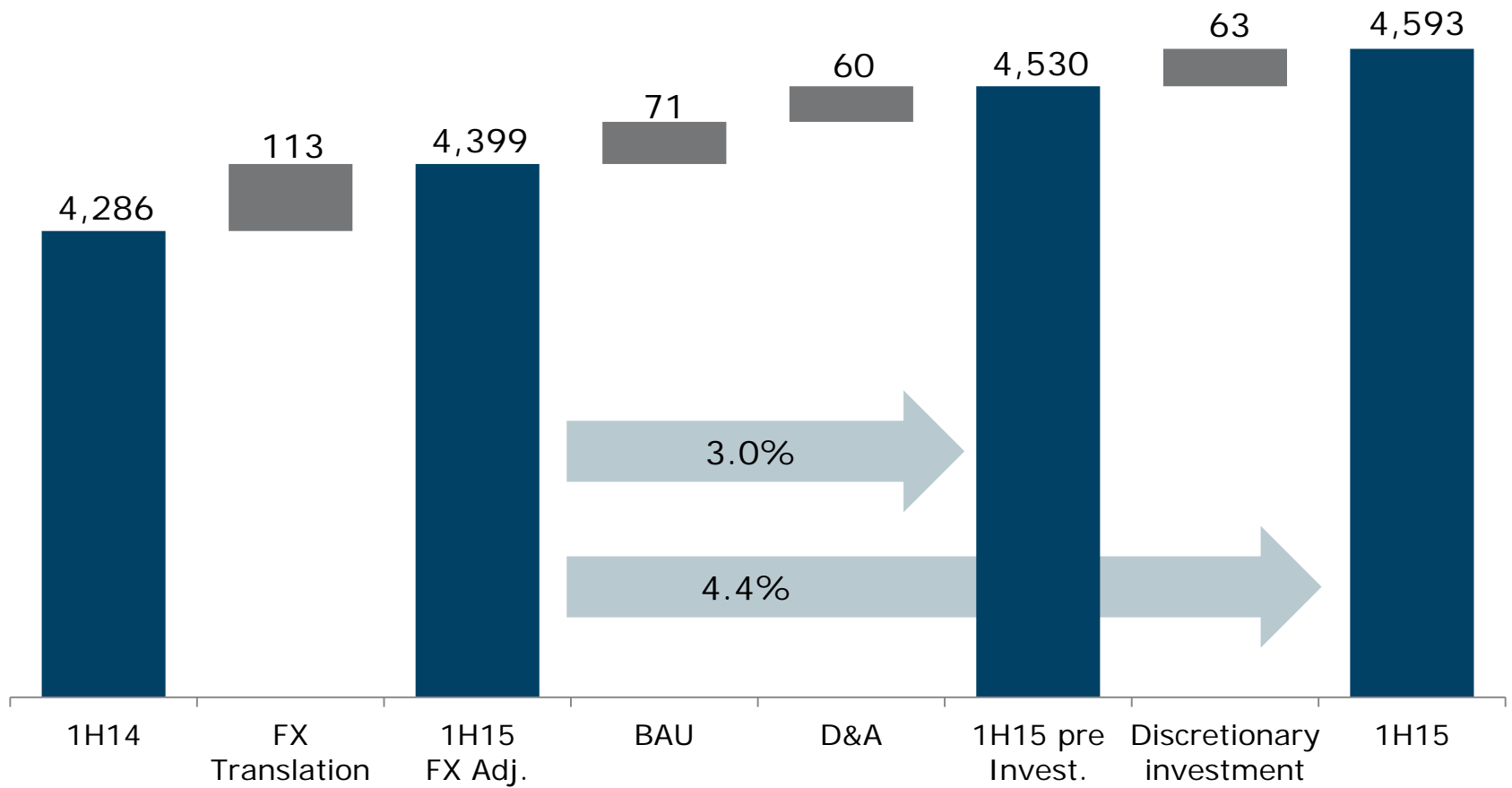
NIM drivers

bps



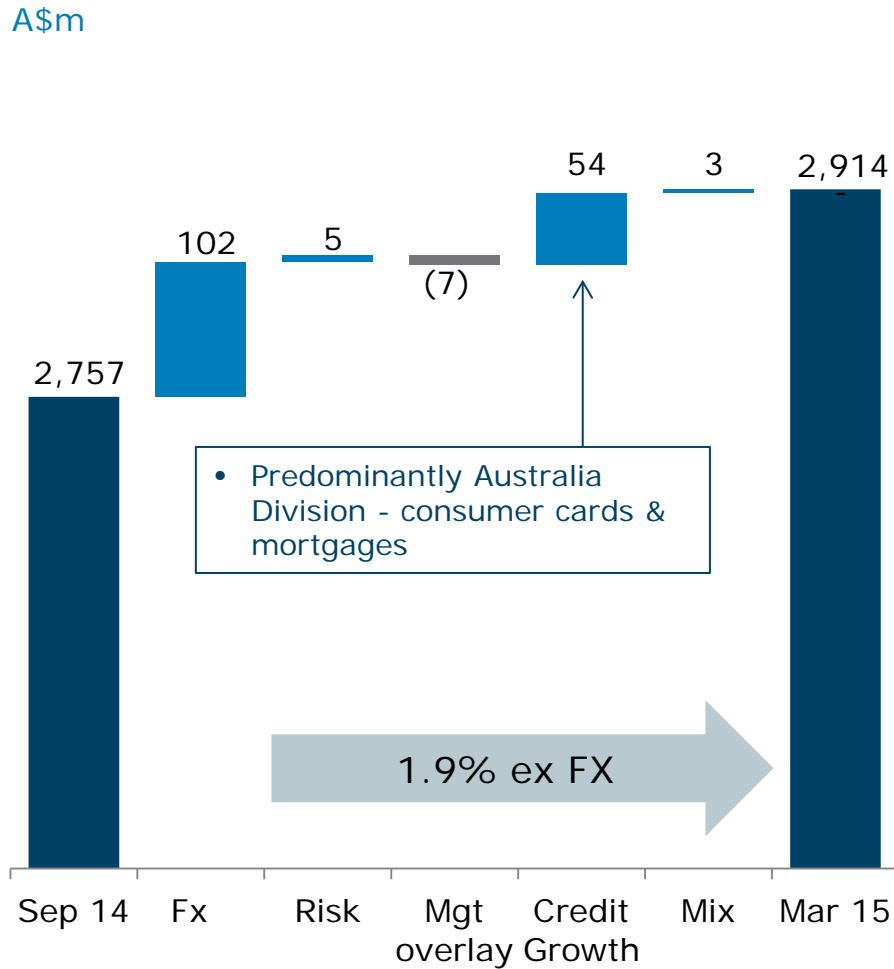
Expense drivers

A\$m

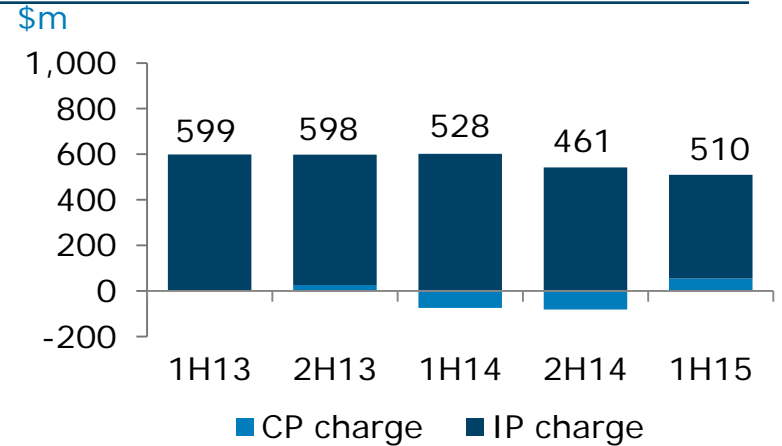


Portfolio credit quality remains sound

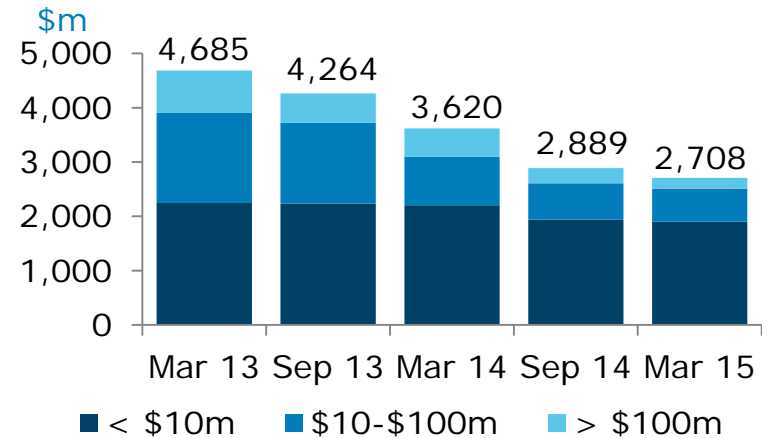
Collective provision balance by source



Total Provision Charge



Gross Impaired Assets

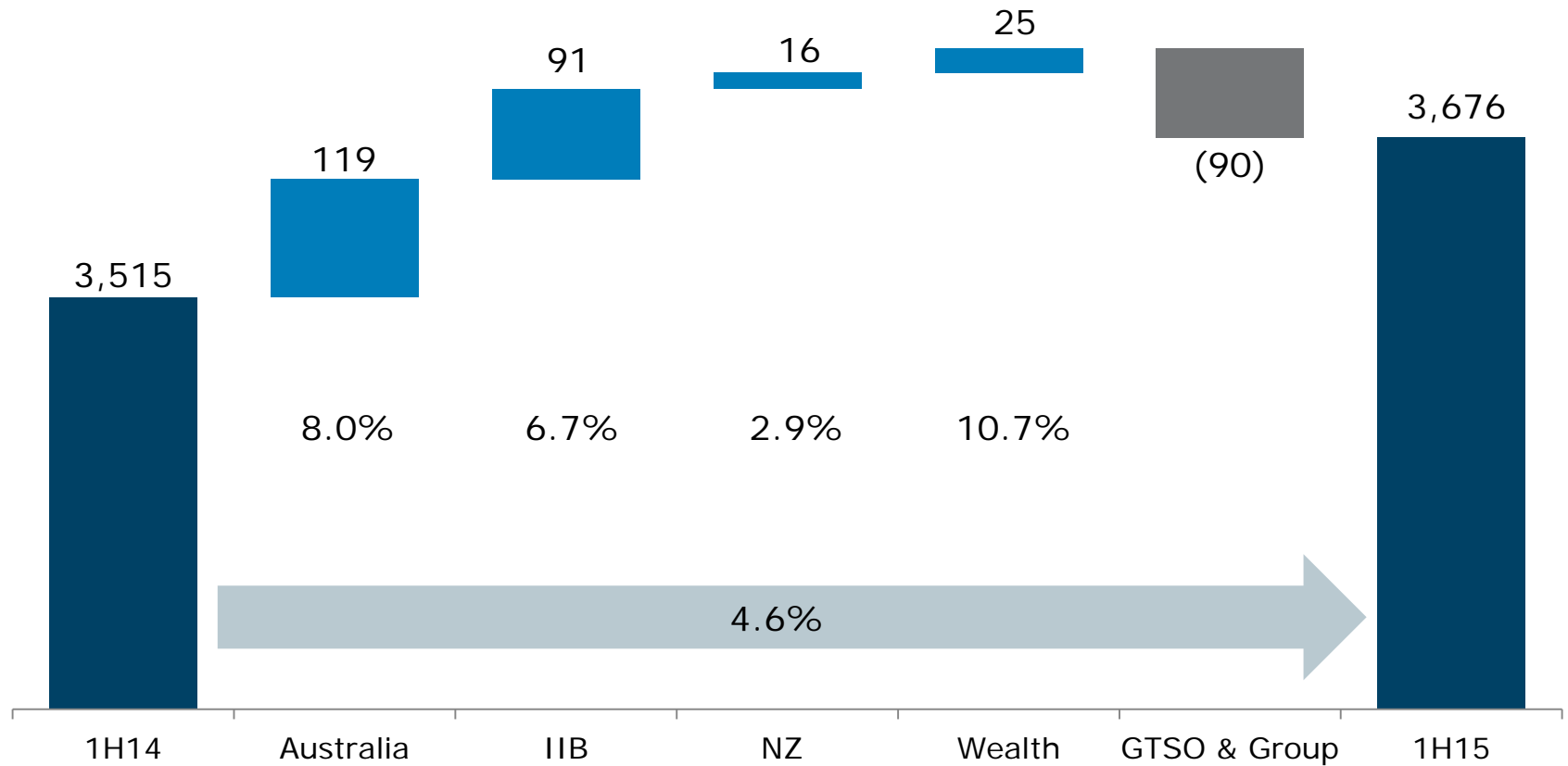


DIVISIONAL PERFORMANCE

Divisional contribution to profit growth

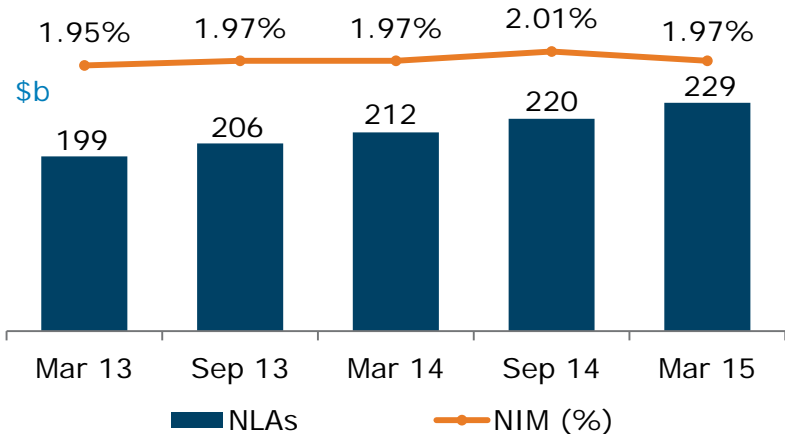
Divisional Cash Profit (1H15–1H14)

A\$m

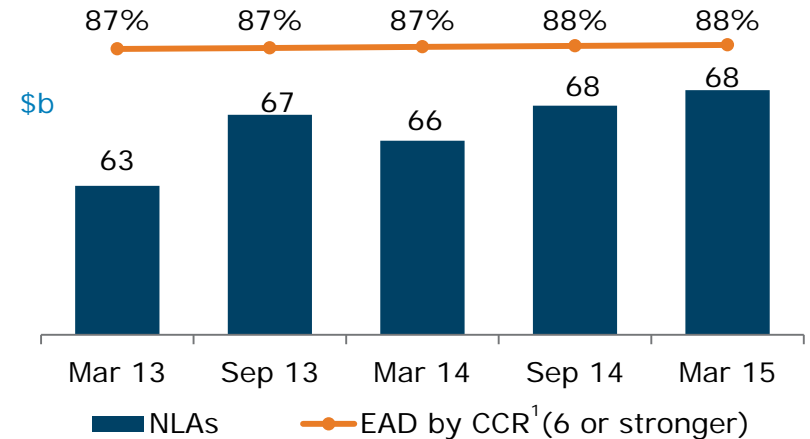


Australia – consistent growth & return, plus accelerated investment

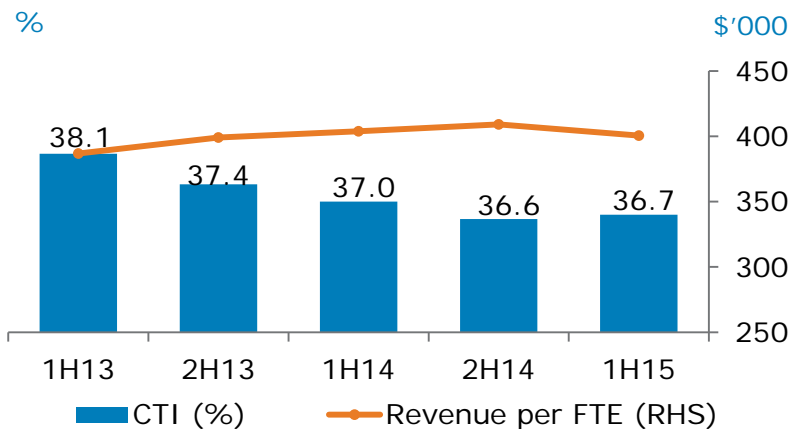
Retail lending growth



Commercial lending growth

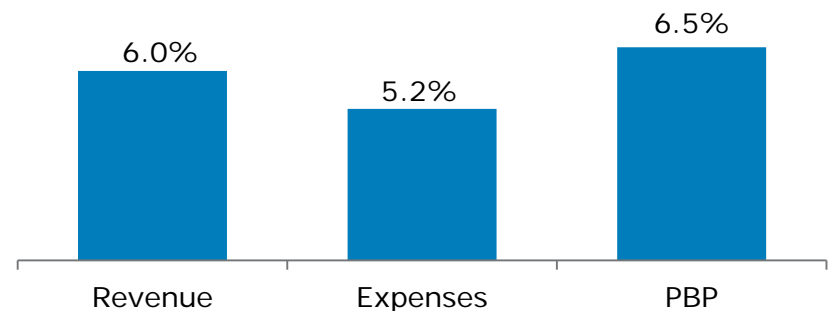


Improving productivity



Strong operating performance

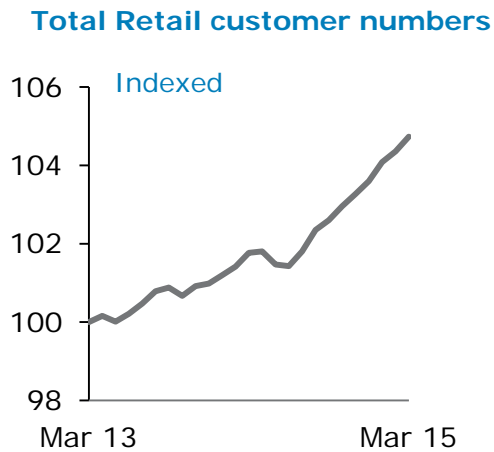
1H15 profit growth (PCP)



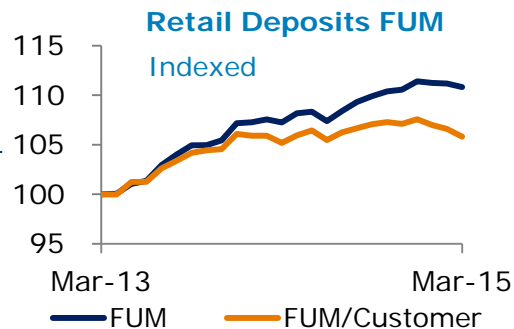
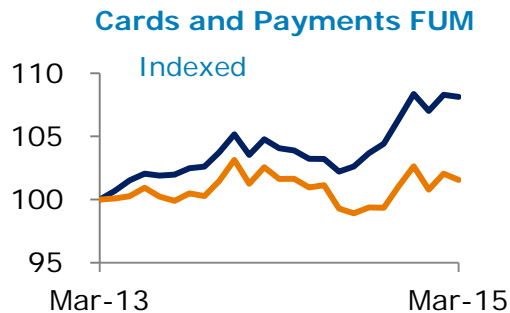
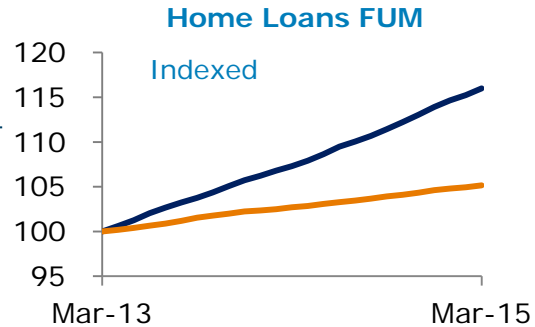
1. CCR = Customer Credit Rating

Australia - Retail a highlight

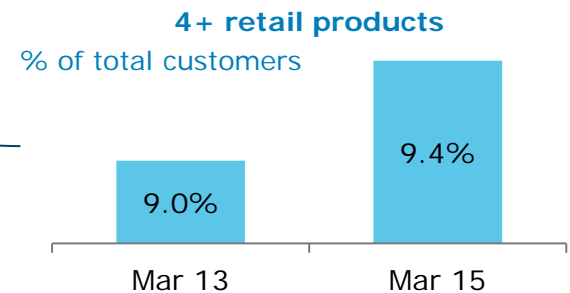
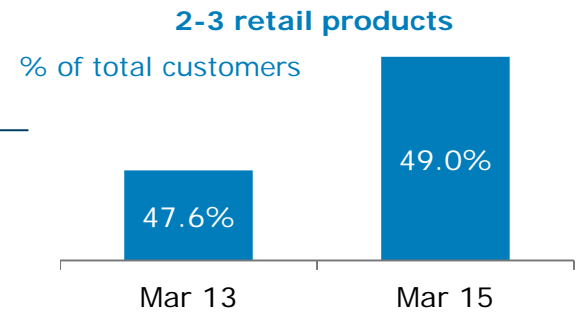
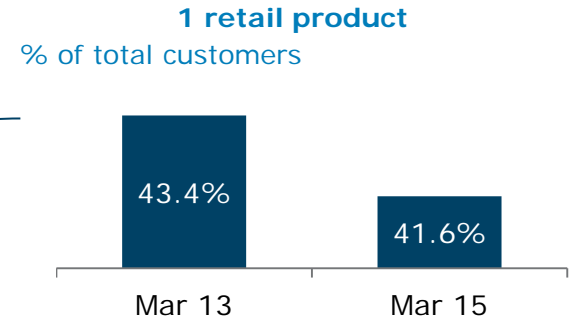
Customers



FUM

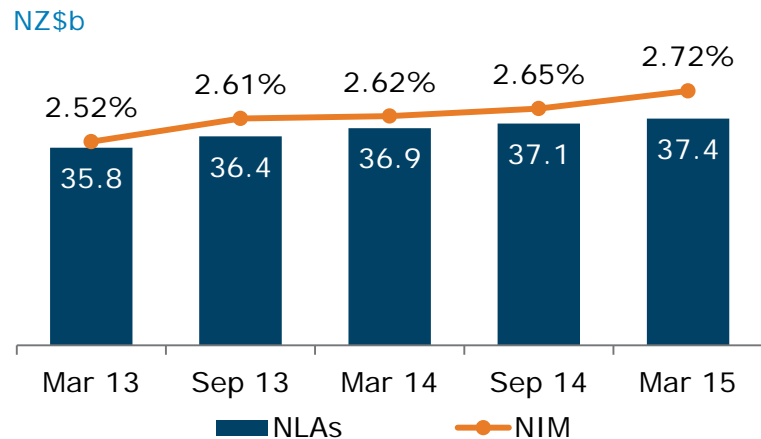


Retail products per customer

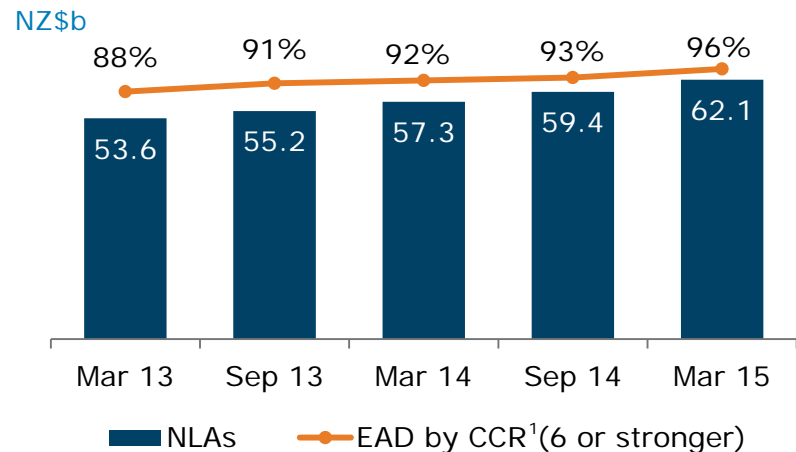


New Zealand Division – scale benefit driving growth

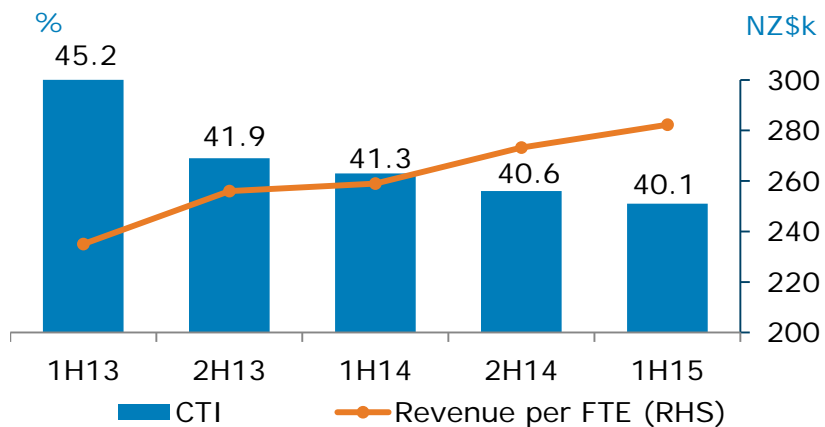
Retail lending growth



Commercial lending growth

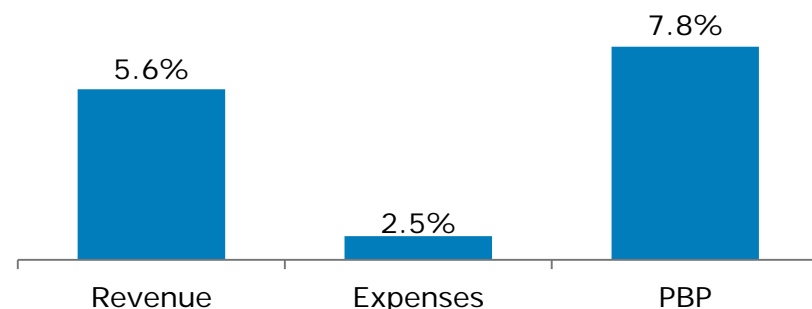


Improved productivity



Operating performance

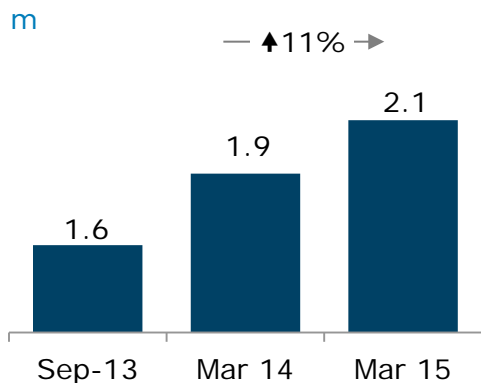
1H15 PCP growth (NZ\$)



1. CCR = Customer Credit Rating

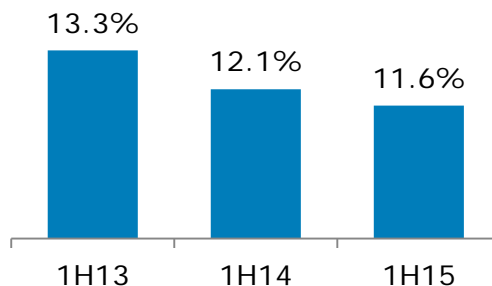
Global Wealth – focused on quality & growth

Wealth customers¹



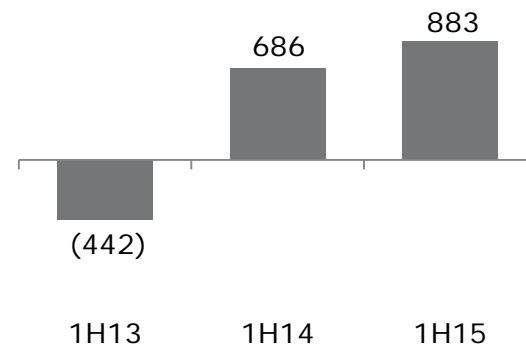
Retail Life lapse rates

Australia



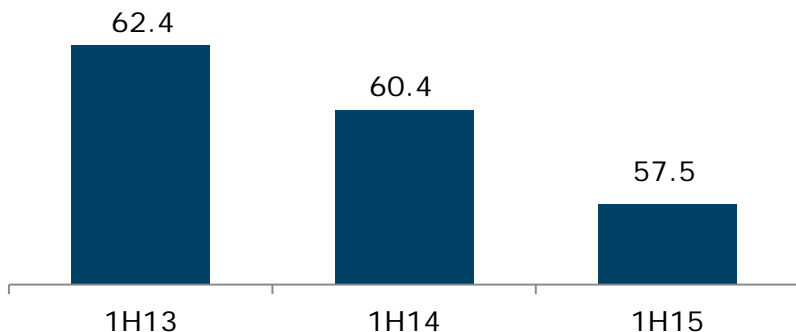
FUM net flows²

\$m



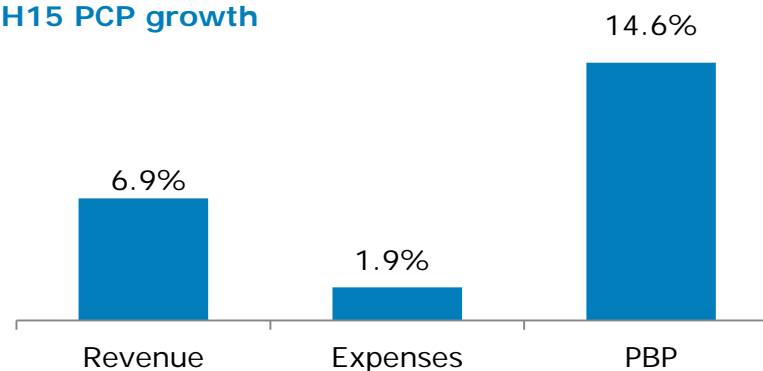
Improved productivity³

% CTI



Operating performance³

1H15 PCP growth

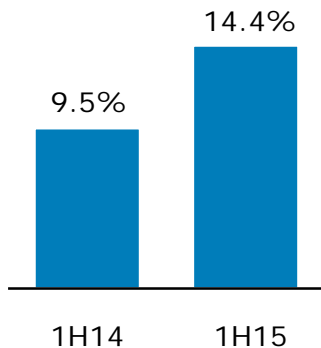


1. ANZ Wealth customers directed through ANZ channels
2. Global Private Wealth and Funds Management netflows
3. Excluding the impact of the Trustees sale

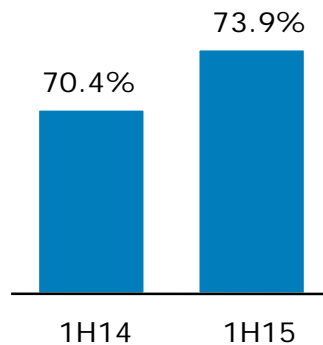
Digital investment – delivering results

Australia

Sales numbers via Digital¹ (%)

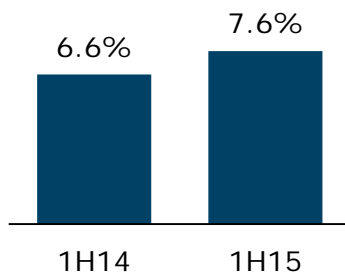


Transaction numbers via Digital² (%)

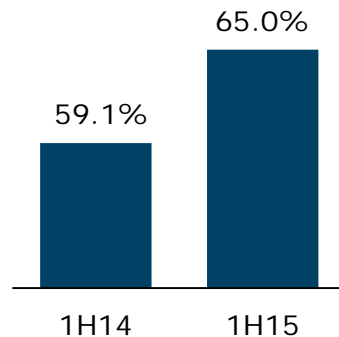


New Zealand

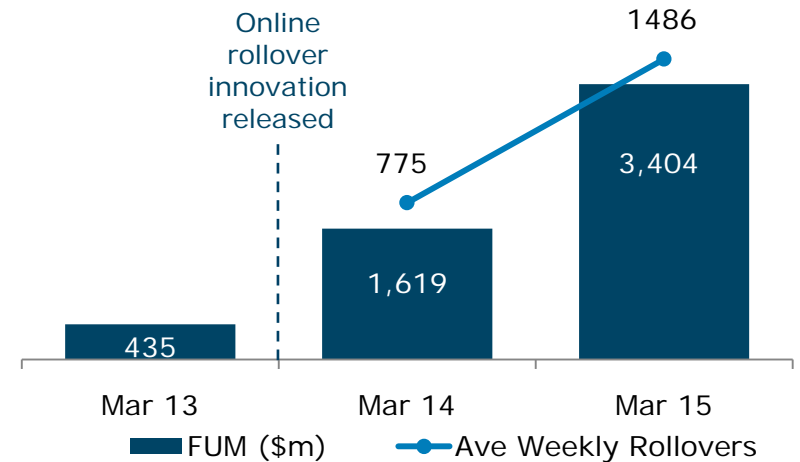
Sales revenue via Digital³ (%)



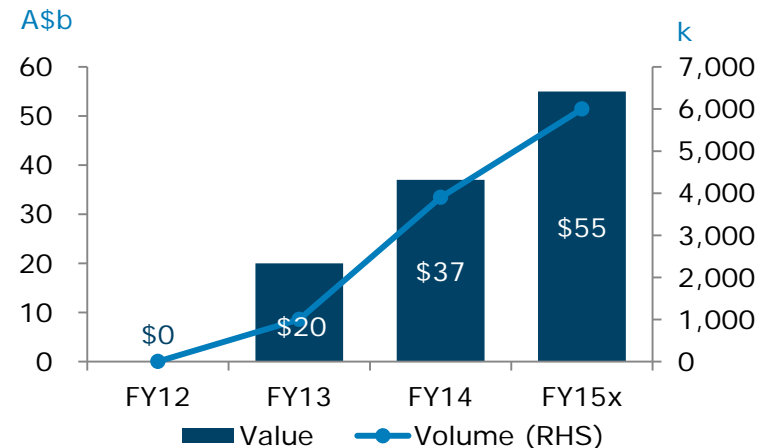
Transaction numbers via Digital² (%)



ANZ Smart Choice



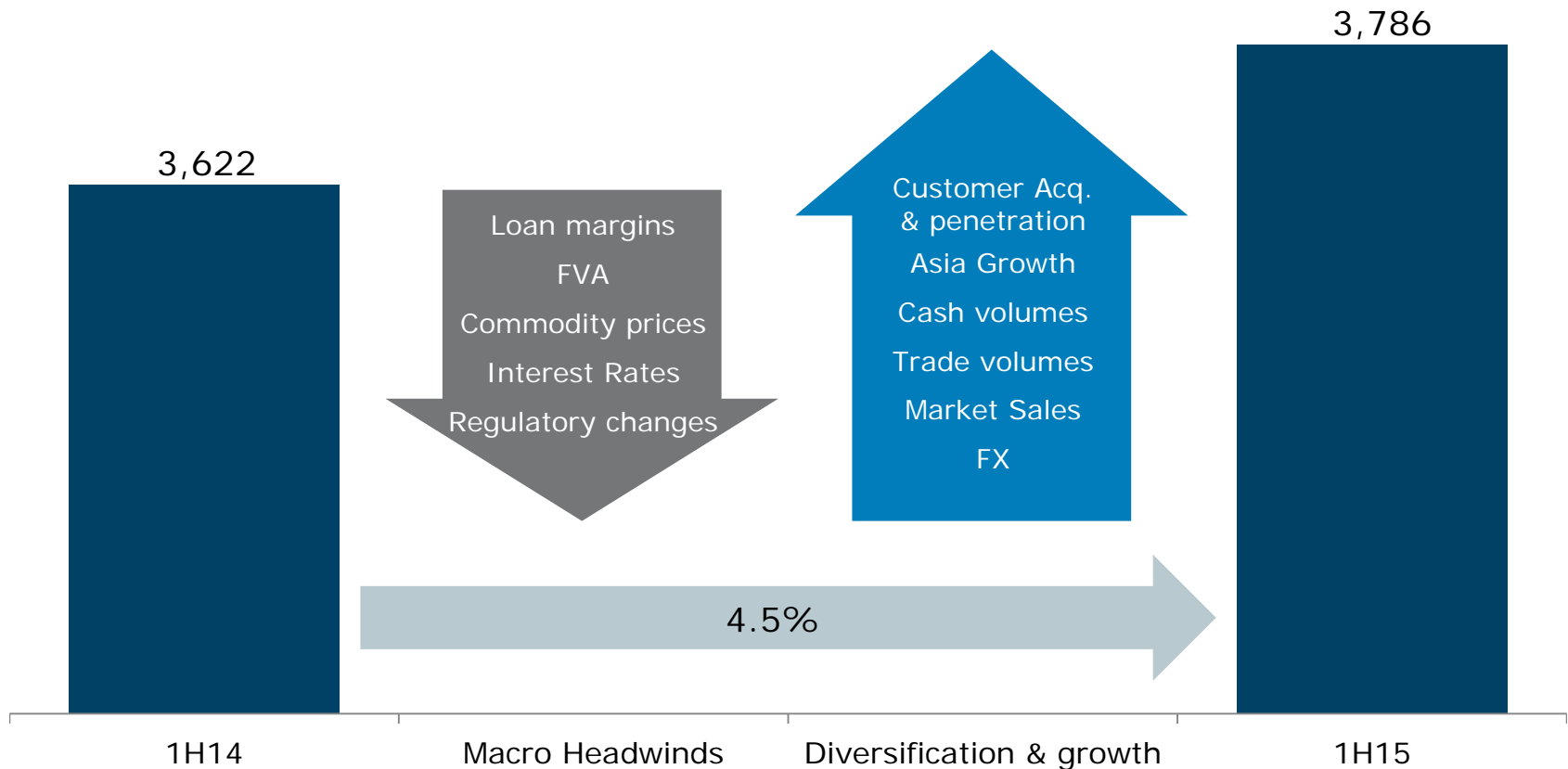
Transactive Mobile



1. Sales includes the number of sales events through the Retail distribution network, including all Retail, Commercial and Wealth products.
2. Transactions refers to the number of value transactions through all channels including internet, mobile, teller and ATM.
3. Revenue from sales completed through Digital channels.

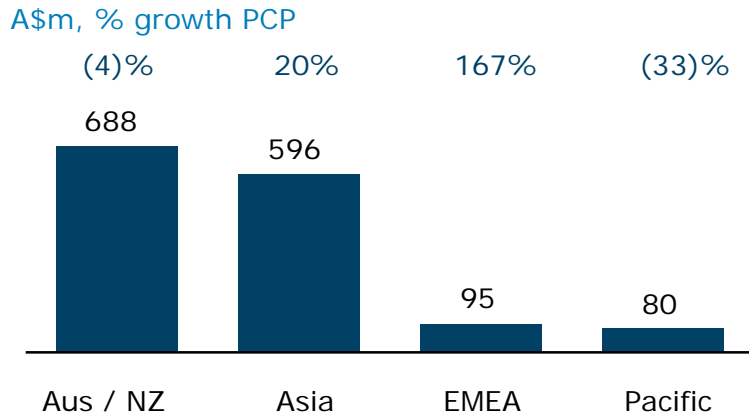
IIB revenue – re-balancing

A\$m

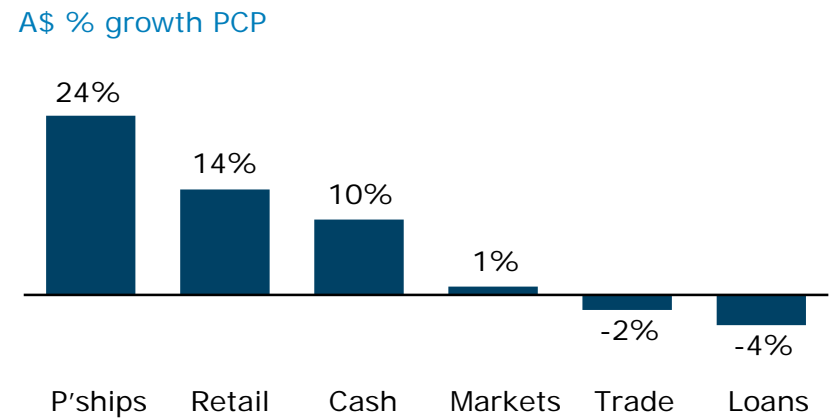


IIB – improving the mix

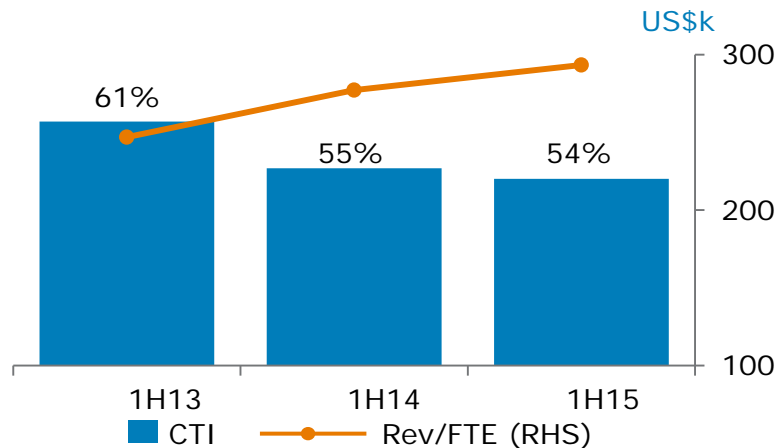
IIB 1H15 profit by region



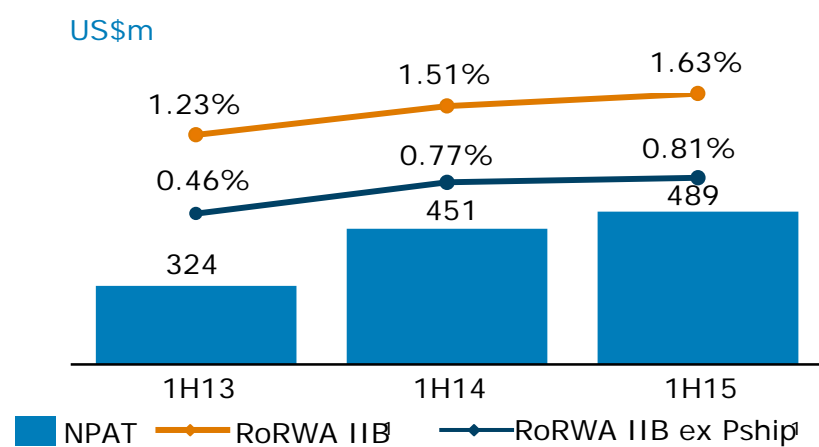
IIB 1H15 Revenue Growth



IIB Asia Productivity



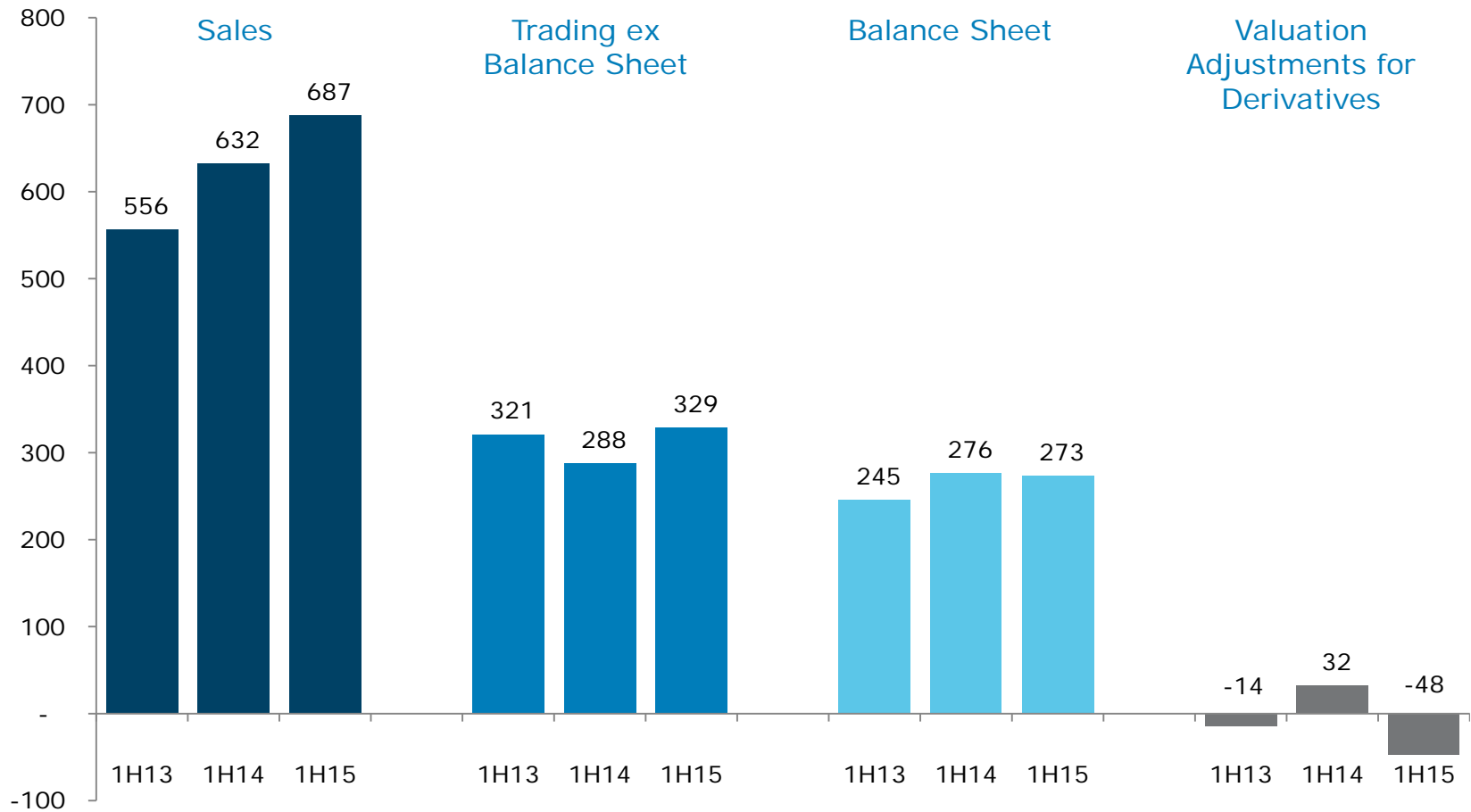
IIB Asia Profitable growth



1. RoRWA' equals Net Profit After Tax divided by average Basel III risk weighted assets.

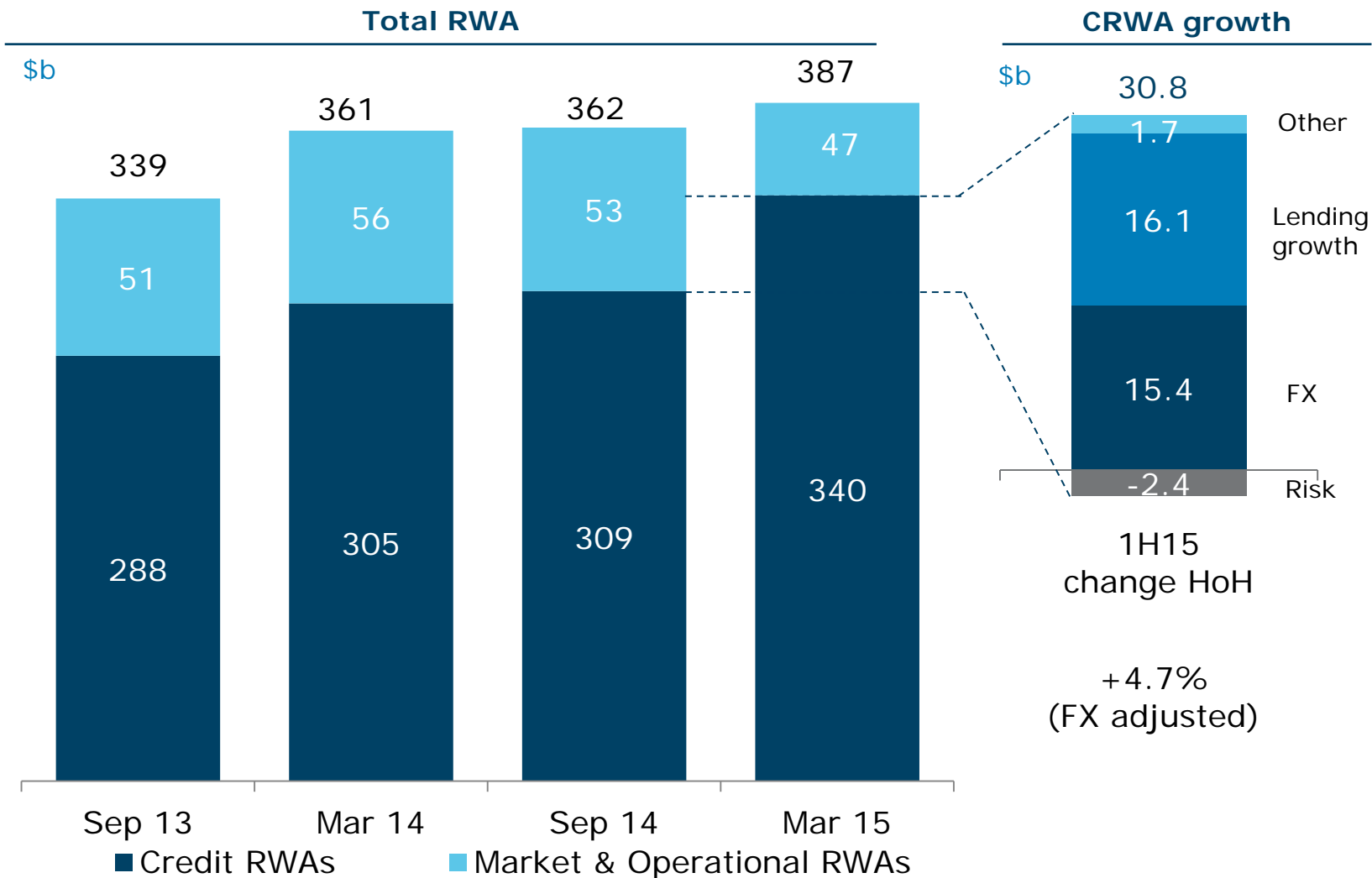
Markets income by type

A\$m



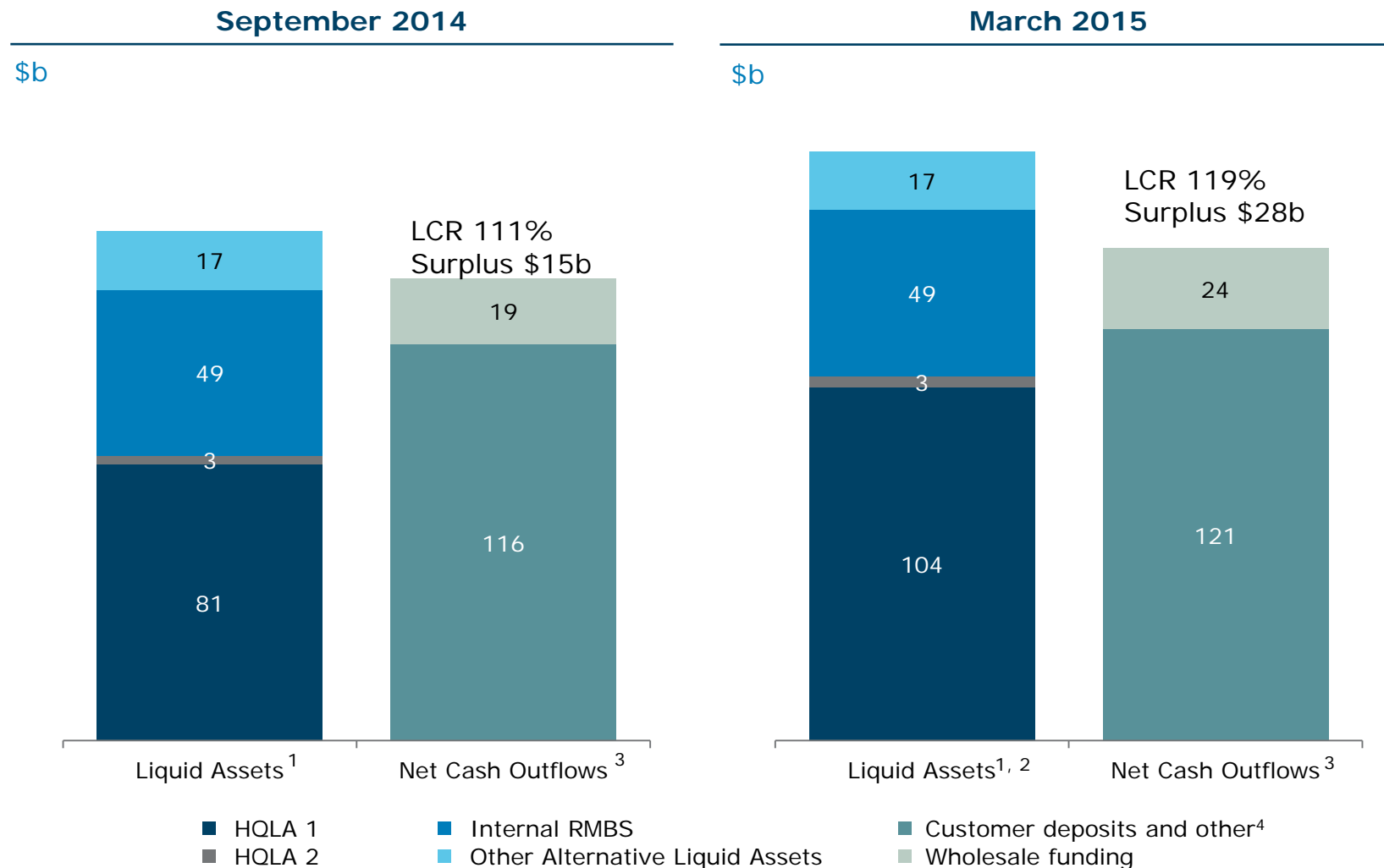
BALANCE SHEET STRENGTH

Risk Weighted Assets



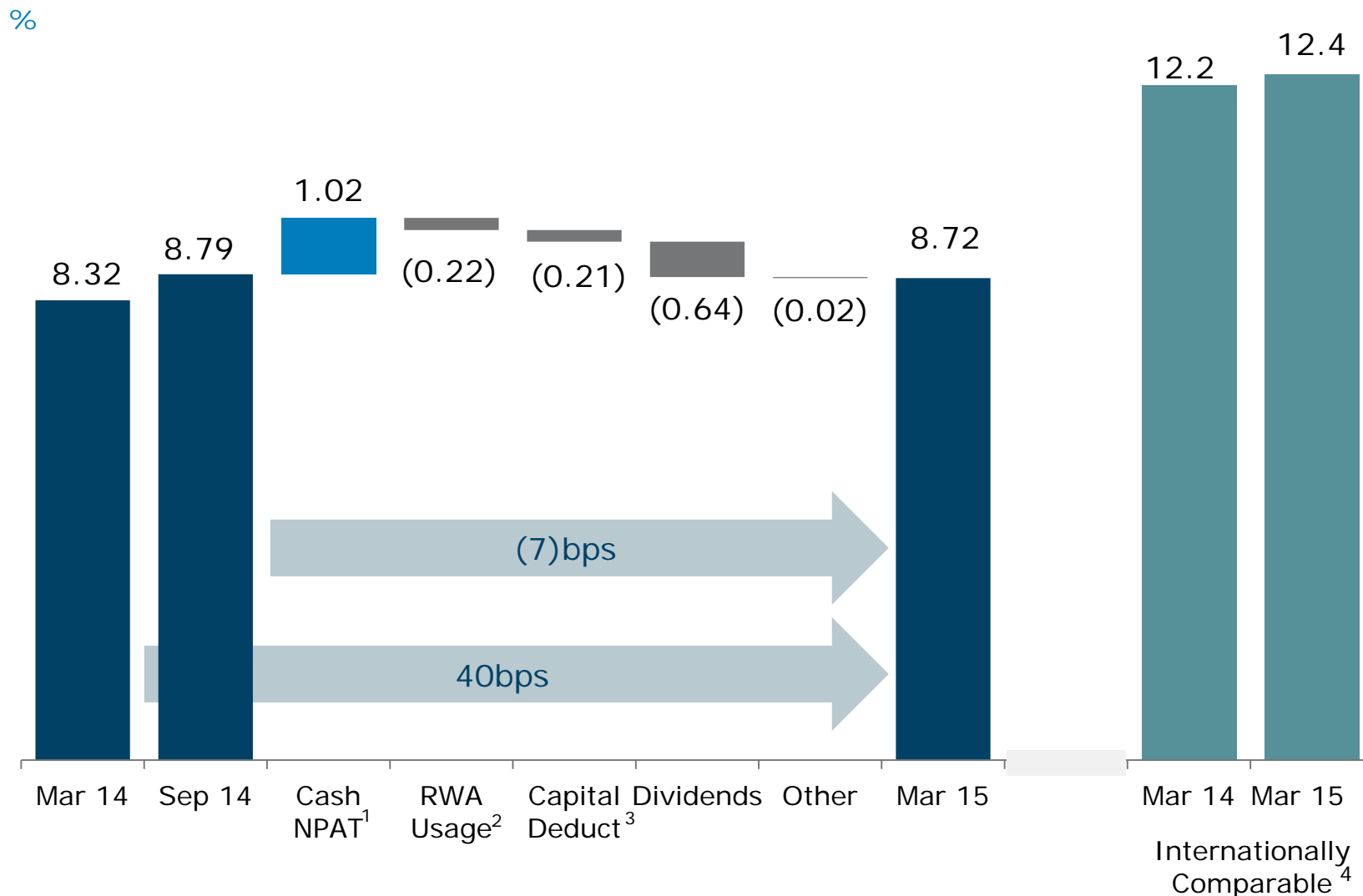
1. Credit Risk Growth = EAD growth, includes portfolio mix and risk improvement
 2. Credit Risk Other = Initiatives, Model changes, Regulator changes, FX

Liquidity successfully transitioned to LCR



1. Post haircut market value as defined in APS210.
 2. 1H15 includes \$54bn Committed Liquidity Facility.
 3. Basel III LCR 30 day stress scenario cash outflows.
 4. Other include off-balance sheet and cash inflows.

Strong capital levels domestically and internationally



1. Cash profit net of preference share dividends.

2. Includes EL vs. EP shortfall.

3. Represents the movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software and other intangibles.

4. Methodology per *Australian Bankers' Association: International comparability of capital ratios of Australia's major banks* (August 2014)

Outlook and focus



- Responsible investment in Australia Retail & Commercial
- Quality expansion in Asia based around Trade & Capital corridors
- Group wide productivity
- Further steps on portfolio rebalancing & Capital Efficiency

2015

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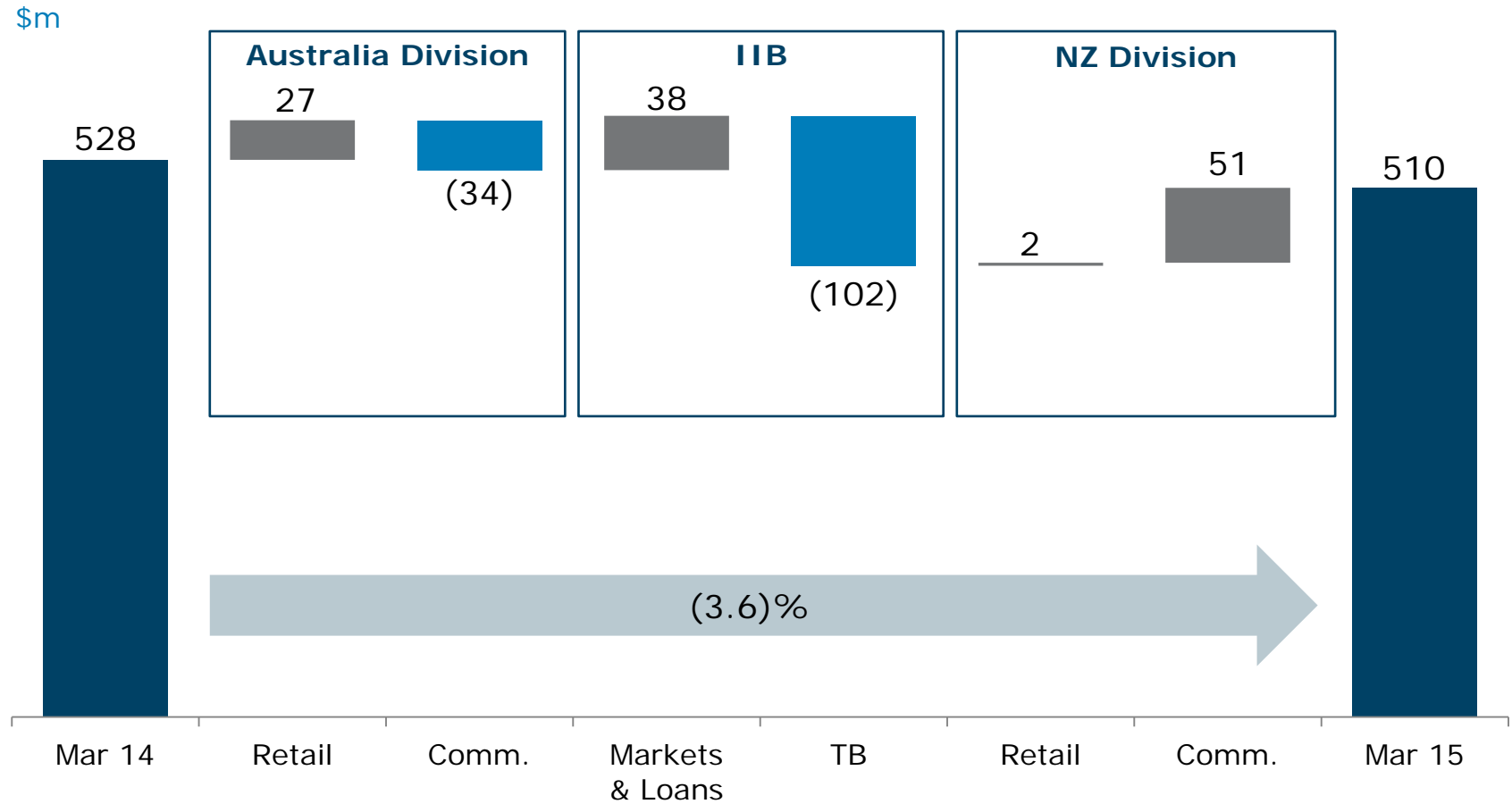
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED
5 MAY 2015

CFO Appendix



Provision charge drivers

Credit Impairment Charge contribution



TB: Transaction Banking

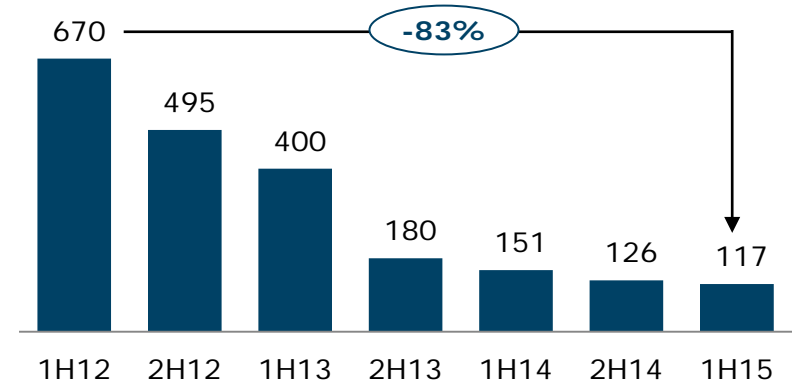
Enterprise approach – continuing momentum

Operations volume growth 1H15-1H14



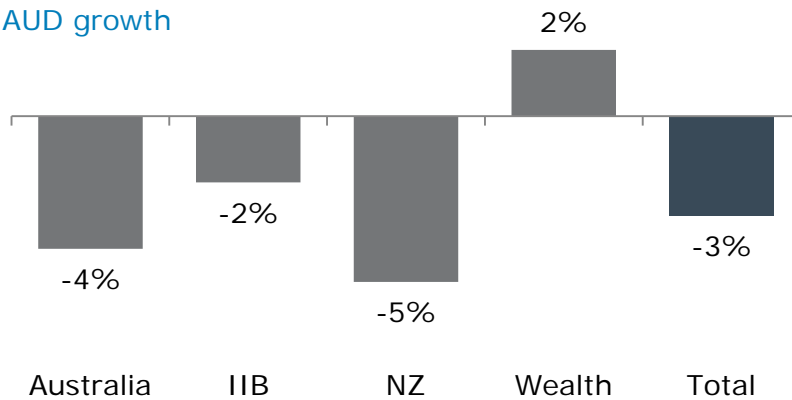
Continued improvement in quality

Manual Payments: Defects Per Million



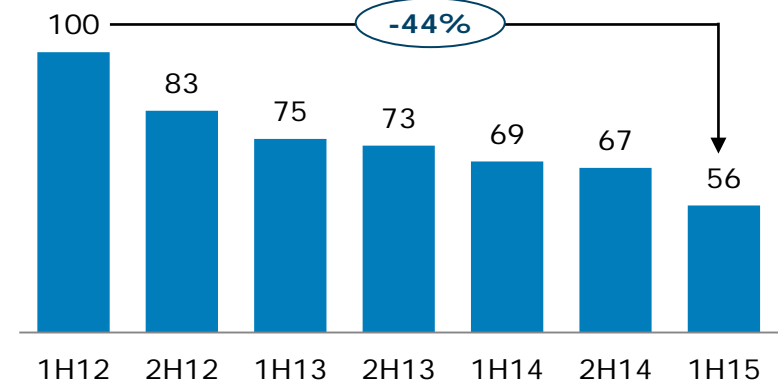
Operations costs growth 1H15-1H14

AUD growth



Better customer experience

Australian customer complaints. 1H12 index = 100



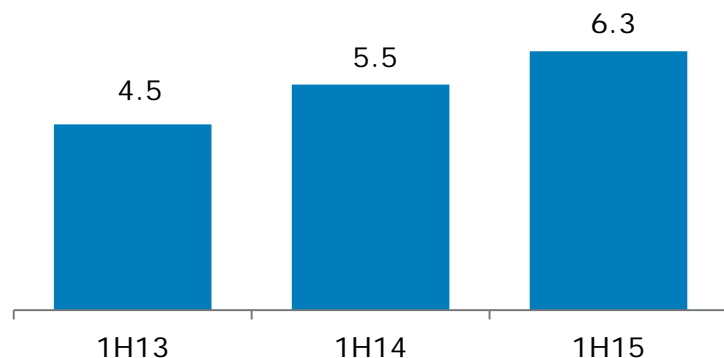
New Zealand highlights

Key drivers

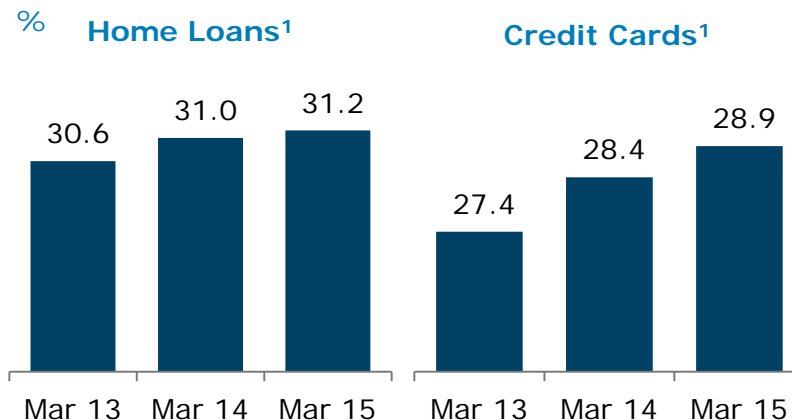
- Increasing sales capacity
- Simplifying products and processes
- Delivering leading digital solutions
- Expanding customer awareness

Improving revenue per branch²

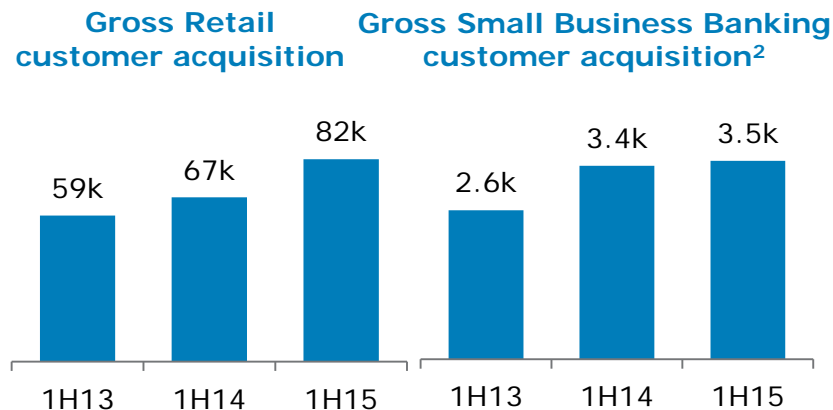
NZ\$m



Strengthening market leadership



Growing customer numbers



All values in New Zealand Dollars.

1. Source: RBNZ - Mar 2015, relates to NZ Geography.

2. based on NZ Division.

2015

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Treasury

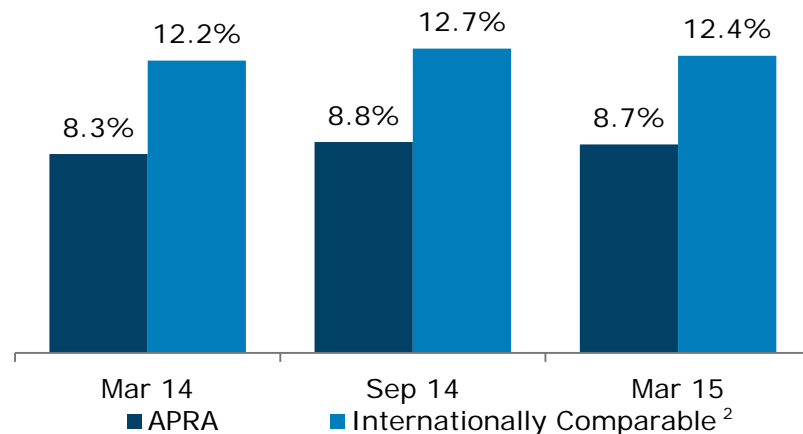


Regulatory capital

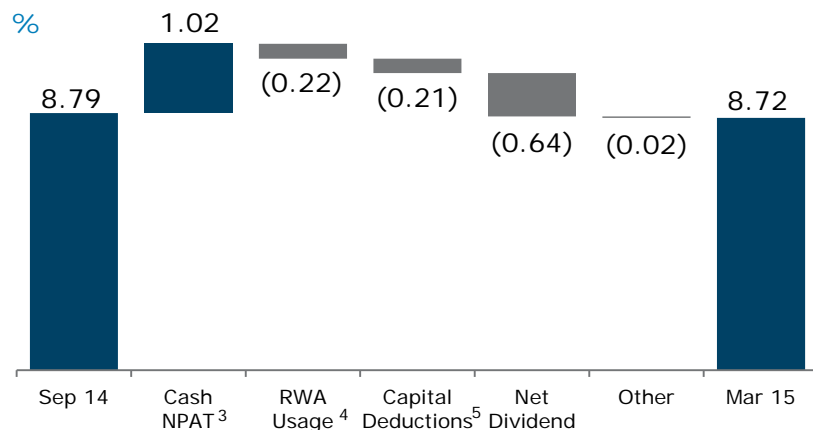
Capital Update

- 1H15 organic capital generation¹ of 59 bps modestly above recent first half performance. APRA Common Equity Tier 1 ratio 8.7%. Target range for CET1 ratio remains around 9% on an APRA basis.
- Internationally Comparable² CET1 ratio is ~3.7% higher than under APRA basis. Reflects variances between Basel III under APRA and Basel standards.
- 1.5% discount for 1H15 Dividend Reinvestment Plan aims to achieve ~20% participation on a full 12 month basis. This level of participation is consistent with average observed since 2012 and capital planning.

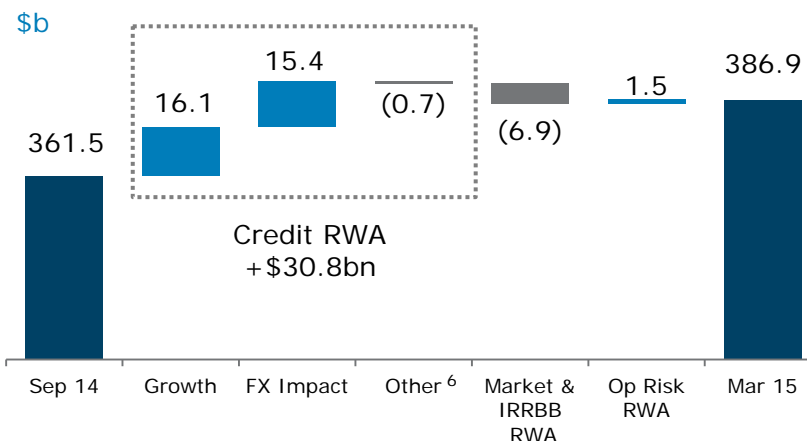
Basel 3 Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)



APRA CET1 movement - Mar 15 v Sep 14



Total RWA movement - Mar 15 v Sep 14



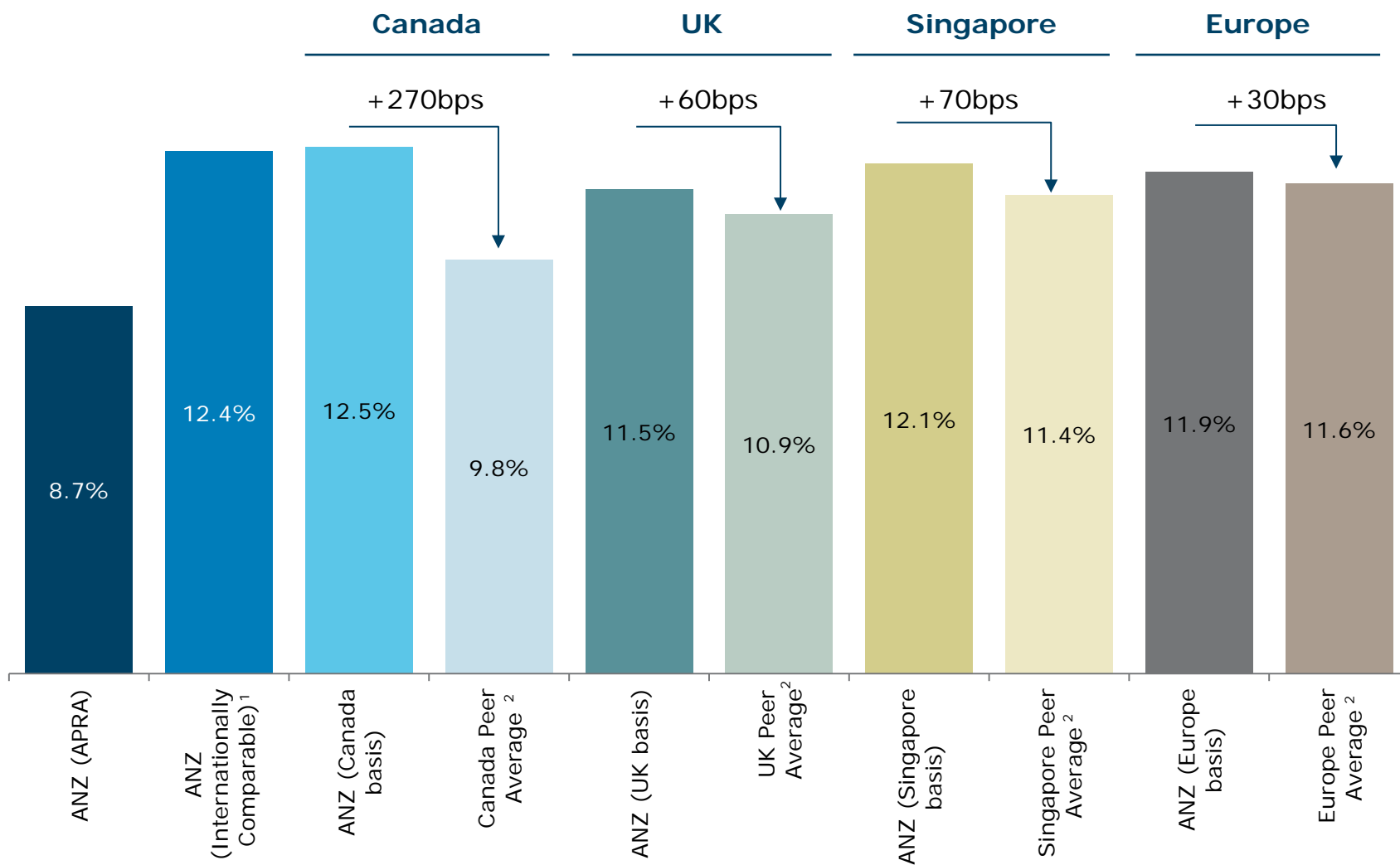
1. Organic capital generation = cash profit - RWA growth - capital deductions. 2. Methodology per *Australian Bankers' Association: International comparability of capital ratios of Australia's major banks* (August 2014). March 2014 comparatives has been restated based on current methodology. 3. Cash profit net of preference share dividends. 4. Includes EL vs. EP shortfall. 5. Represents the movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software and other intangibles. 6. Other includes risk and portfolio data review impact.

Internationally Comparable regulatory capital position

		CET1	Tier 1	Total Capital
APRA		8.7%	10.6%	12.6%
10% / 15% allowance for equity investments and DTA	APRA requires 100% deduction from CET1 vs. Basel framework which allows concessional threshold prior to deduction	0.9%	0.9%	0.8%
Mortgage 20% LGD floor	APRA requires use of 20% mortgage LGD floor vs. 10% under Basel framework	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%
IRRBB RWA (APRA Pillar 1 approach)	APRA includes in Pillar 1 RWA. This is not required under the Basel framework	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%
Specialised Lending (Advanced treatment)	APRA requires supervisory slotting approach which results in more conservative risk weights than under Basel framework	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%
Corporate undrawn EAD and unsecured LGD adjustments	Australian ADI unsecured corporate lending LGDs and undrawn CCFs exceed those applied in many jurisdictions	1.5%	1.8%	2.0%
Other	Includes impact of deductions from CET1 for capitalised expenses and deferred fee income required by APRA	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%
Internationally Comparable¹		12.4%	14.7%	17.1%

1. Internationally Comparable methodology per *Australian Bankers' Association: International comparability of capital ratios of Australia's major banks* (August 2014).

ANZ's CET1 ratio compares favourably to global peers adjusting for regional methodology differences

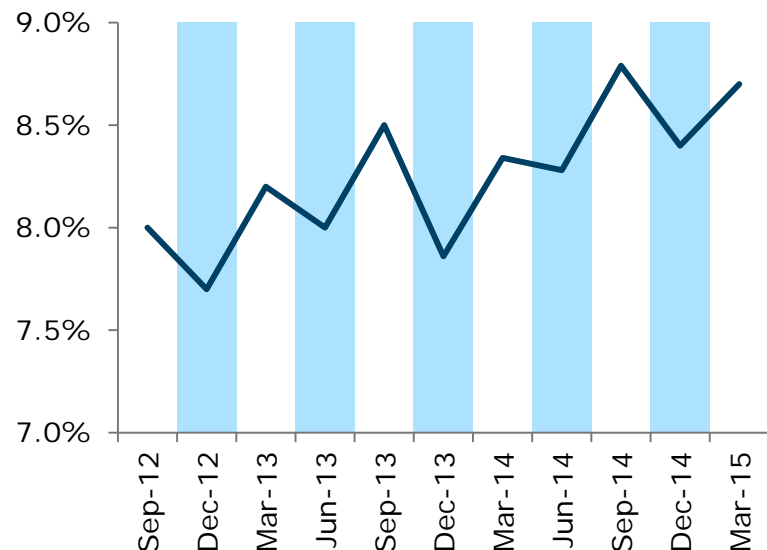


1. Methodology per *Australian Bankers' Association: International comparability of capital ratios of Australia's major banks* (August 2014).

2. Peer estimates are based on RWA weighted average of G-SIB/D-SIBs (ex Singapore which is based on DBS and OCBC) fully loaded Basel III capital ratios per most recent disclosures.

Common Equity Tier 1 ratio, dividend timing and regulatory capital generation

APRA Basel III CET1 Ratio



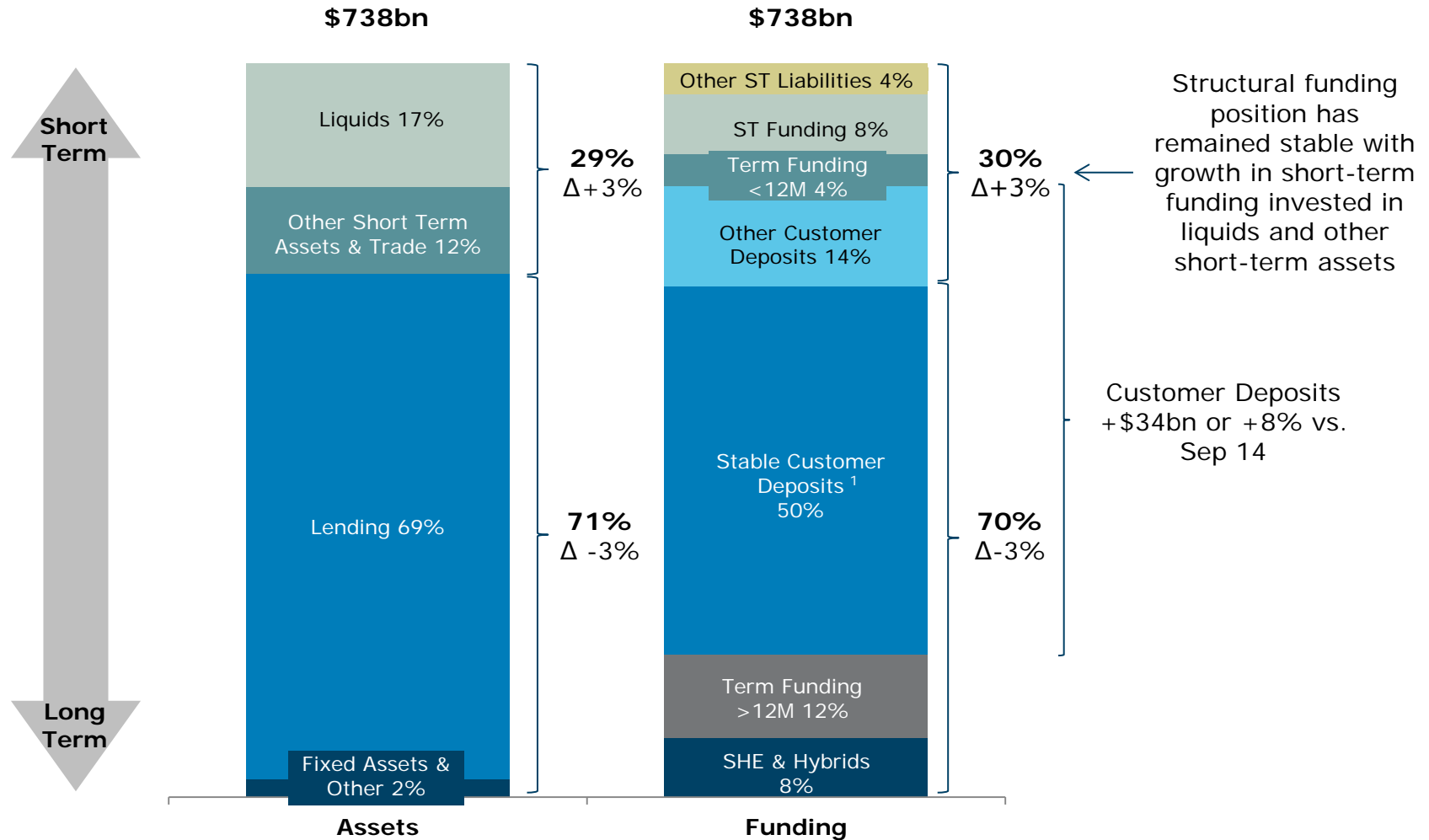
Note: shaded quarters represent declaration of dividends. Basel III basis.

- Under Basel III, dividends are only deducted from regulatory capital in the quarter in which they are declared. This results in volatility in quarterly reported capital ratios.
- To assess the underlying regulatory capital position, dividend payments should be adjusted to accrue evenly over the year, aligned with profit generation.

Common Equity Tier 1 generation (bps)

	First half average 1H12 – 1H14	1H15
Cash profit	102	102
RWA growth	(29)	(22)
Capital deductions	(18)	(21)
Net capital generation	55	59
Gross dividend	(70)	(72)
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	14	8
Core change in CET1 capital ratio	(1)	(5)
Other non-core and non-recurring items	11	(2)
Net change in CET1 capital ratio	10	(7)

Stable balance sheet composition – March 2015

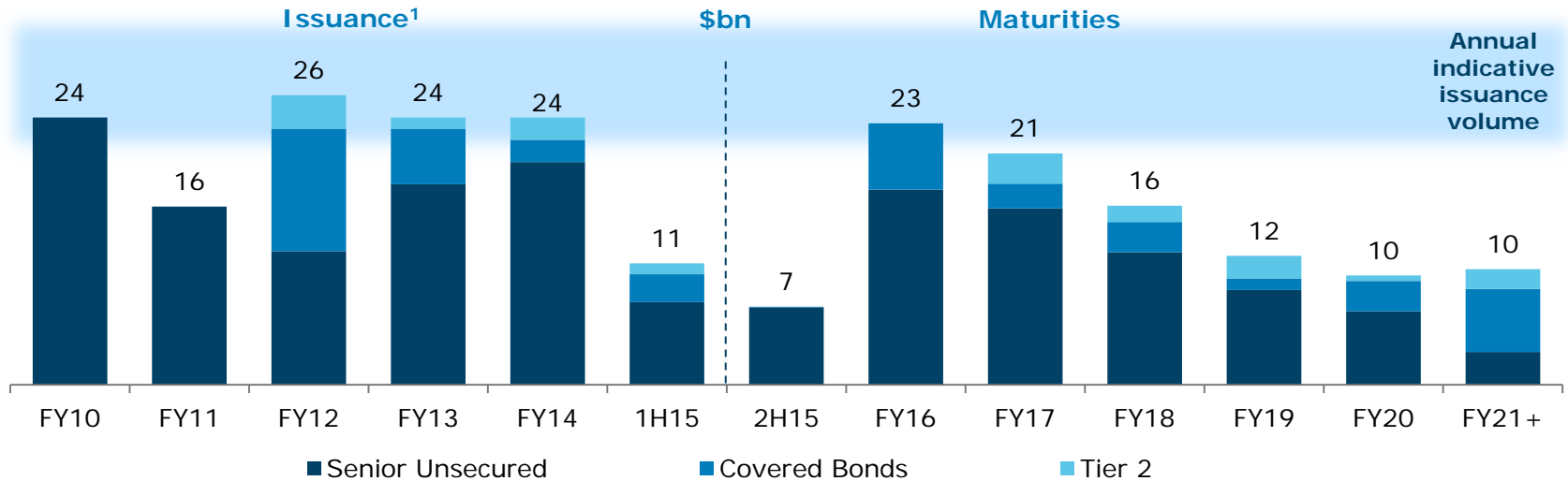


Note: Δ represents the change in % of funded balance sheet from 30 September 2014 to 31 March 2015.

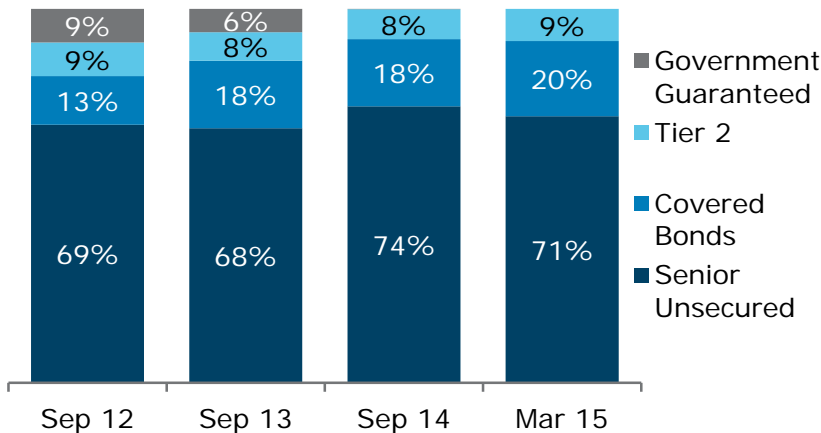
1. Stable customer deposits represent operational type deposits or those sources from retail / business / corporate customers and the stable component of Other funding liabilities.

Term wholesale funding portfolio

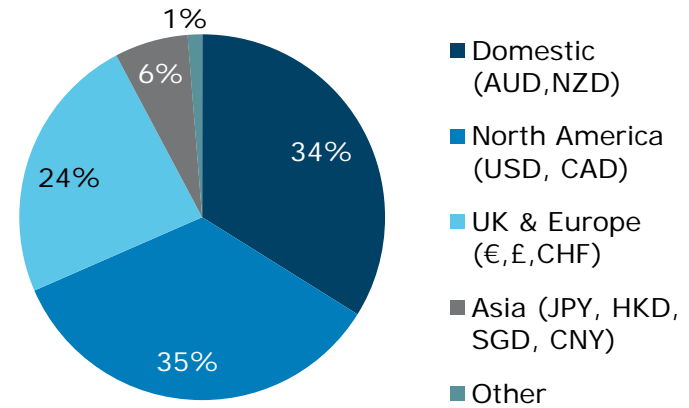
Term Funding Profile



Portfolio by Type



Portfolio by Currency

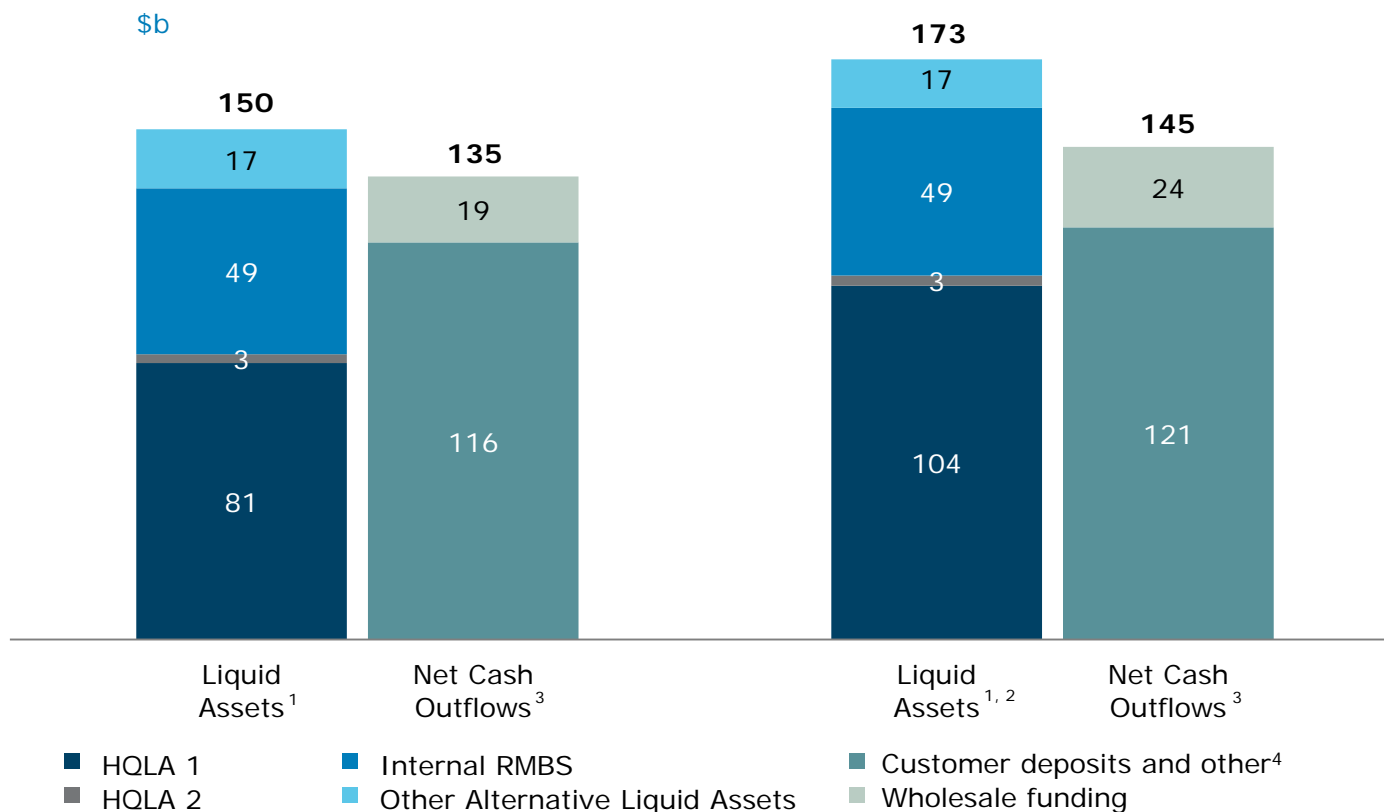


All figures based on historical FX and excludes hybrids.

1. Includes transactions with a call or maturity date greater than 12 months as at 30 September in the respective year of issuance.

Liquidity management successfully transitioned to LCR

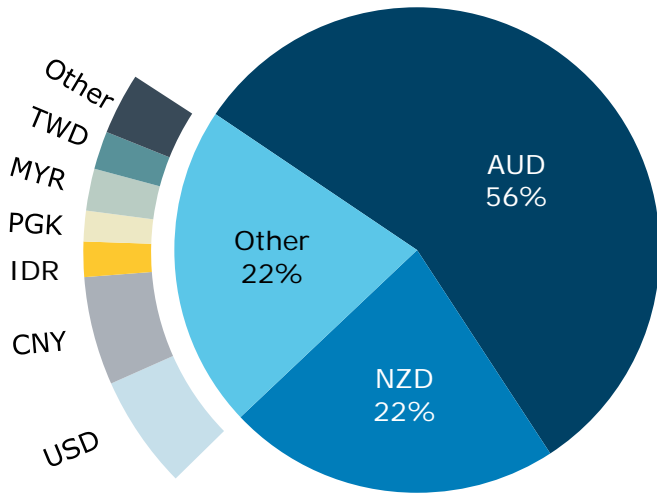
Date	Sep 14	Mar 15
LCR	111%	119%
LCR Surplus	\$15bn	\$28bn



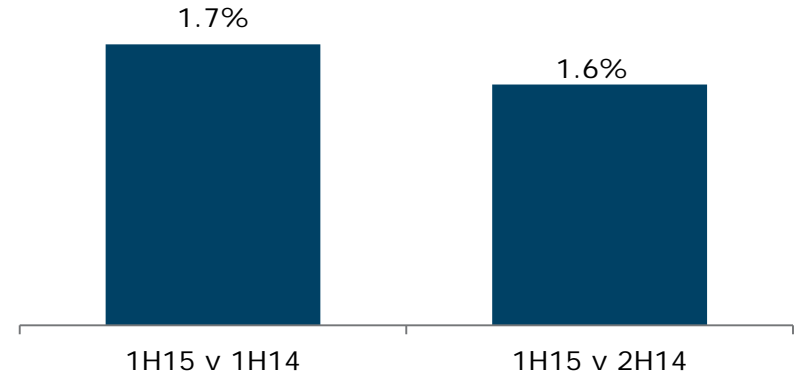
1. Post haircut market value as defined in APS210.
 2. 1H15 includes \$54bn Committed Liquidity Facility.
 3. Basel III LCR 30 day stress scenario cash outflows.
 4. Other include off-balance sheet and cash inflows.

Foreign currency hedging

1H15 Earnings Composition (by currency)

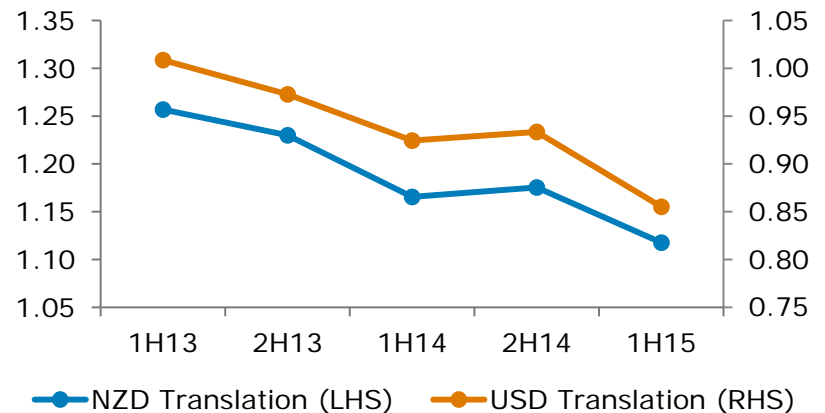


Net FX Impact (EPS)



- The key objective of hedging is to manage short term EPS volatility arising from foreign currency earnings
- Hedges currently in place:
 - FY15: ~80% of remaining earnings.
 - FY16: ~70% of NZD and ~ 25% of USD (inc. currencies that are highly correlated to AUD/USD) earnings.
- Hedging has reduced the impact of a 5% movement of the AUD on FY15 EPS to less than 1%.

Translation Rates (inclusive of hedges)



FX sensitivity (excluding the impact of revenue hedges)

Metric	Approx. annualised impact of 5% fall in AUD ¹	Comments
Income statement		
Revenue	2%	Impact of translation of non-AUD revenue
Operating expenses	2%	Impact of translation of non-AUD expenses
Cash profit	2%	Net result of revenue and expense FX effects, excluding the impact of foreign currency hedges.
Net interest margin	(1 bp)	Mix impact due to a higher relative contribution from lower risk and lower margin APEA assets
Cost to income ratio	+2 bps	FX effect on revenue and expenses largely offset each other, however average cost to income ratios in non-AUD denominated businesses are marginally higher
Balance sheet		
Collective provision coverage	(0.5 bp)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CP overlays booked in AUD vs. a proportion of CRWA denominated in foreign currencies Further impact from higher CRWA on FX derivatives with no corresponding CP as derivatives are marked-to-market and attract CVA
Funding	+\$4 bn	Collateral flows under cross currency swaps used to hedge existing offshore funding liabilities
Return on equity	+3 bps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Driven by positive FX effect on cash profit (see above) partially offset by increase in FCTR Minimal impact on CET1 ratio

1. Impact from a lower AUD relative to foreign currencies. Analysis based on 1H15 results (excluding the impact of foreign currency revenue hedges).

Regulatory landscape

		Status	ANZ's position
Capital	Leverage ratio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> APRA draft standard Sep 2014 No minimum currently specified, BCBS 3% 	Leverage ratio 4.5-5.5% at 1H15 depending on final calibration
	Level 3 capital adequacy "Conglomerates"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> APRA draft Level 3 standards Aug 2014 Finalisation and implementation deferred until Financial System Inquiry recommendations considered by government/APRA 	No material impact expected based on current draft standards
	Basel Standardised and floors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BCBS consultation papers released Dec 2014 propose changes to Standardised risk weights, introduction of Advanced approach capital floors 	ANZ has participated in BCBS QIS. Impact of any changes subject to final BCBS calibration and APRA implementation.
	Total Loss Absorbing Capacity (TLAC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Financial Stability Board proposal released Nov 2014 details minimum TLAC requirements for G-SIBs 	Proposal currently does not apply to D-SIBs. If applied to ANZ, wide range of outcomes depending on calibration including basis for measuring capital base, D-SIB minimum etc
Funding	Liquidity Coverage Ratio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Full implementation from Jan 2015 Disclosure timetable to be determined by APRA 	Full compliance at 1H15 (LCR 119%)
	Net Stable Funding Ratio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BCBS standard Jan 2014 APRA standard yet to be finalised, expected implementation 2018 	Do not expect NSFR to require any material change to balance sheet composition
Other	Financial System Inquiry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Key recommendations to government: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set standards such that Australian ADI capital ratios are unquestionably strong Raise Advanced IRB mortgage risk weights to narrow difference with Standardised approach Implement loss absorption and recapitalisation framework in-line with international practice Introduce Basel framework leverage ratio Final round consultation closed 31 March 2015 	Refer to ANZ's submission on the Final Report of the Financial System Inquiry published 1 April 2015

2015

HALF YEAR RESULTS

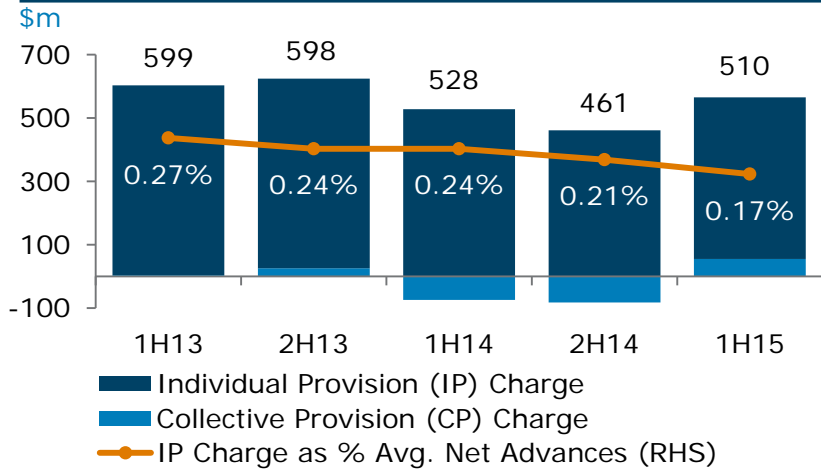
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED
5 MAY 2015

Risk Management

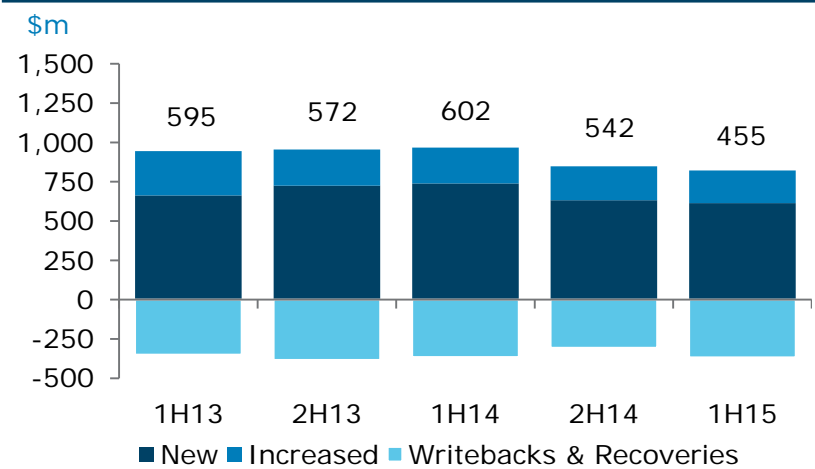


Provision Charge

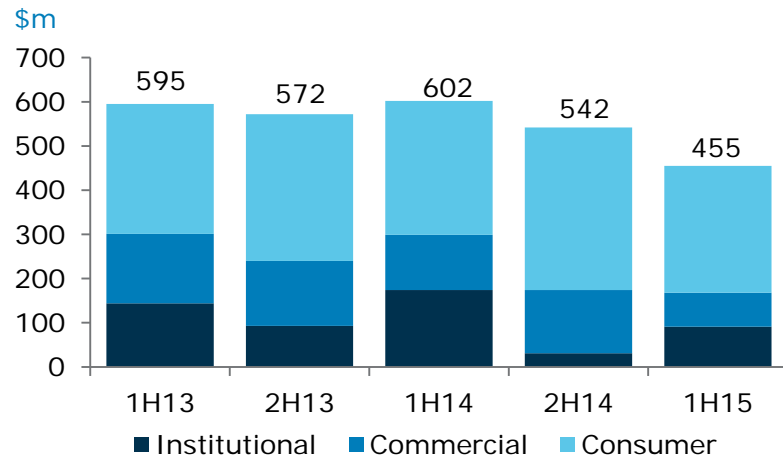
Provision charge



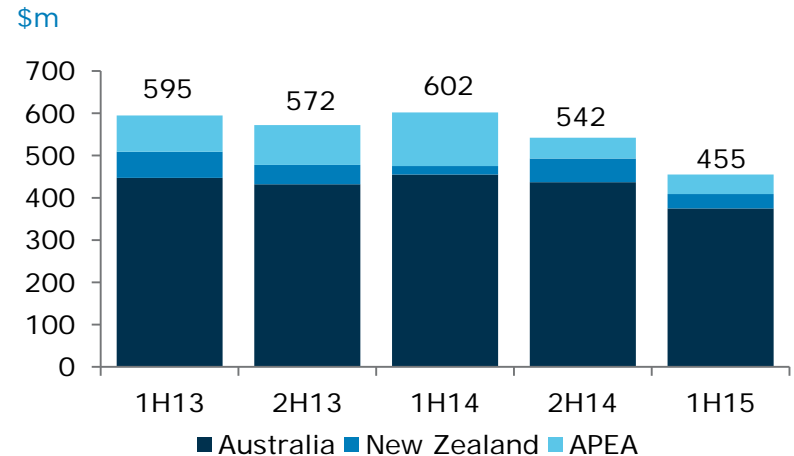
Individual provision charge composition



Individual provision charge by segment

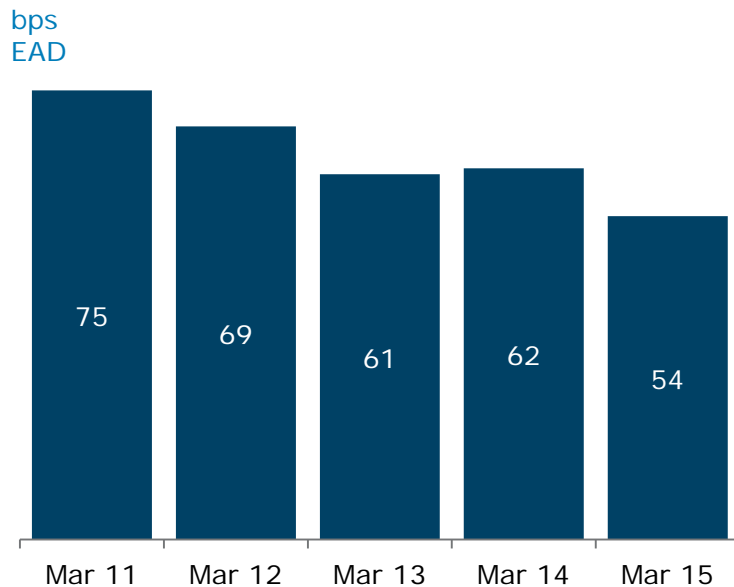


Individual provision charge by region

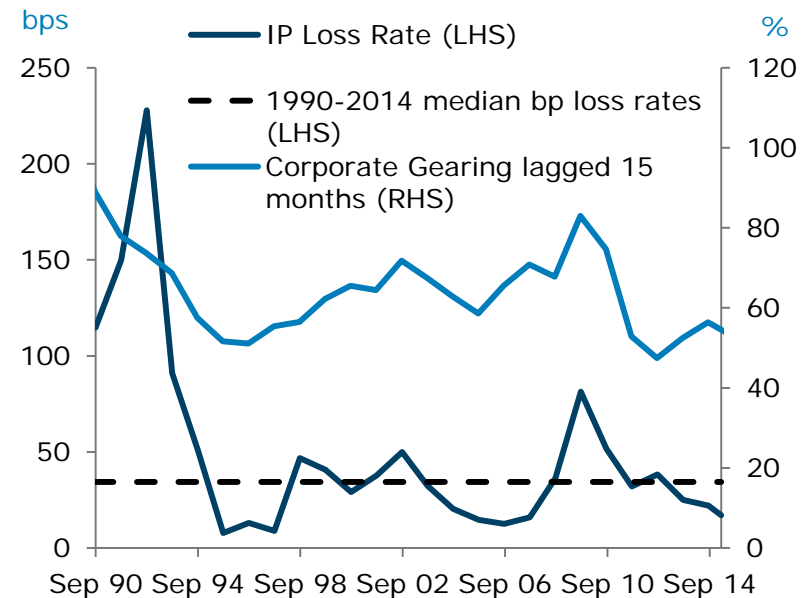


Historical Loss

Group regulatory expected loss



Historical observed loss rates



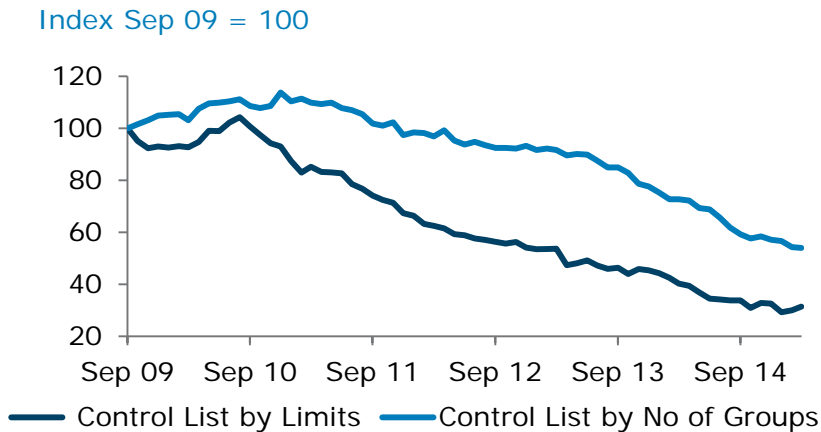
Corporate gearing remains low

- Corporate gearing ratios¹ were compared with the Group IP loss rates from 1990. Lagging corporate gearing 15 months provides a reasonably strong relationship, with corporate gearing a leading indicator of loss
- Current IP loss rate (annualised) as at Mar'15 was 17bps which is similar to that observed between 2005 and 2007
- The annualised 1H15 IP loss rate (17 bps) is the 6th lowest rate over the time period analysed since 1990

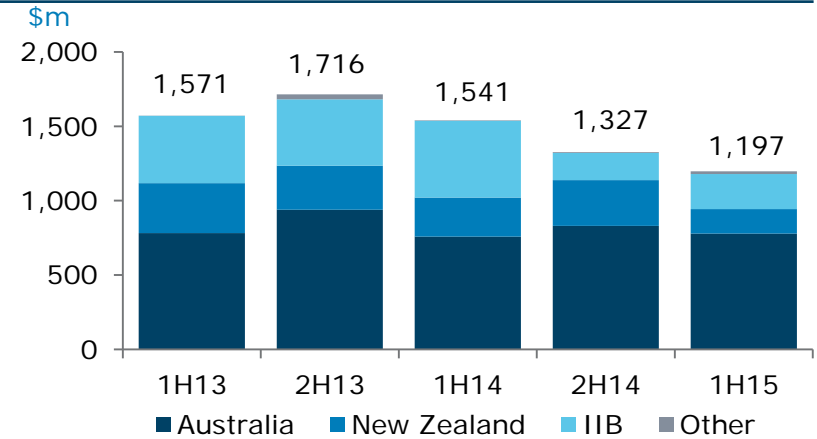
1. Debt to equity ratios for listed Australian Corporations sourced from the RBA.

Impaired Assets

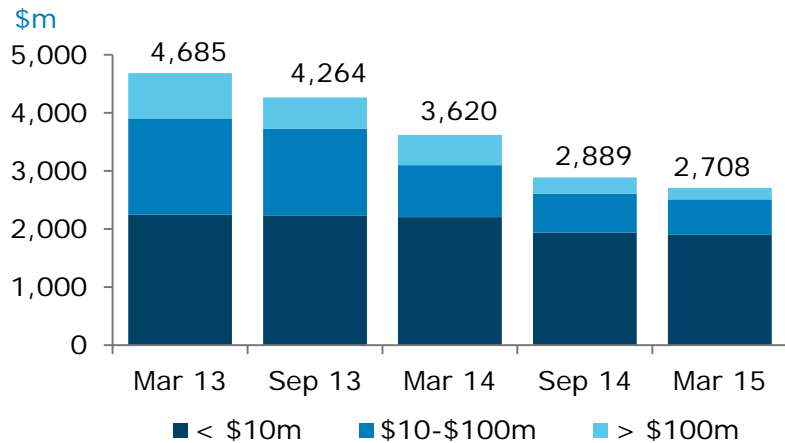
Control list



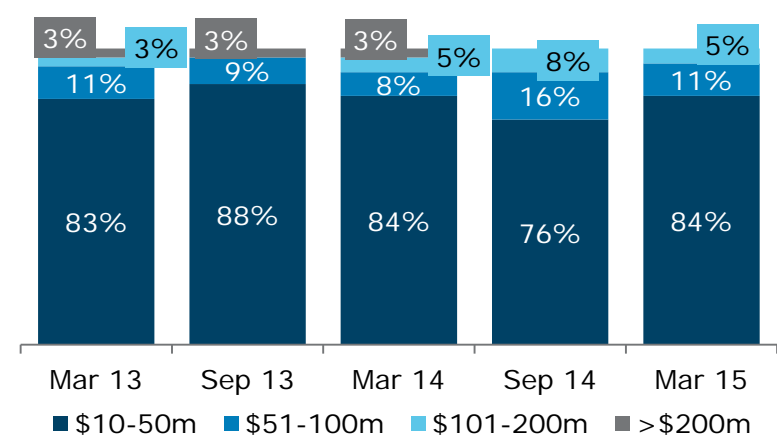
New impaired assets by division



Gross impaired assets by size of exposure



Impaired assets concentration by number of customers¹



1. Only >\$10m customers.

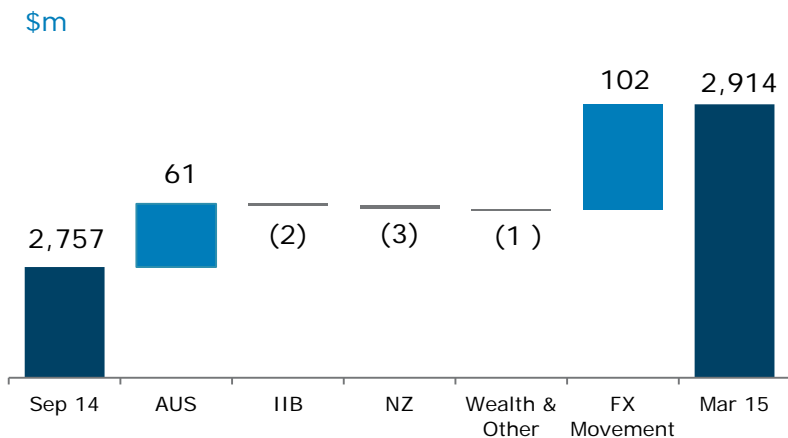
Collective Provision

CP Balance Growth

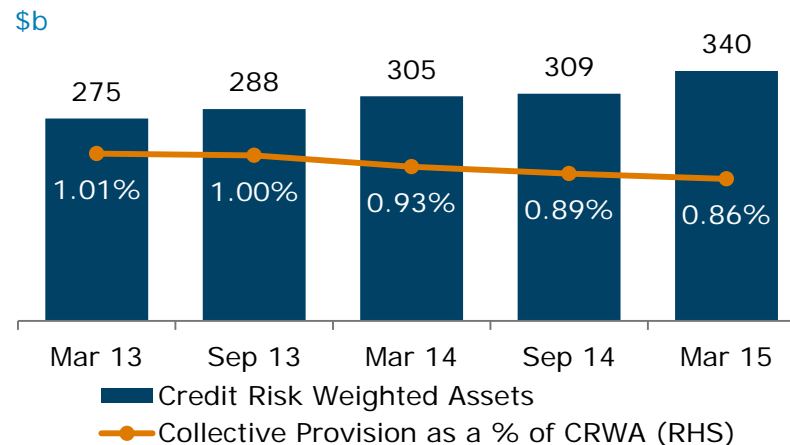
The collective provision balance increased by \$157m in the first half of FY15, to \$2,914m, predominantly driven by:

- Foreign exchange, particularly the depreciation of the AUD against the USD and against the NZD, which accounted for \$102m, or 65%, of this increase
- Portfolio growth of \$54m, specifically the Australia Division (67%), driven by the retail portfolios

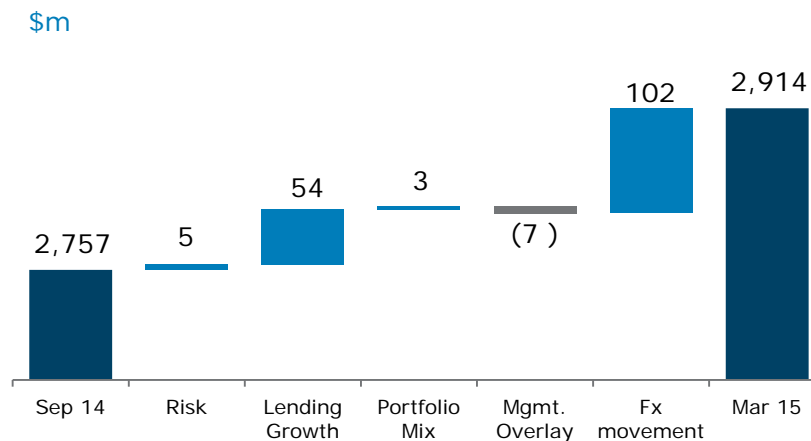
Collective provision by division



CP coverage

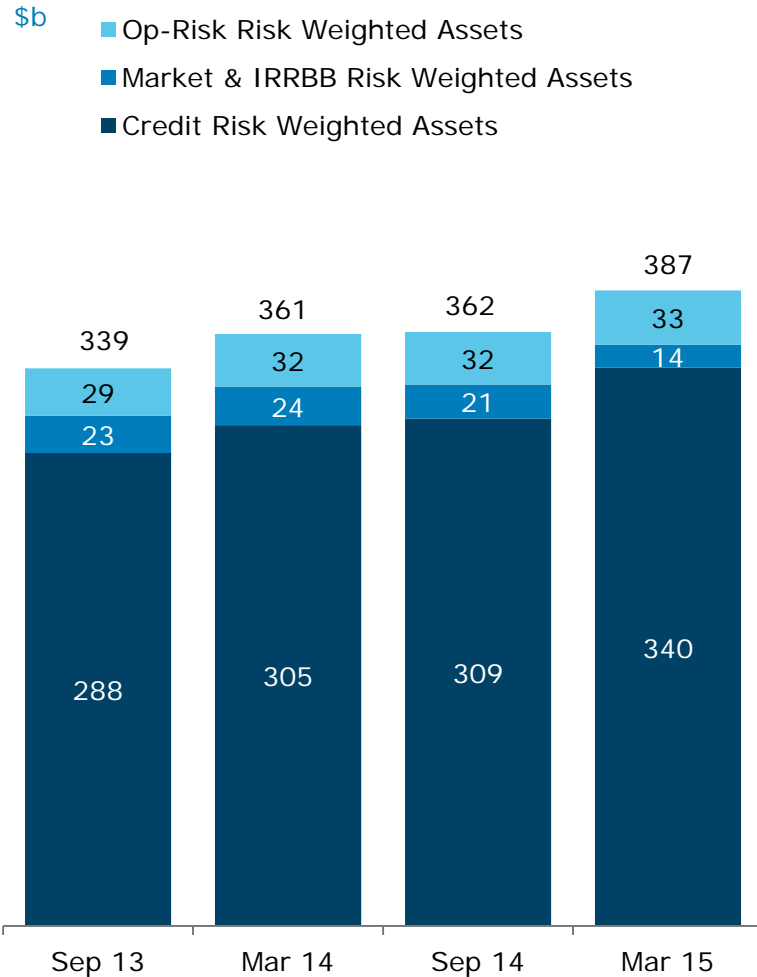


Collective provision by source

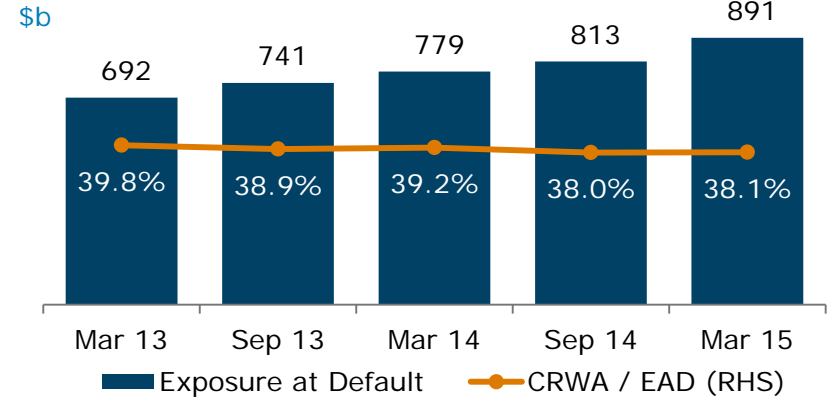


Risk Weighted Assets

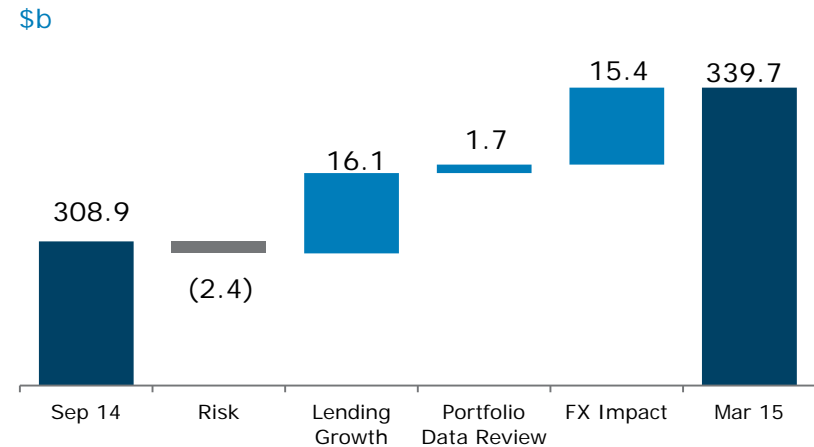
Total risk weighted assets



Group EAD & CRWAs



CRWA movement - Mar 15 v Sep 14



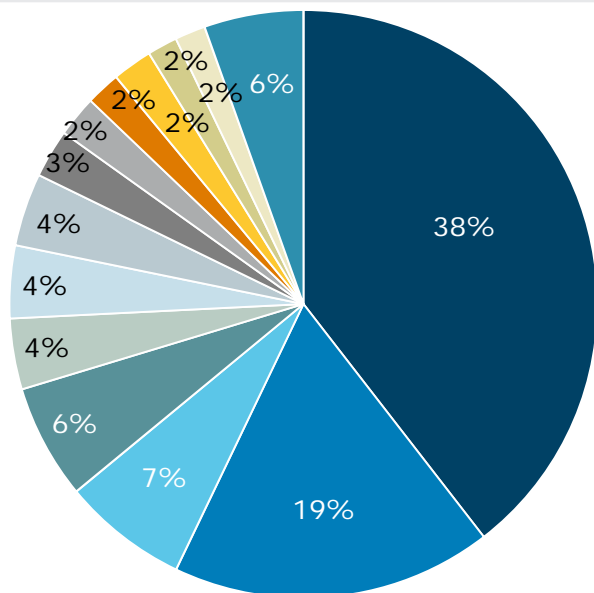
Portfolio composition

Exposure at default (EAD) as a % of Group total

ANZ Group

Total Group EAD (Mar 15)

\$869b¹



Category	% of Group EAD		% of Portfolio in Non Performing		Portfolio Balance in Non Performing
	Mar 14	Mar 15	Mar 14	Mar 15	Mar 15
Consumer Lending	40.3%	38.2%	0.2%	0.2%	\$608m
Finance, Investment & Insurance	16.4%	18.7%	0.1%	0.1%	\$93m
Property Services	7.0%	6.8%	1.7%	1.3%	\$757m
Manufacturing	6.1%	6.5%	0.6%	0.5%	\$297m
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	4.2%	3.9%	3.5%	2.1%	\$728m
Government & Official Institutions	3.8%	4.4%	0.0%	0.0%	\$0m
Wholesale trade	3.9%	4.0%	0.6%	0.4%	\$154m
Retail Trade	2.7%	2.6%	0.6%	0.4%	\$101m
Transport & Storage	2.4%	2.2%	3.0%	1.3%	\$257m
Business Services	1.9%	1.8%	1.3%	0.9%	\$151m
Resources (Mining)	2.3%	2.2%	0.7%	0.5%	\$97m
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply	1.7%	1.6%	0.1%	0.1%	\$10m
Construction	1.6%	1.6%	1.9%	1.7%	\$240m
Other	5.7%	5.5%	0.6%	0.5%	\$220m

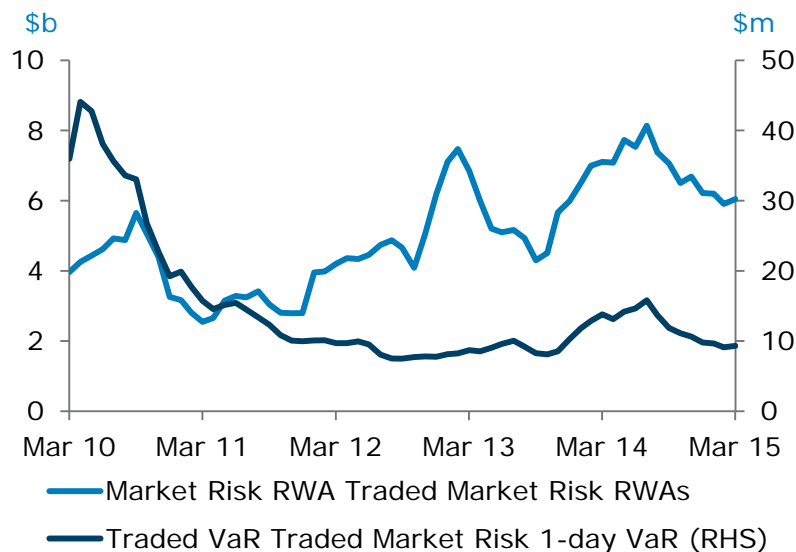
1. EAD excludes amounts for 'Securitisation' and 'Other Assets' Basel asset classes.

Risk Weighted Assets and Value at Risk

Risk weighted asset and VaR outcomes

- Traded Market Risk VaR usage remained moderate to low
- Traded Market Risk 1-day 99% VaR and RWA declined YoY through disciplined approach to managing our exposures to market disruption and stress
- RWA for Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book (IRRBB) declined YoY primarily due to higher embedded market value, reduced credit spread volatility and shortening the duration of the Investment Term of Capital

Traded market risk weighted asset trends



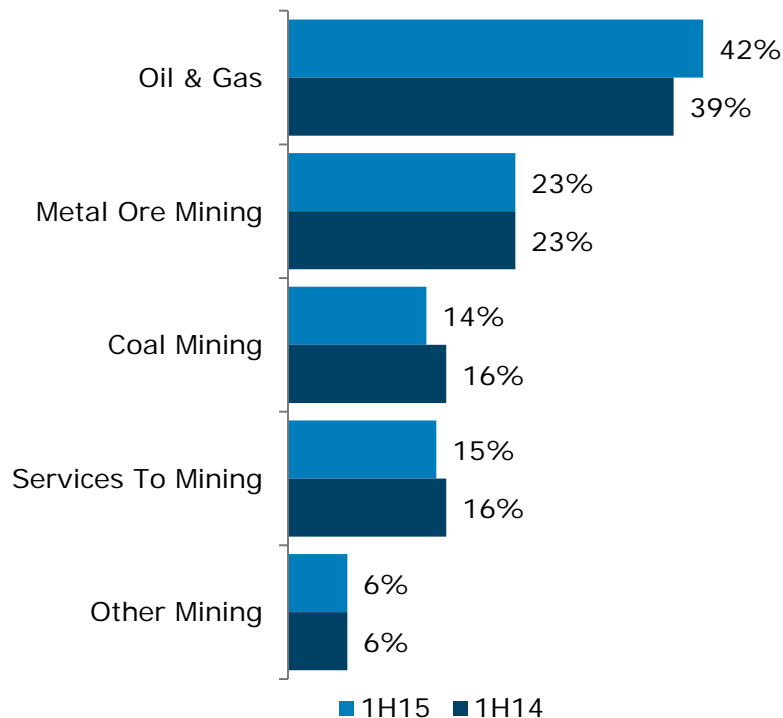
IRRBB risk weighted asset trends



Resources Portfolio

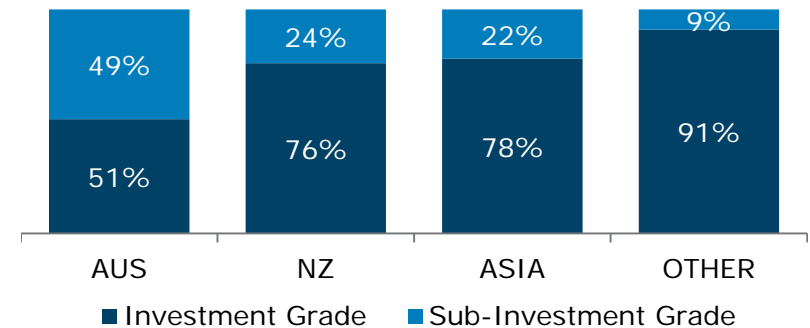
Resources exposure by sector (% EAD)

Total EAD (Mar 15)	As a % of Group EAD
\$19.5b	2.2%



Resources exposure credit quality by geography (EAD)

AUS (\$b)	NZ (\$b)	ASIA (\$b)	EA & Other (\$b)
9.8	0.9	4.3	4.5



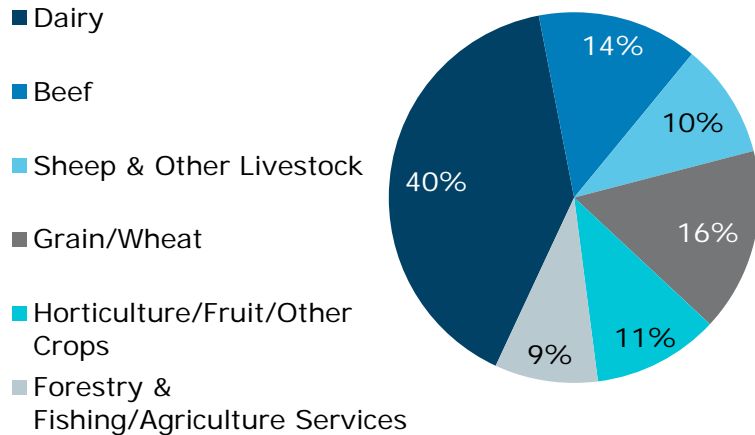
Resources portfolio management

- Portfolio is skewed towards well capitalised and lower cost resource producers. Over a third of the book is less than one year duration.
- Investment grade exposures represent 67% of portfolio. Mix of investment grade exposures in portfolio has increased across all geographies in 1H15.
- Trade accounts for 21% of the Total Resources EAD.
- Mining services customers are subject to heightened oversight given the cautious outlook for services sector.

Agri portfolio

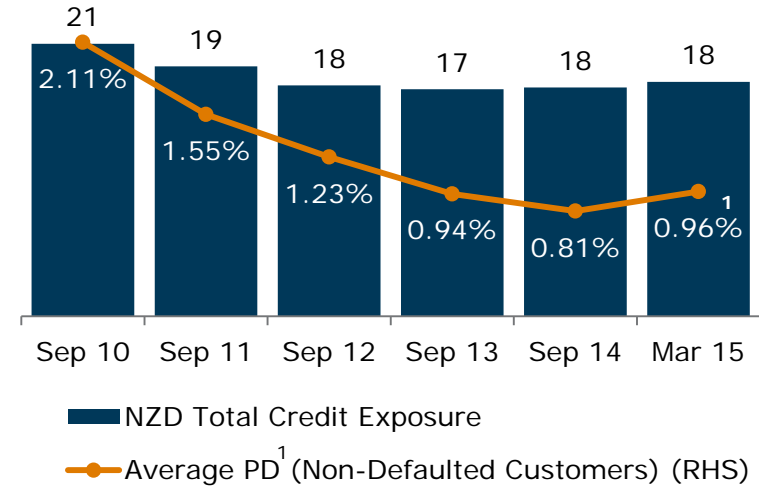
Agriculture exposure by sector (% EAD)

Total EAD (Mar 15)	As a % of Group EAD
\$34.0b	3.9%

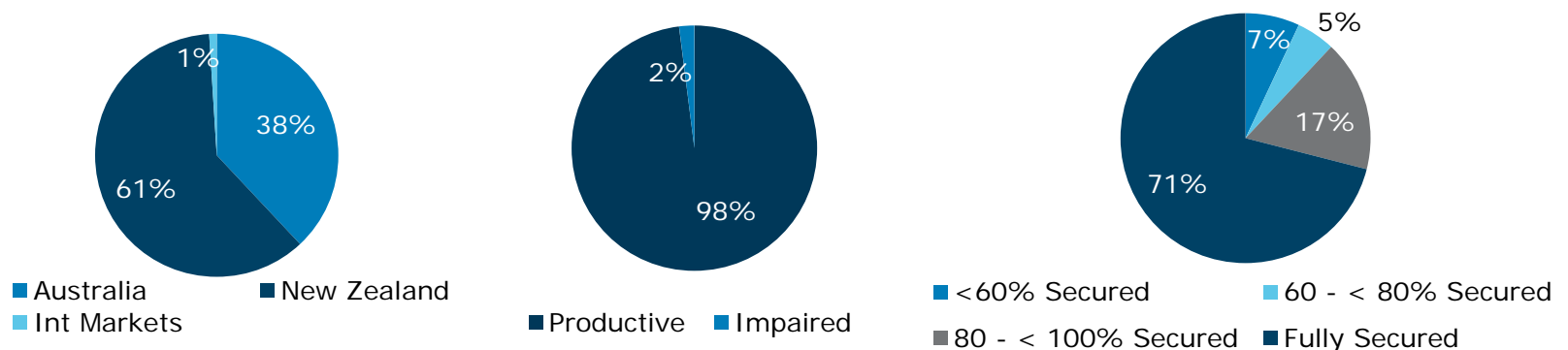


New Zealand Agri credit quality

NZ\$ b



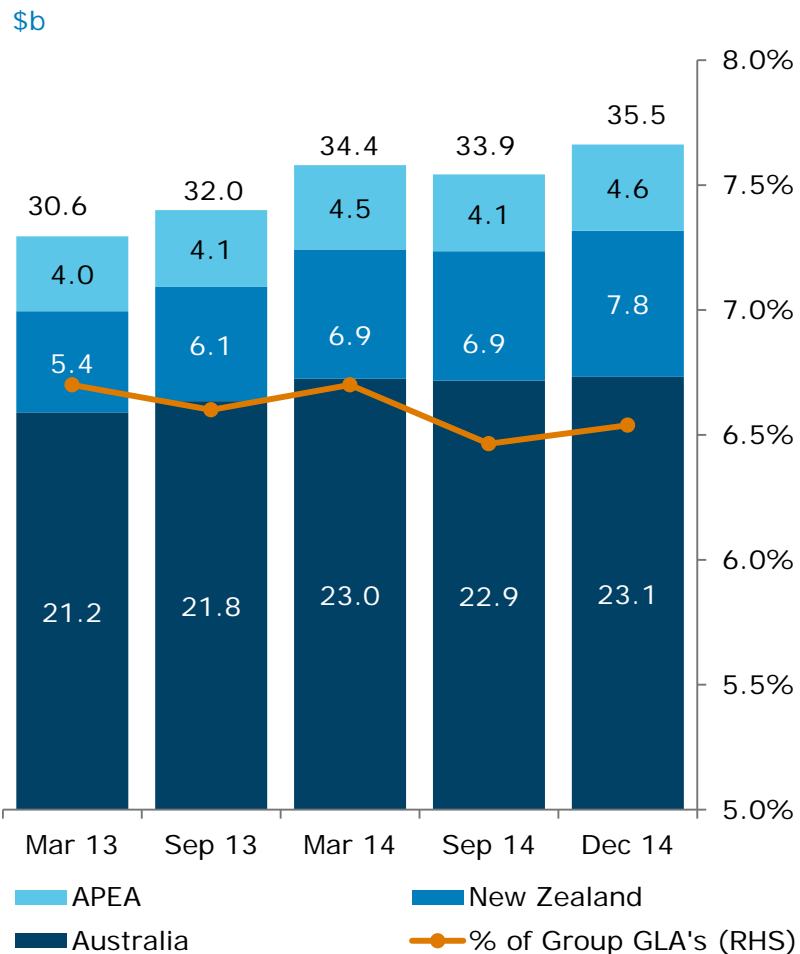
Group Agriculture EAD splits



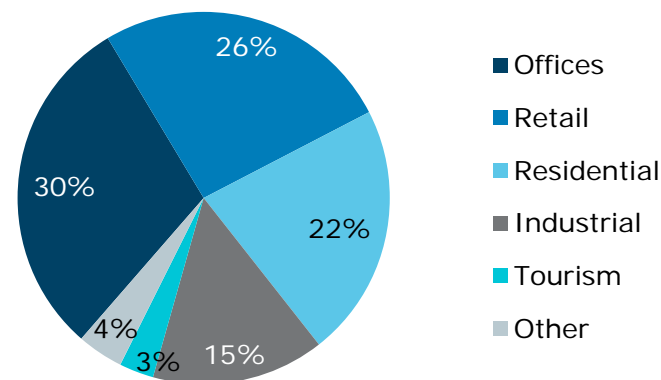
1. PD model changes account for 11bps increase in 1H15.

Commercial property portfolio

Commercial Property outstandings by region¹



Commercial Property outstandings by sector¹



Property peer comparison²

\$m	ANZ	Peer 1	Peer 2	Peer 3
Property Portfolio EAD	51,039	68,739	72,935	57,994
Property EAD Growth Rates	7.9%	(1.6%)	13.9%	7.0%
Property EAD/Total EAD	5.73%	7.57%	8.50%	6.42%
Impaired Assets	424	1,497	726	318
Property Impaired Assets/Property EAD	0.83%	2.18%	1.00%	0.55%

1. As per ARF230 disclosure.

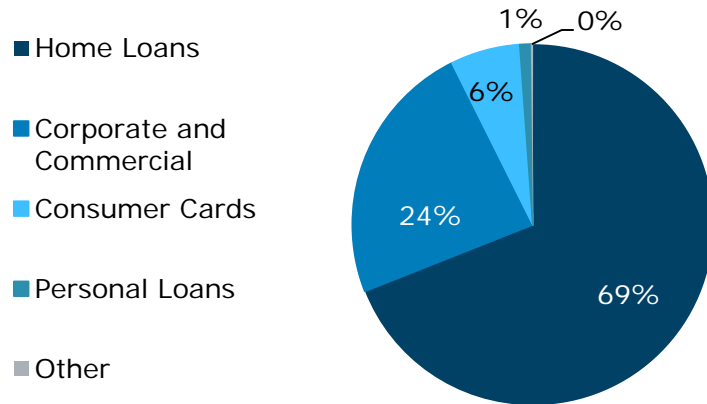
2. As per APS330 disclosure. ANZ includes property services, not consistent across peers.

Industry Themes and Guidelines for Quality

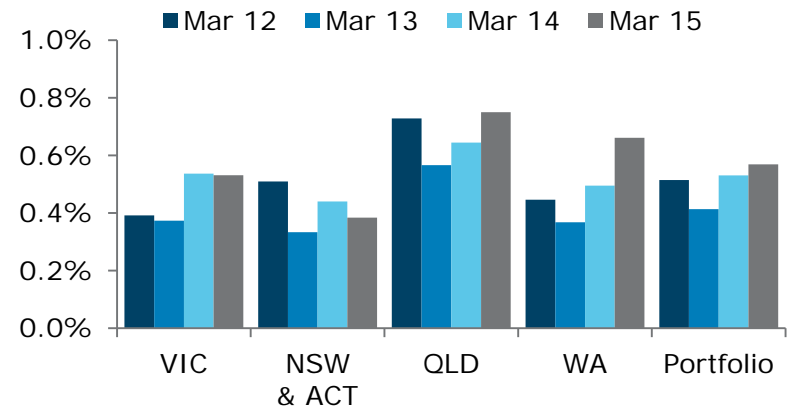
Areas on Watch	ANZ Lending Principles Examples
<p>1. Commercial Property</p> <p>Land and buildings primarily leased to third parties or new buildings constructed to be leased or sold to third parties.</p>	<p>1.1 Focus on key markets in Australia, New Zealand, Singapore and Hong Kong</p> <p>1.2 No appetite for speculative development</p> <p>1.3 Limited appetite to lend against third party leased specialised buildings</p>
<p>2. Residential Property</p> <p>Residential Land and/or buildings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Variable or fixed rate • Owner occupied, investor, equity loan • Interest only or Principal & Interest 	<p>2.1 Triggers and controls guide growth in investment, interest only and high LVR-band lending</p> <p>2.2 Very limited appetite for Self Managed Super Fund lending</p> <p>2.3 No appetite for reverse home loans or sub-prime loans</p>
<p>3. Resources Sector</p> <p>Industry sectors include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Metal Ore (Including Iron Ore) • Mining and Mining Services • Mining infrastructure • Oil and Gas • Coal 	<p>3.1 Relationships focused on low cost producers</p> <p>3.2 We are focused on intermediating trade and FX flows</p> <p>3.3 Mining infrastructure cost sustainability monitored</p> <p>3.4 Preference for equipment leasing over unsecured lending</p>

Australia Division

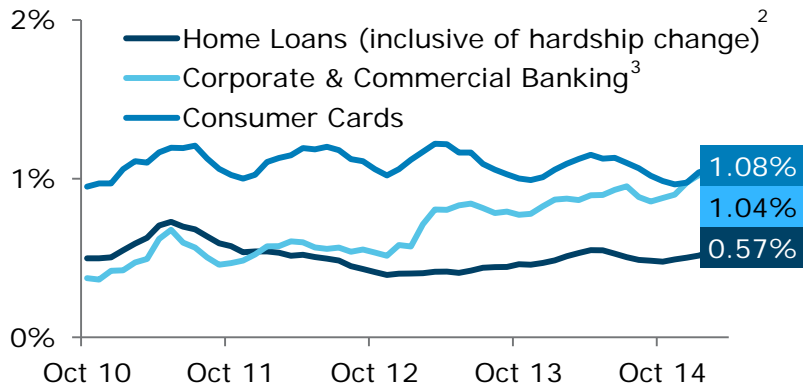
Australia Division credit exposure (EAD)



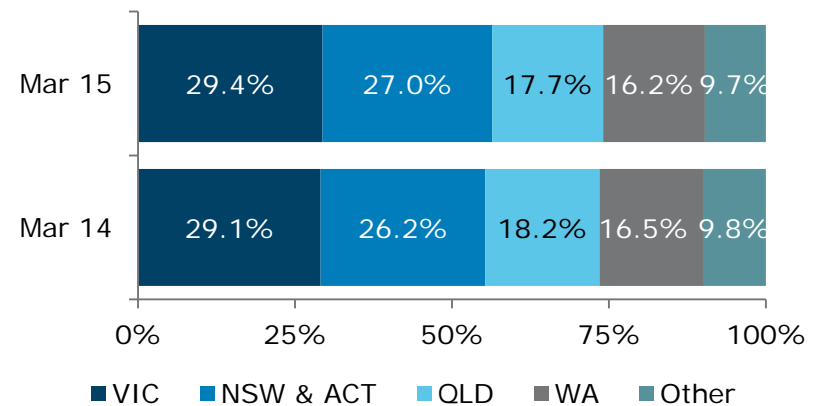
Australia Home Loans 90+ day delinquencies by state¹



Australia Division 90+ day delinquencies¹



Australia Home Loans portfolio by state¹



1. Exclusive of Non Performing Loans.

2. Hardship changes implemented Apr 2013. For comparison: 90+ excluding hardship changes as at Mar 2015 is 0.46%.

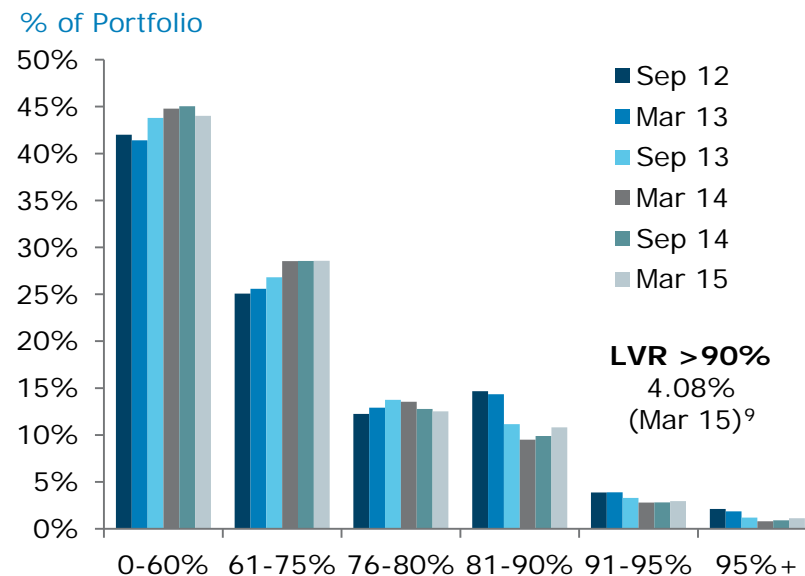
3. Includes Small Business, Commercial Cards and Esanda Retail.

Australia Home Loans portfolio

1H15 portfolio statistics¹

Total Number of Home Loan Accounts	934k
Total Home Loans FUM	\$218b
% of Total Australia Geography Lending	60%
% of Total Group Lending	39%
Owner Occupied Loans - % of Portfolio ²	60%
Average Loan Size at Origination (1H15 average) ^{3,4}	\$376k
Average LVR at Origination (1H15) ^{3,4,5}	71%
Average Dynamic LVR of Portfolio ^{4,5,6}	51%
% of Portfolio Ahead on Repayments ^{7,8}	43%
% of Portfolio Paying Interest Only ⁸	35%

Dynamic loan to value ratio⁵



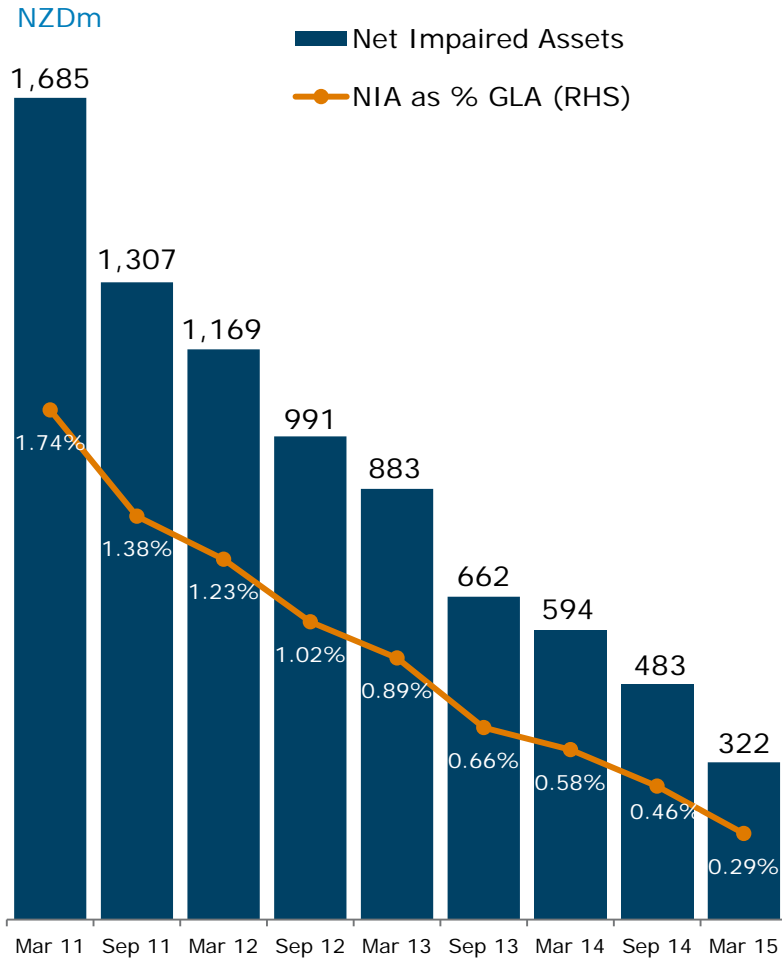
Individual provision as % of average NLA

	FY12	FY13	FY14	1H15
Group	0.38%	0.25%	0.22%	0.17%
Australia Home Loans	0.02%	0.02%	0.01%	0.01%

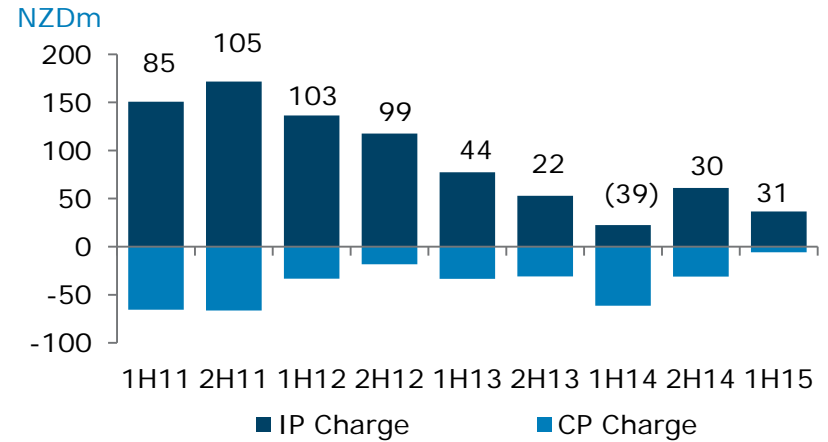
1. Home Loans (inclusive of NPLs, exclusive of offset balances). 2. Excludes Equity Manager. 3. Originated 1H15. 4. Unweighted.
5. Including capitalised premiums. 6. Valuations updated Mar 2015 where available. 7. % of customers >30 days ahead of repayments.
8. Excludes revolving credit. 9. Excluding capitalised premiums, the % of portfolio with LVR >90% as at Sep 2014 is 2.35% (Mar 2015 was 2.6%)

New Zealand

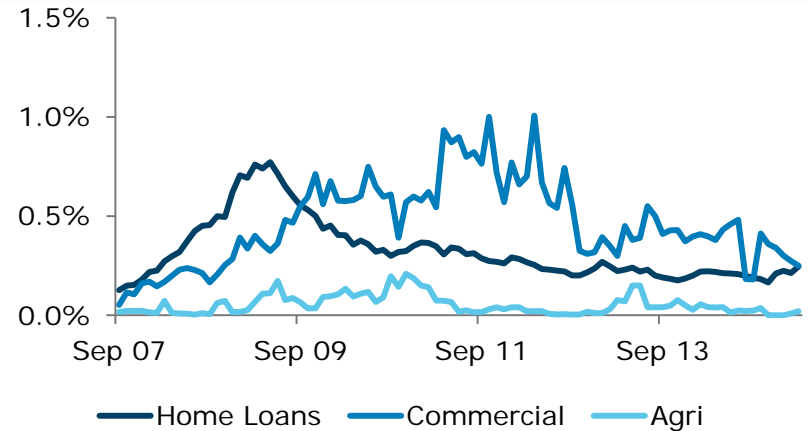
NZ Geography net impaired assets



NZ Geography total provision charge



NZ Division 90+ days delinquencies



New Zealand mortgages portfolio

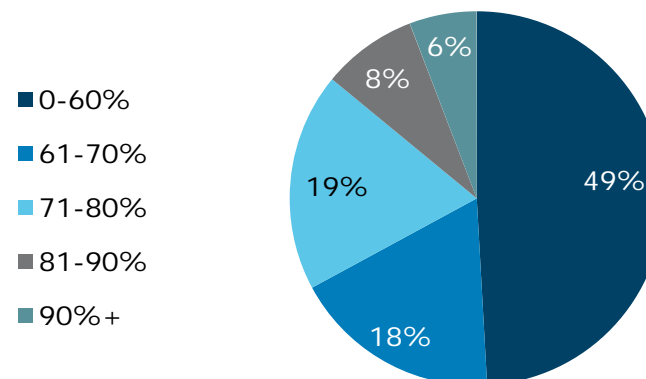
1H15 portfolio statistics

Total Number of Mortgage Accounts	494k
Total Mortgage FUM (NZD)	\$64b
% of Total New Zealand Lending	59%
% of Total Group Lending ¹	11%
Owner Occupied Loans - % of Portfolio	75%
Average Loan Size at Origination (NZD)	\$289k
Average LVR at Origination ²	64%
Average Dynamic LVR of Portfolio ³	49%
% of Portfolio Paying Interest Only ⁴	22%

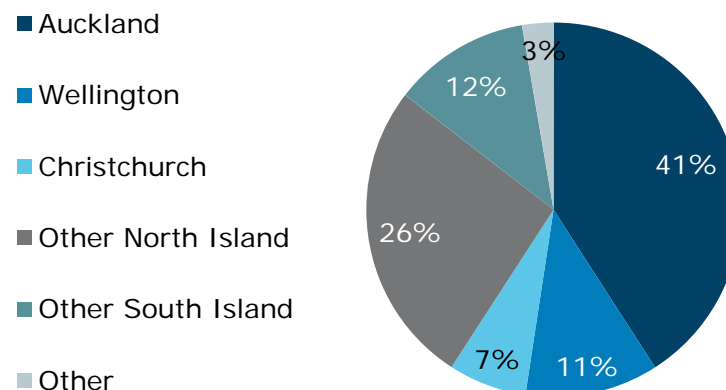
Individual provision as % of average NLA

	FY12	FY13	FY14	1H15
Group ¹	0.38%	0.25%	0.22%	0.17%
New Zealand Mortgages ⁵	0.07%	0.04%	0.06%	0.01%

Dynamic loan to valuation ratio



Mortgage portfolio by region



1. As % of group average NLA. 2. Average LVR at Origination (not weighted by balance). 3. Average dynamic LVR as at (not weighted by balance) – Dynamic LVR graph as at Feb 2015. 4. Excludes revolving credit facilities. 5. Individual Provision as % average NLA.

2015

HALF YEAR RESULTS

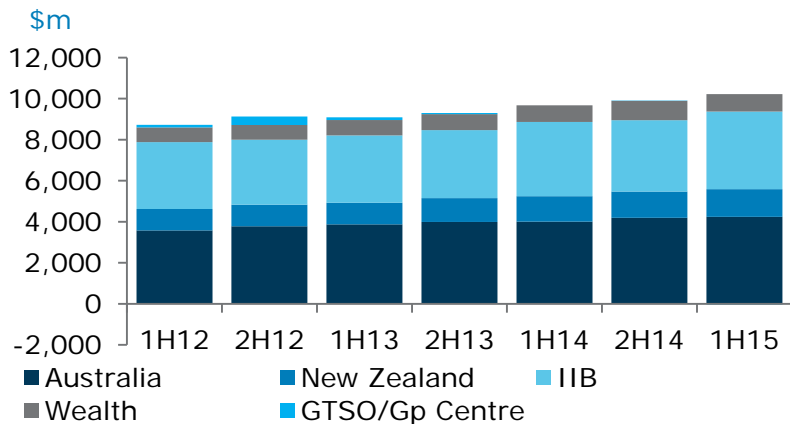
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED
5 MAY 2015

Group Overview

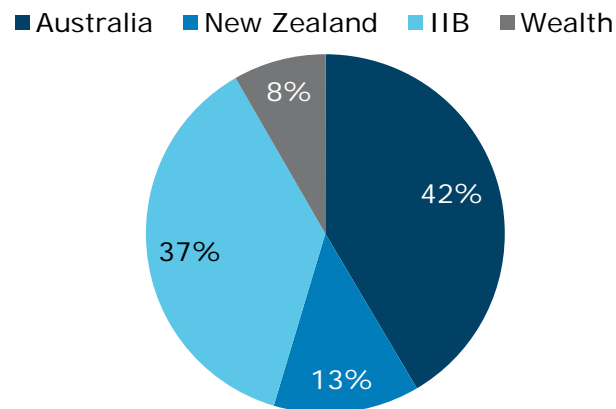


Profit & Loss contribution by division

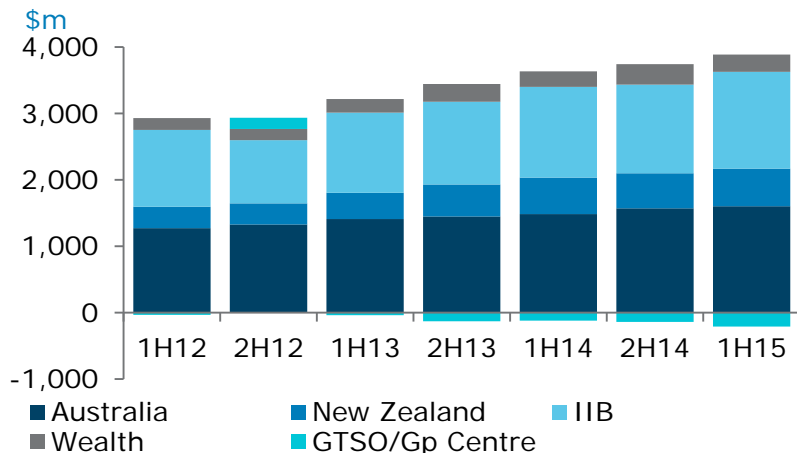
Operating Income by Division



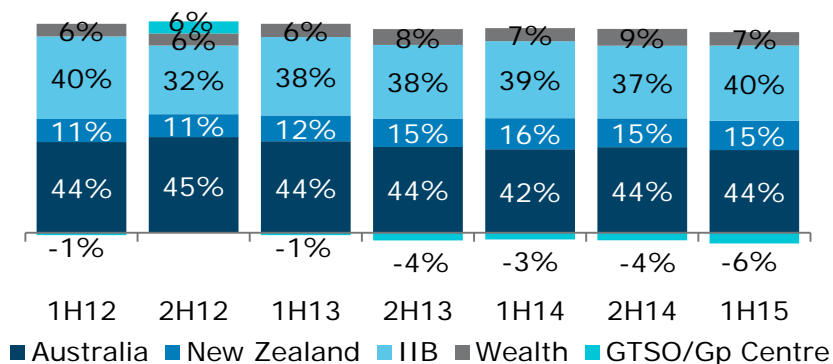
Operating Income by Division 1H15



Net Profit after Tax by Division

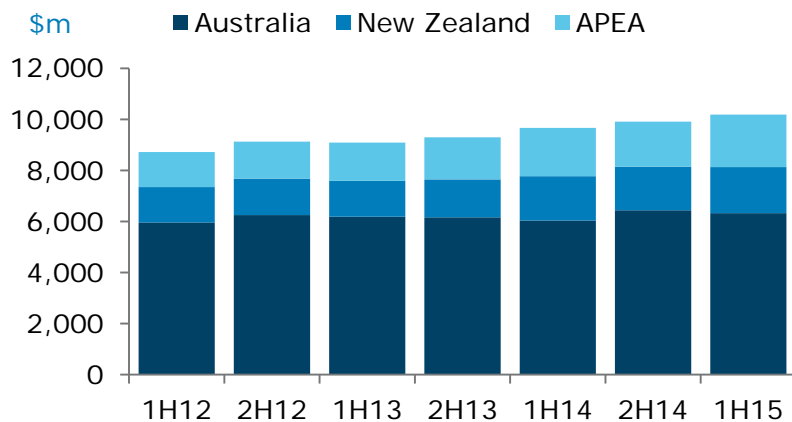


Net Profit after Tax by Division

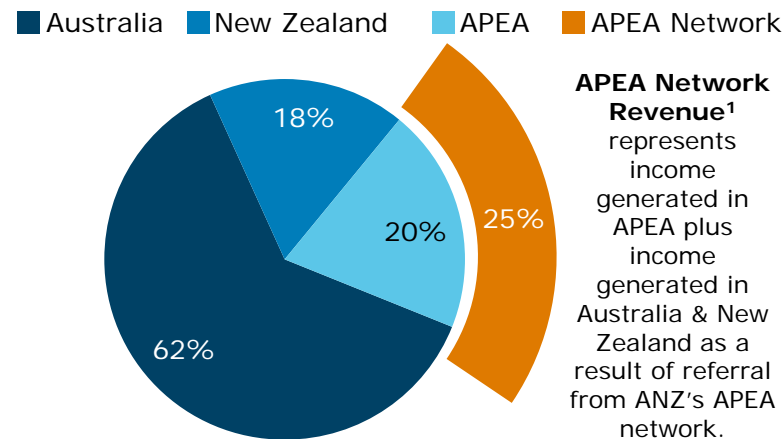


Profit & Loss contribution by geography

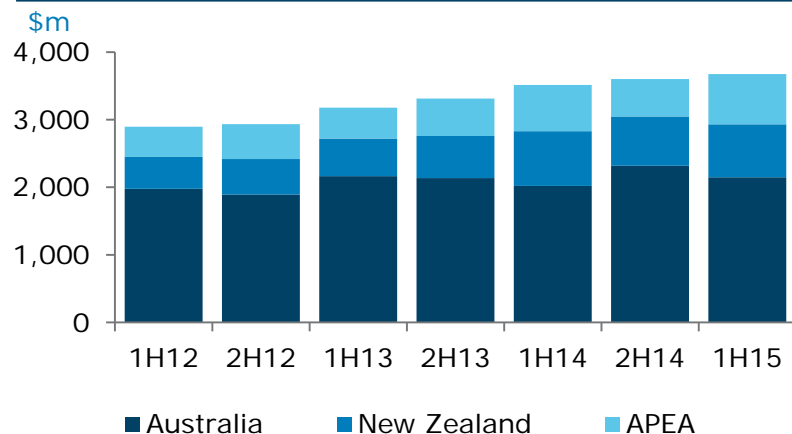
Operating Income by Geography



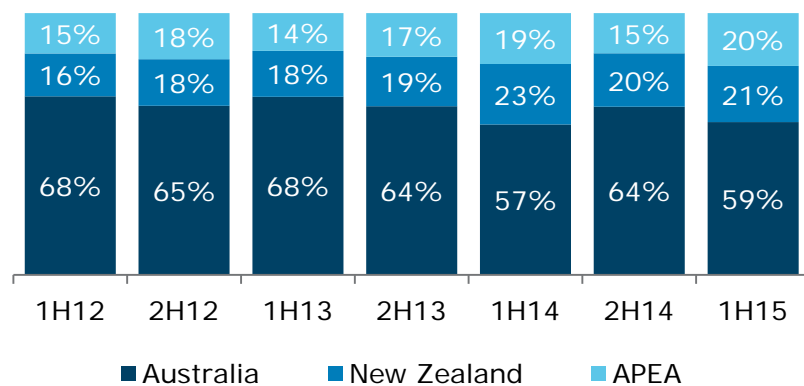
Operating Income by Geography 1H15



Net Profit after Tax by Geography



Net Profit after Tax by Geography



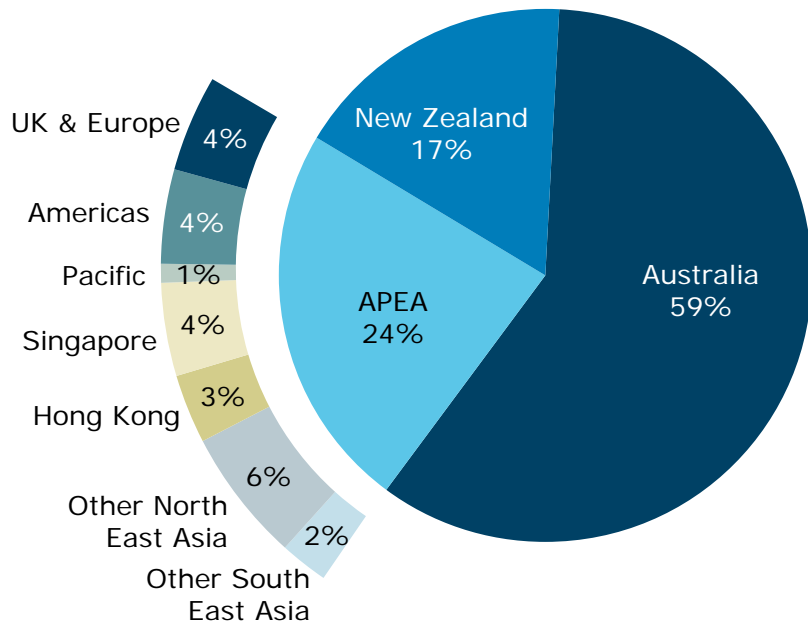
1. APEA Network Revenue represents income generated in Australia & New Zealand as a result of referral from ANZ's APEA network.

Total Credit Exposure (EAD) by Geography

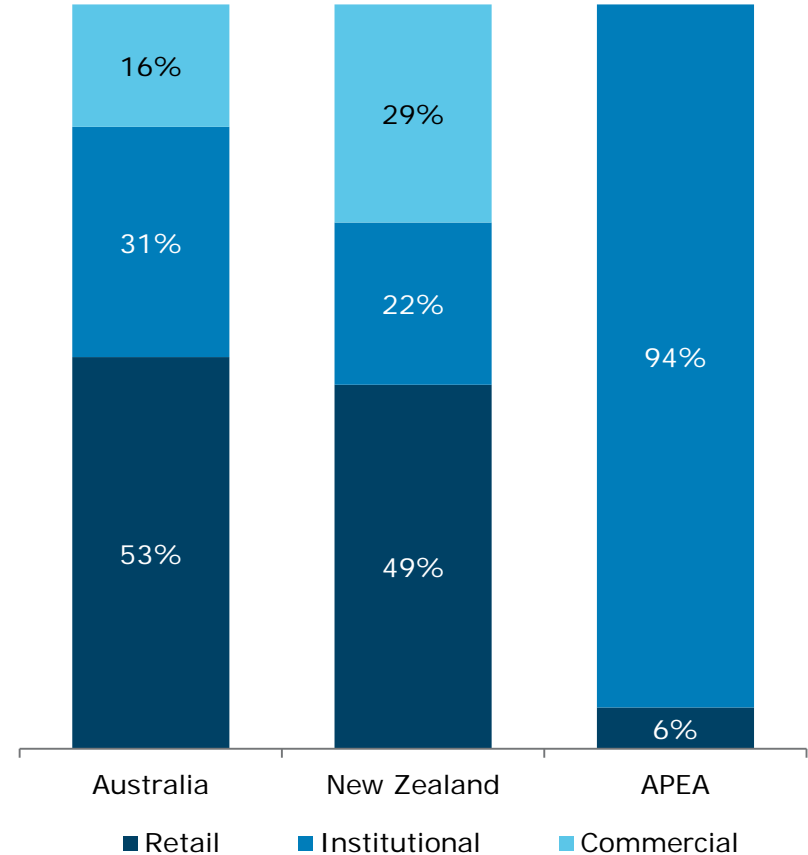
Exposure at Default¹ by Geography

Total Exposure at Default (Mar 15) - \$869b¹

Australia	New Zealand	APEA
\$515.8b	\$149.5b	\$204.1b



Exposure at Default by Line of Business²



1. EAD excludes amounts for 'Securitisation' and 'Other Assets' Basel asset classes.

2. Institutional includes exposure to Bank and Sovereign counterparties and ANZ's Liquidity portfolio.

Regional delivery network and common platforms

Regional delivery network



- Providing full service regional coverage across our operating time zones
- Developing centres of excellence across the network around key business domains:
 - Payments
 - Markets
 - Trade
 - Secured Lending
 - Unsecured Lending
 - Wholesale Lending
 - Voice
 - FIO, AML and Sanctions
 - Wealth Operations
 - Technology

Common platforms

Global Wholesale Digital
(Transactive)

17
countries

Global Retail Digital
(goMoney, Grow)

7
countries

Global Process Management
(PEGA, FileNet)

15
countries

Global Payments
(Global PayPlus)

10
countries

Global FX
(Wallstreet)

13
countries

Global Customer Registry
(IBM MDM)

25
countries

Enterprise approach delivering a consistent, higher quality experience for our customers

Delivering productivity initiatives

- More effective resourcing
- Improved project delivery
- Processes reengineered

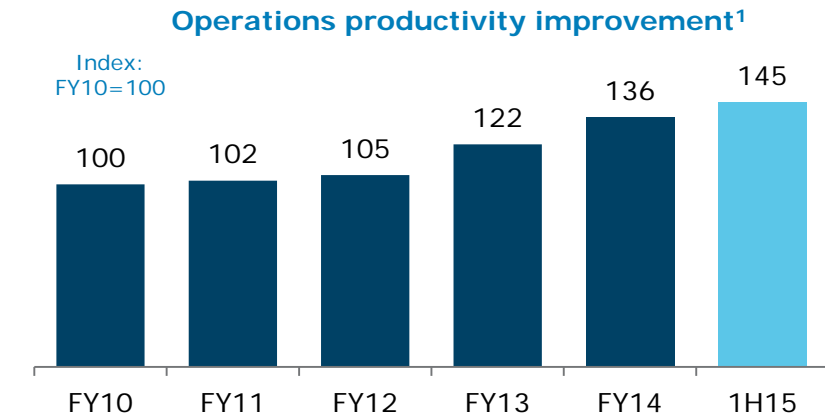
Improving customer experience

- Easier on-boarding
- Faster approvals
- Consistency across channels

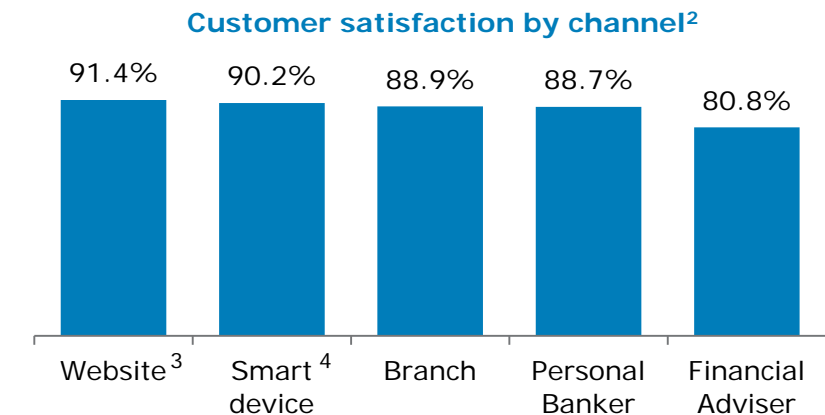
Reducing operational risk

- Consistent standard processes
- Upgraded infrastructure and systems

Operations efficiency



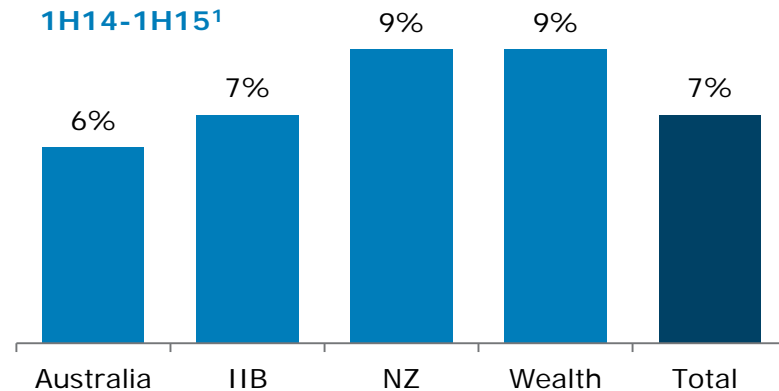
Quality and service



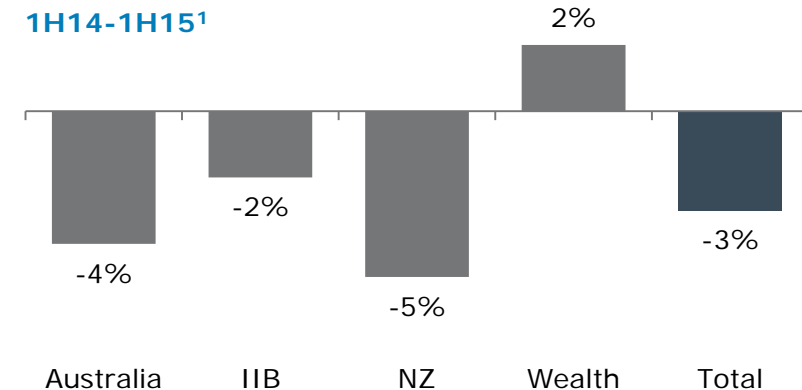
1. Operations efficiency measured by operations productivity improvement, which is the difference in operations costs and volume growth. 45% productivity improvement over 4 ½ years. 2. Roy Morgan Research. Satisfaction with channel, experience amongst MFI customers who have used service in the last 4 weeks. Base: ANZ Main Financial Institution (MFI) Customers, age 14+, rolling 12 months to March 2015. 3. Internet Banking using institution's website. 4. Internet Banking using an app on mobile phone or tablet.

Enterprise approach – higher volumes at lower cost through regional network & common platforms

Operations volume growth



Operations costs growth



Record volumes on platforms

- New “single-day” retail activity records (Dec 14):
 - 1,746 loan settlements & releases
 - 1.6m goMoney logons
 - 10m merchant payment transactions
 - 723,000 ATM transactions
- “Transactive” volumes in FY15 >5x 2013 levels (on track for \$280b in FY15)
- Supported by 1H15 simplification initiatives:
 - Retired over 5,000 business applications
 - Wholesale loans from >100 to 10 core products

1. Volume growth represents YTD Mar 2015 vs YTD Mar 2014.

Adopting common platforms, utilising regional delivery network to improve customer experience & productivity

An enterprise approach to **operations** and **technology**

Delivers a stronger and more efficient bank

Benefiting our **customers, employees** and **shareholders**

Building Common Technology Platforms

across all main business lines to drive standardisation, simplification and automation.

Utilising our Regional Delivery Network

to improve customer experience and drive down cost to serve.

Improving customer experience:

- Easier on-boarding and faster approvals
- Quality service
- Consistency across channels

↓40bps

Operations cost to income

Driving operational productivity:

- Absorb significant volume growth
- Sustainable cost reduction
- Simplified processes

↑10%

Operations productivity

Reducing operating risk:

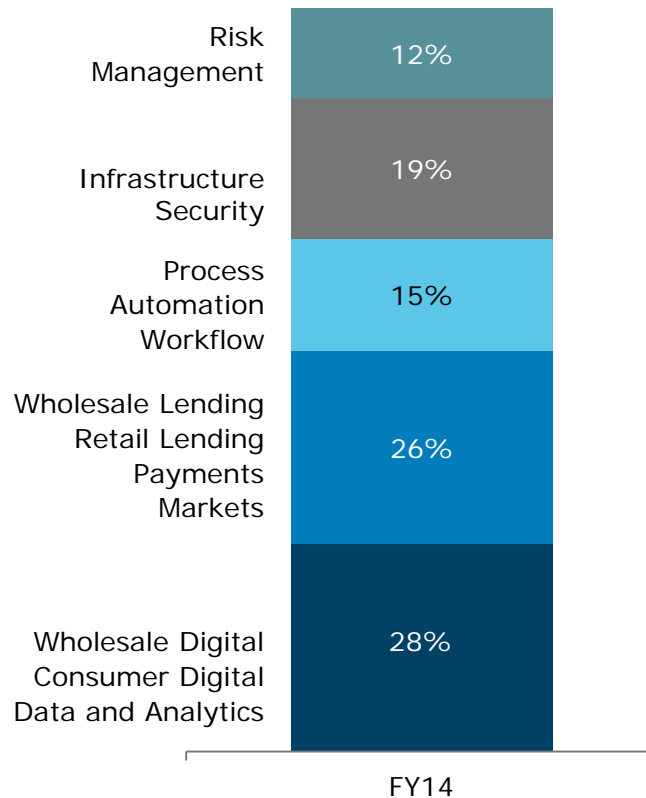
- Consistent, standard processes
- Reduced error rates
- Upgraded infrastructure and security systems

↓28%

Customer complaints (Australian Ops)

Annual investment program delivering broad-based enterprise capabilities supporting super regional growth

Annual investment spend



ANZ invests approximately AUD1,200m¹ per year on technology-based capabilities. Disciplined management is allowing us to fund an increasing proportion of this annual investment from the productivity gains in our wider delivery cost base.

Capability

Benefits

Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimised operating risks • Maintain the confidence of our customers and regulators
Stability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Upgraded infrastructure • Enhanced resilience • Reduced cost-to-serve
Productivity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Simplify and integrate end-to-end workflow • Increase systems and process standardisation • Re-engineer and automate high-priority enterprise domains
Product Lines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordinated approach to end-to-end wholesale lending • Global capabilities for consumer lending • Modern, resilient payments network • Supporting markets growth with scalable platforms
Digitisation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consistent customer experience across channels • Supporting our segment-based businesses • Enterprise-wide data management

1. Excludes technology run costs.

Sustainability – managing our business to account for social, environmental, economic risks and opportunities

ANZ's Corporate Sustainability Framework distinguishes between three key priority areas of the sustainability agenda that are distinctive to ANZ, and five 'Licence to Operate' areas we consider essential to a large company operating in a sustainable, responsible and ethical way.



We report bi-annually on our sustainability performance. Our 2014 Corporate Sustainability Report is available on anz.com.

Priority Areas

Sustainable Development

- Increased lower-carbon power generation lending in Project Finance by 16% since 2011¹
- Portfolio summary: Coal fired 25.0%, gas fired 25.5%, renewables 49.5%
- In 2014, ANZ financed projects with lower than average emissions intensity:
 - Australia: 0.69 tCO₂/MWh² (20% lower than average Australian intensity)
 - Offshore: 0.24 tCO₂/MWh² (17% lower than average intensity in relevant countries)

Diversity and Inclusion

- All roles in Australia and NZ are now flexible, to support a diverse and inclusive workplace
- Focus on gender balanced leadership through structural, behavioural and programmatic interventions
- FY14 employee engagement score: 73%, with a target of 75% in FY15

Financial Inclusion and Capability

- MoneyMinded financial education program: >294,000 participants in 20 countries
- Go Money: >125,000 customers registered in the Pacific, with ~71,000 new to bank

Progress

1. As a proportion of our total project and structured finance power generation portfolio. Our target is to increase the proportion by 15-20% by 2020.
 2. Represents average emissions intensity of electricity generation from projects financed by ANZ. tCO₂/MWh represents tonnes of CO₂ per megawatt hour of electricity generated.

2015

HALF YEAR RESULTS

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED
5 MAY 2015

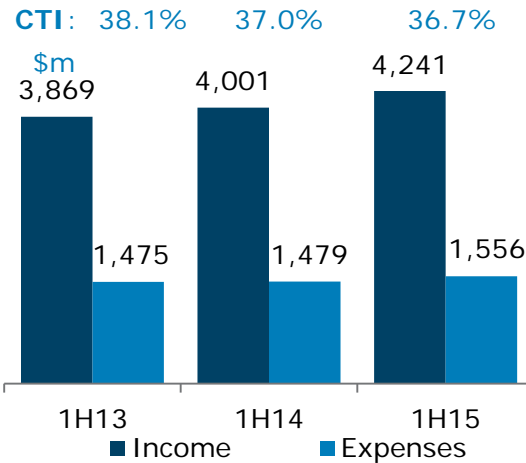
Divisional Performance



Aus. Division Profit and Loss – delivering growth with continued investment, improved productivity & efficiency

Australia Division

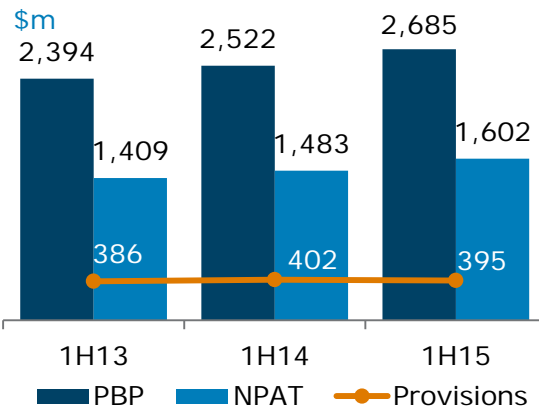
Revenue and Expenses

CAGR
4.7%

2.7%

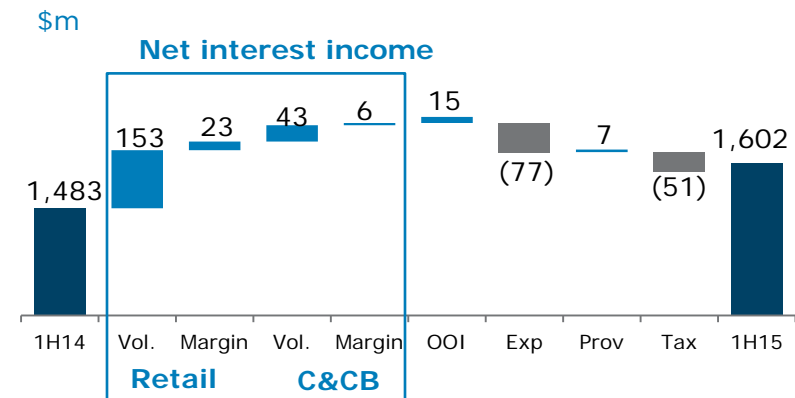
	\$m	Growth %
	1H15	PCP
Income	4,241	6.0%
Expenses	1,556	5.2%
PBP	2,685	6.5%
Provisions	395	(1.7%)
NPAT	1,602	8.0%
Retail		
Income	2,576	7.8%
Expenses	1,015	6.3%
PBP	1,561	8.9%
C&CB		
Income	1,665	3.3%
Expenses	541	3.2%
PBP	1,124	3.3%

PBP, Provisions, NPAT

CAGR
5.9%

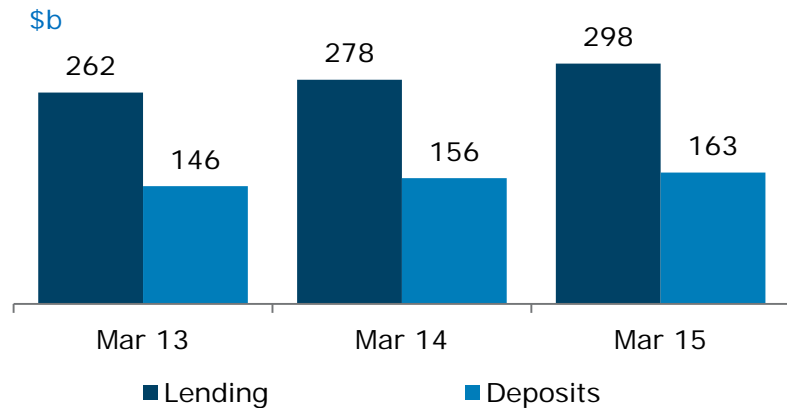
6.6%

1H profit driven by volume growth

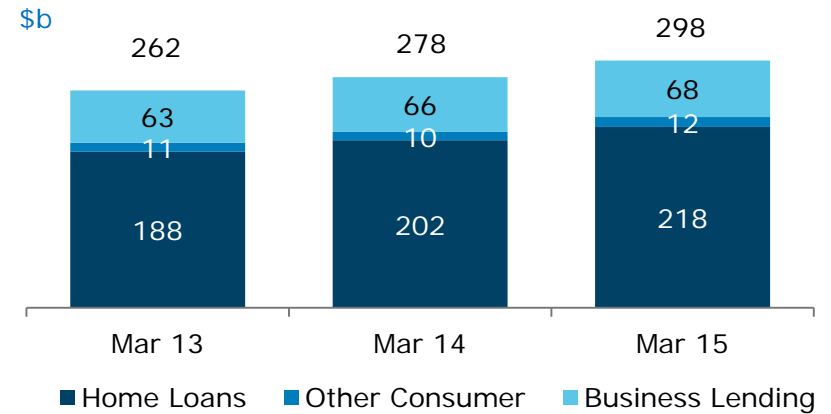


Aus. Division Balance sheet – growing FUM and improving mix

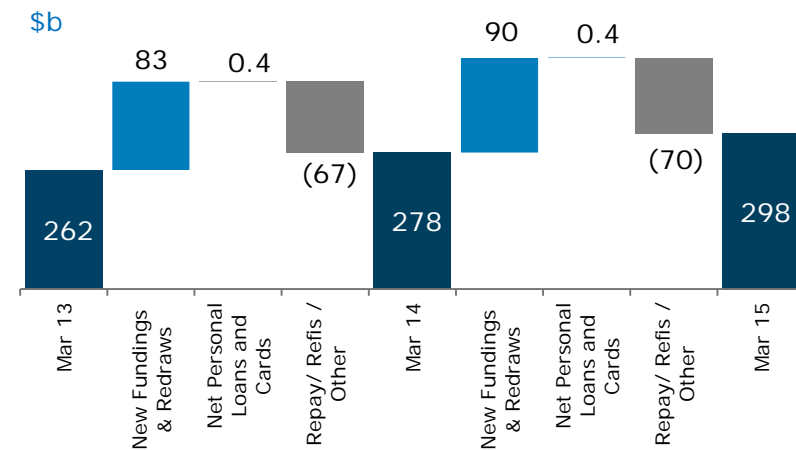
Loans & Deposits



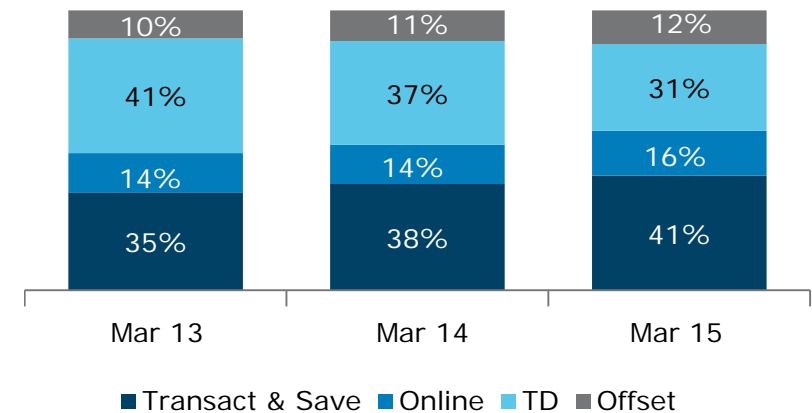
Lending composition



Lending flows

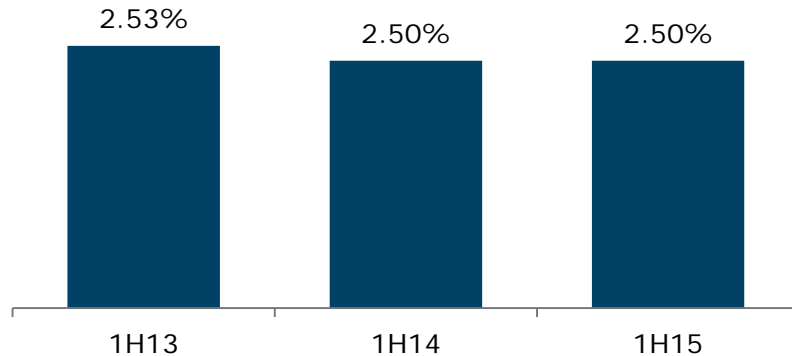


Deposit mix improving



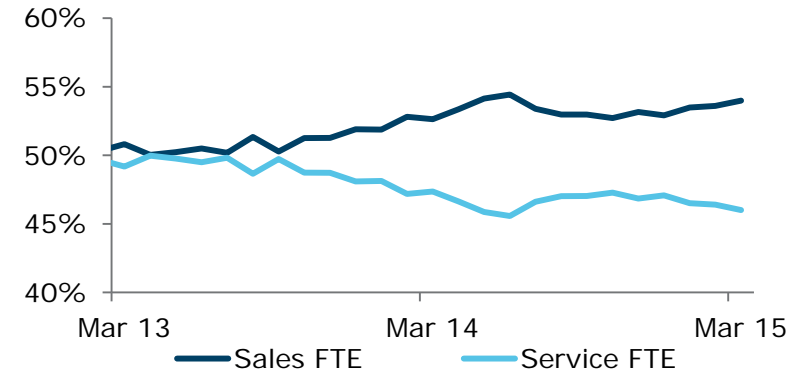
Delivering to strategy, managing margins & costs while maintaining credit standards

Balanced margin management¹



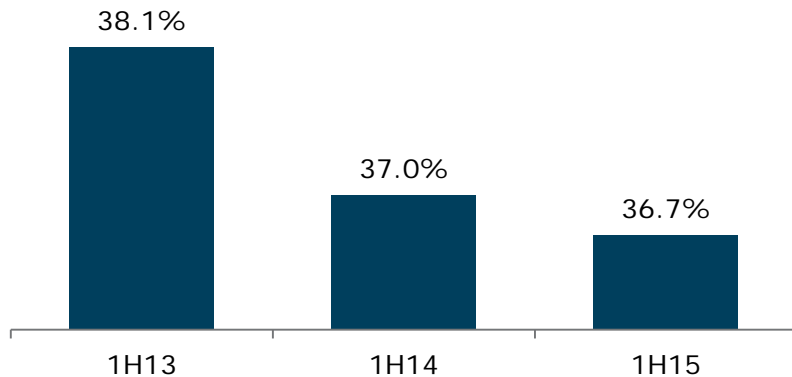
Investing for growth

Percent mix of Retail Sales and Service FTE



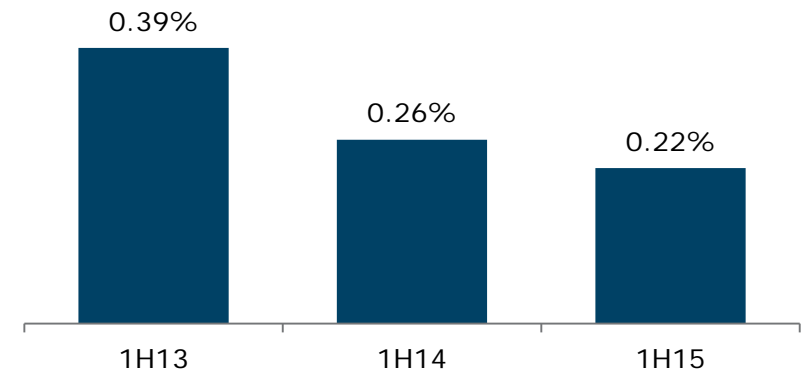
Improving Cost to Income

Cost to Income



Credit quality

Net Impaired Assets / Net Loans & Advances



1. NIM %: Half year period average.

Delivering innovative solutions that are aligned to changing customer needs

Delivering innovative solutions



- World first to roll out 'Tap and Pin' contactless ATMs
- 813 Smart ATMs deployed
- Rolled out WiFi into branches, enabling goMoney app activation at account opening



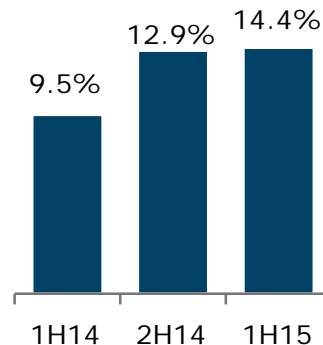
- Market leading multi-factor authentication
- Innovative home loan solution for mobile lenders (Your Home Loan 360)
- Digital tools and calculators



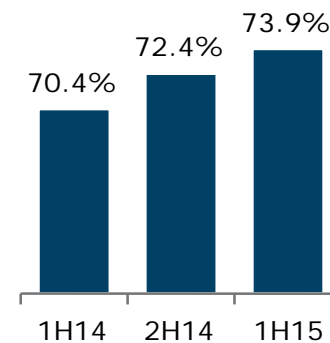
- Interactive Insights for frontline bankers in Corporate Banking
- Digital A-Z reviews across Retail and C&CB

... leading to increasing digital usage

Percent Sales¹ via Digital

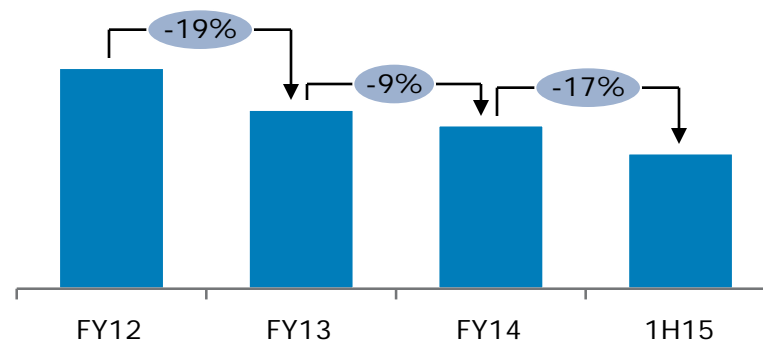


Percent Transactions² via Digital



... while reducing customer complaints

Average Monthly Complaints



1. Sales includes the number of sales events through the Retail distribution network, including all Retail, Commercial and Wealth products.

2. Transactions refers to the number of value transactions through all channels including internet, mobile, teller and ATM.

Growth is being delivered sustainably

Building our sales reach

600

Additional sales FTE from 1H14



Investing in priority segments – Small Business, Emerging Corporate, Health

63%

Growth in Digital sales from 1H14¹

Increasing sales capability

40k

Hours of training for C&CB staff in 1H15

670

Additional Retail staff trained in sales of Home Loans, Wealth, and Small Business products

17%

Increase in Home Loan sales across all channels

Enhancing the customer experience

74%

Transactions² via digital channels, up from 70% in 1H14



Deployed a global asset finance platform providing faster and easier applications and fulfilment

17%

Drop in average monthly complaints from FY14

Expanding customer awareness



#51 most valuable brand globally and ranked #2 of the 4 major Australian banks³



2015 Australian Lending Awards – Best customer experience, Best Investor Lender, Mortgage Lender of the year

#2

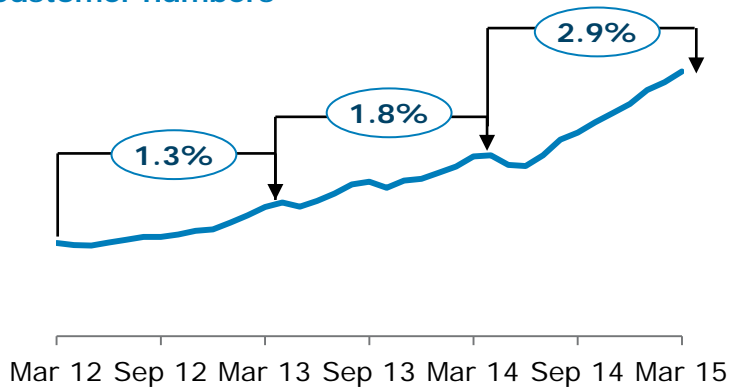
Purchase intention for Australian banks⁴

1. Sales include Retail, Wealth, and Commercial sales and referrals through Retail digital channels.
2. Transactions refers to value transactions through internet, mobile, teller, and ATM.
3. 2014 BrandZ Top 100 most valuable global brands by Millward Brown.
4. Ipsos, Mar 2015.

Retail

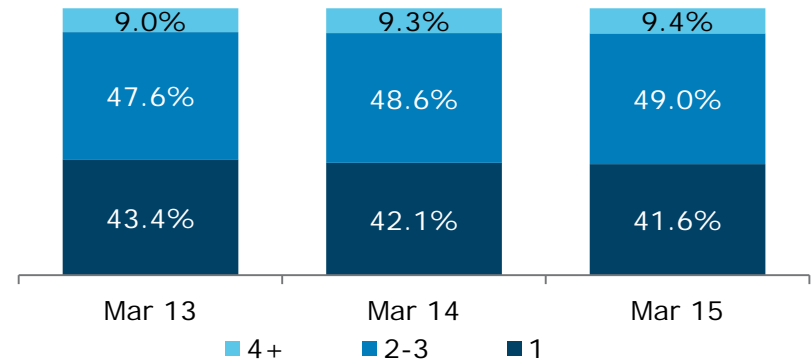
Growing customer acquisition

Customer numbers



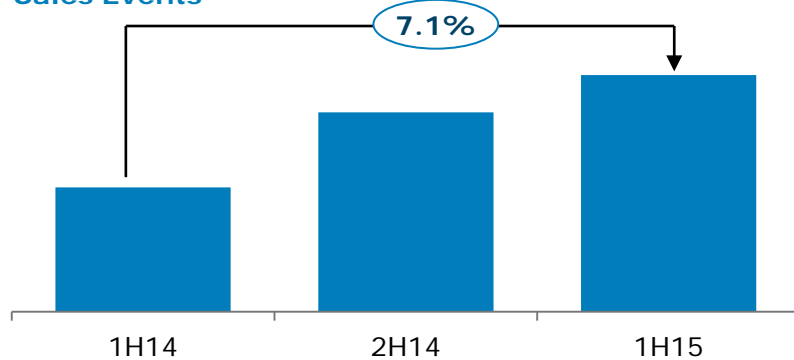
Deeper customer relationships

Retail Products per customer % of total customers



Increasing Sales

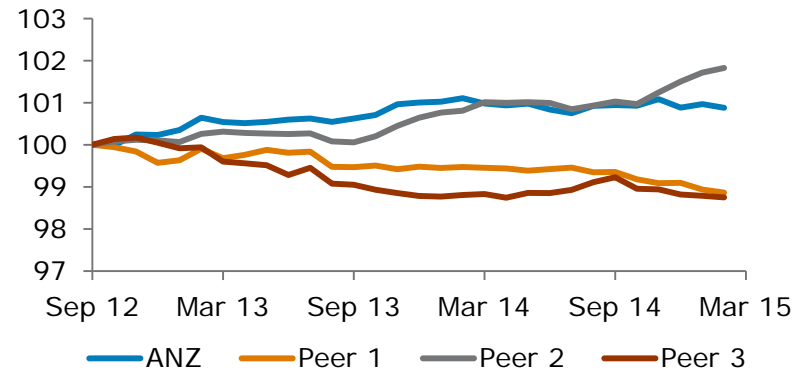
Sales Events



Growing market share

APRA Traditional Banking Market Share¹

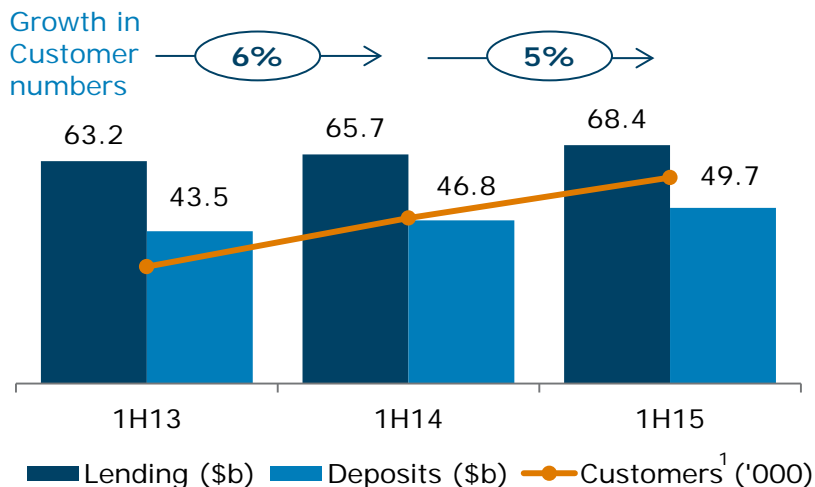
Index Sep 12 = 100



1. Inclusive of Deposits, Home Loans and Cards, Source: APRA.

Corporate & Commercial Banking

Continuing to grow the business

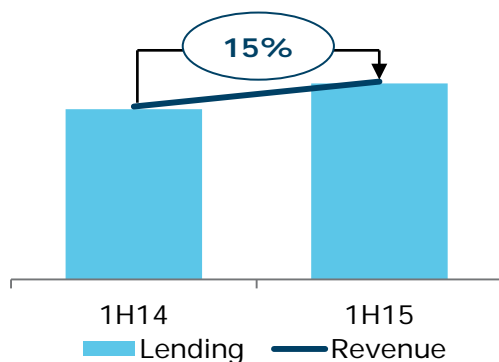


Targeting key growth segments & leveraging super regional connectivity

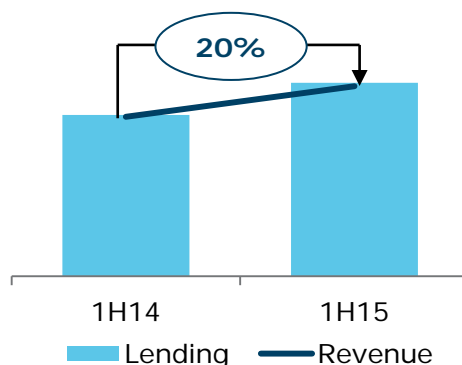
- Prioritising higher growth opportunities to drive outperformance
- Investments to enhance Small Business and Emerging Corporate propositions contributing to performance
- Supporting customers across the region with dedicated specialists, cross-border processes, research and insights
- Increasing banker capability and connectivity through super regional experience, training and specialist tools

.. With strong growth in our priority segments

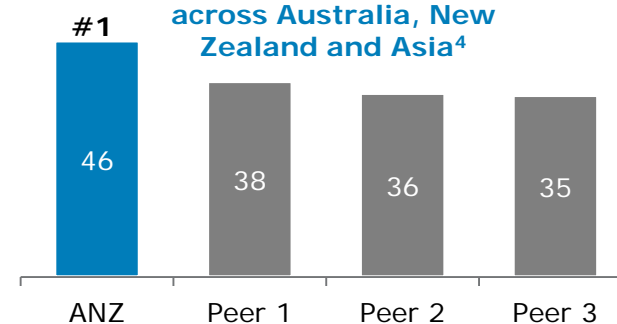
Small Business Banking²



Emerging Corporate^{2,3}



Can service my business needs across Australia, New Zealand and Asia⁴



1. Customers exclude Esanda contracts. 2. Percentages represent lending growth. 3. A subset of Business bank, lending greater than 10m and turnover greater than 40m. 4. Proportion of Commercial customers (\$1m to <\$40m turnover) associating institution with the statement 'can service my business needs across Australia, New Zealand and Asia', rolling 3 month average, DBM Business Financial Services Monitor, Mar 2015.

Australia Division - strengthening ANZ's position in core markets by delivering a leading customer experience

ANZ Group Strategy



Australia Division's contribution

- Deliver customers an easy, connected and insightful experience that puts the customer in control
- Achieve consistent above system growth focused in priority segments
- Maintain strong margins, cost discipline and risk profile
- Leverage our Super Regional advantage to bring the whole of ANZ to customers
- Take an enterprise wide approach and leverage global assets

Banking on Australia is transforming our Retail and Corporate & Commercial businesses based on a deep understanding of customer needs

Customer Needs

Developing a deep understanding of customer needs in our target segments

Customer Value Proposition

Building a compelling customer value proposition that is aligned to their needs

Transformation

Investing through our Banking on Australia program to meet changing customer needs

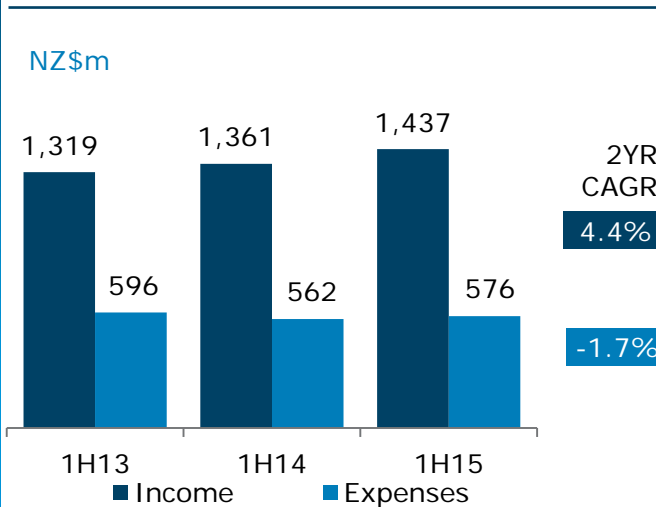
Financial Outcomes

Growing market share, managing margins and costs and maintaining asset quality

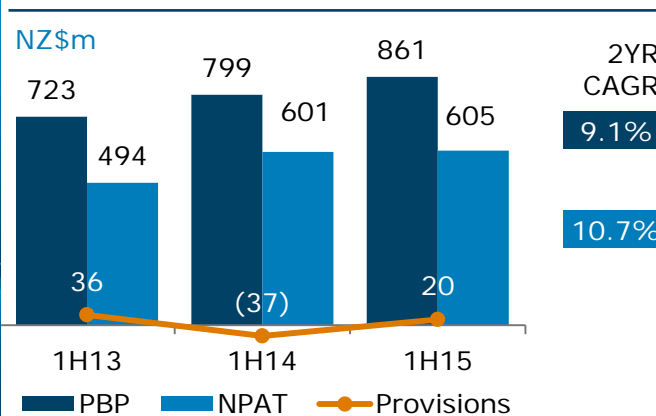
NZ Division Profit and Loss



Revenue and Expenses

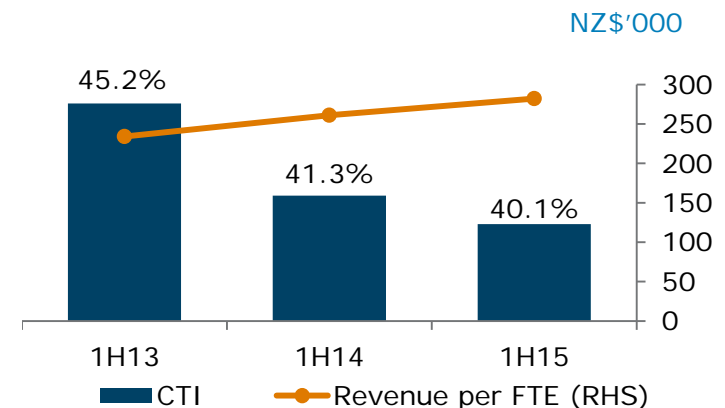


PBP, Provisions, NPAT



	NZ\$m	Growth %
	1H15	PCP
Income	1,437	5.6%
Expenses	576	2.5%
PBP	861	7.8%
Provisions	20	large
NPAT	605	0.7%
Retail & SBB		
Income	968	3.9%
Expenses	440	1.4%
PBP	528	6.0%
CommAgri		
Income	460	7.2%
Expenses	126	1.6%
PBP	334	9.9%

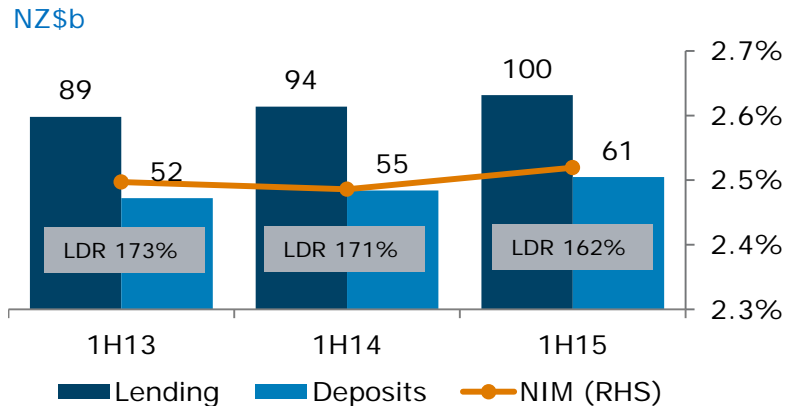
Productivity & Efficiency



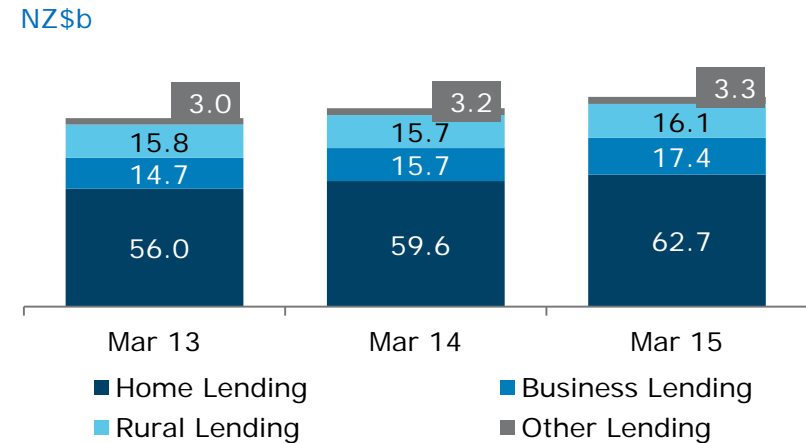
All values in New Zealand Dollars. All data relates to New Zealand Division, which comprises Retail and Commercial business units.

NZ Division Balance Sheet

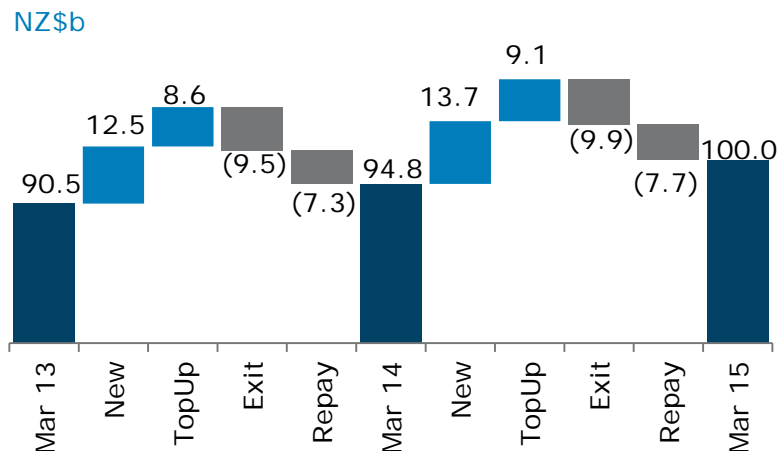
Net loans, Deposits and NIM



Lending composition

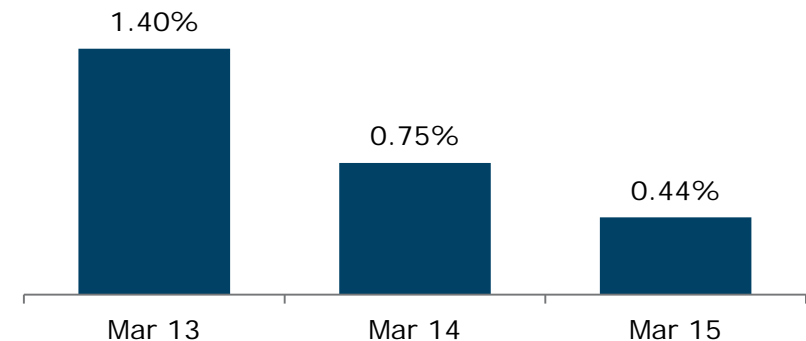


Customer lending flows¹



Credit Quality

Gross Impaired Assets / Gross Loans and Advances²



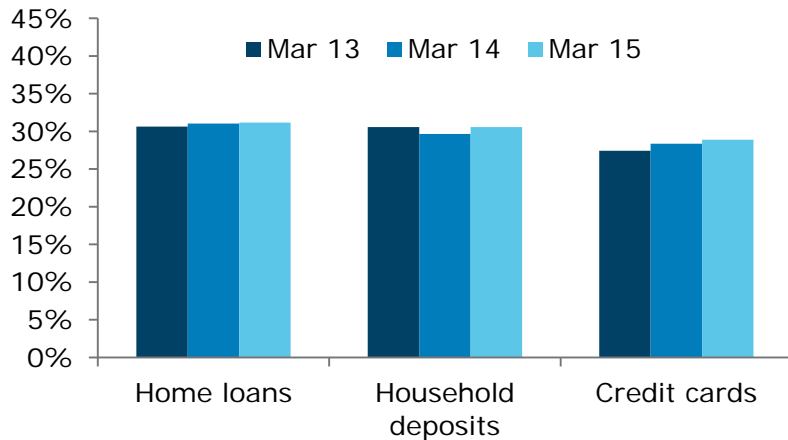
All values in New Zealand Dollars. All data relates to New Zealand Division, which comprises Retail and Commercial business units.

1. Gross Loans and Advances excluding capitalised brokerage/mortgage origination fees, unearned income and customer liabilities for acceptances.

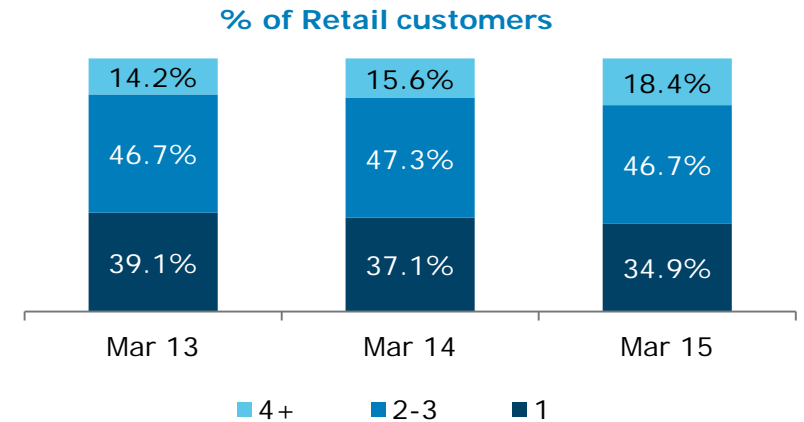
2. Includes capitalised brokerage/mortgage origination fees, unearned income, and customer liabilities for acceptances.

NZ Retail and Small Business Banking

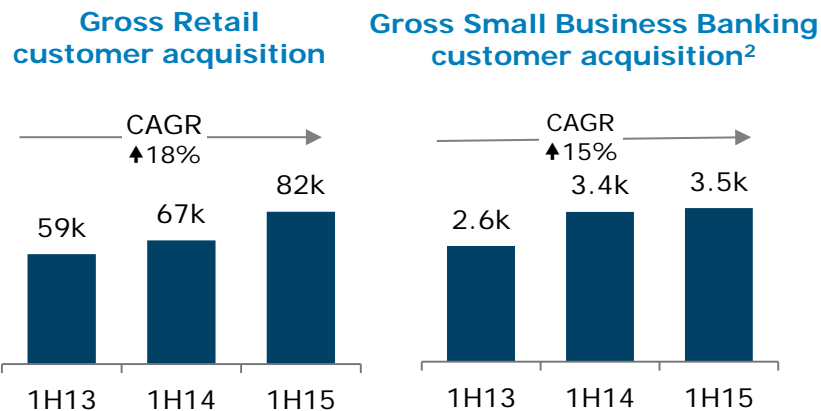
Market share¹



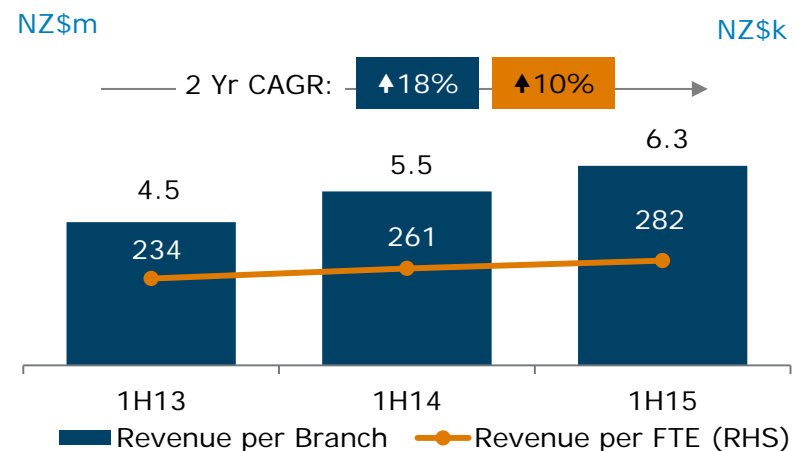
Products per customer



Customer numbers



Revenue per Branch and FTE³



All values in New Zealand Dollars.

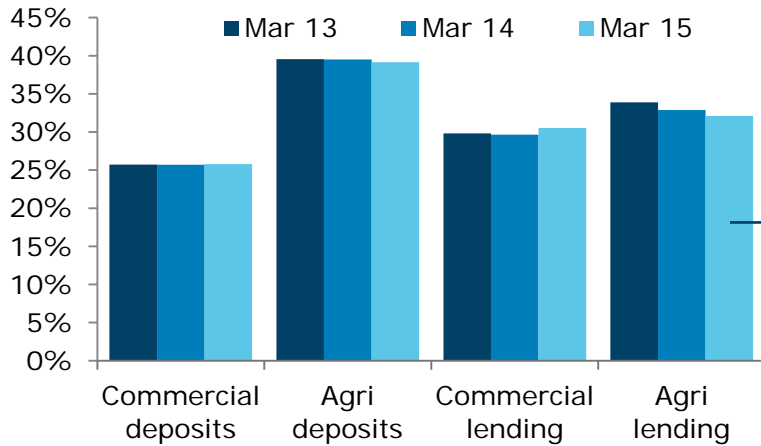
1. Source: RBNZ - Mar 2015, relates to NZ Geography.

2. Customer groups acquired.

3. Revenue and FTE based on NZ Division.

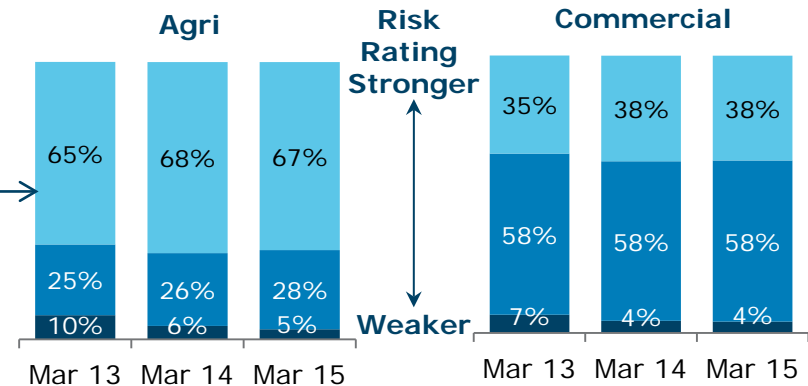
Commercial & Agri

Market share¹



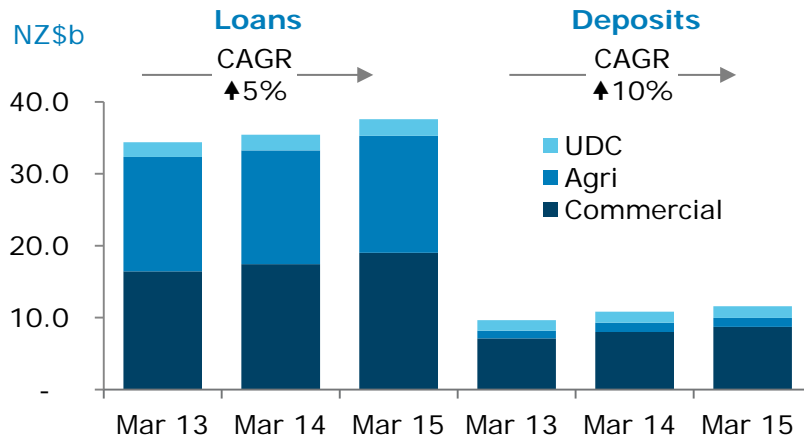
Credit quality

EAD distribution by Credit Rating groups

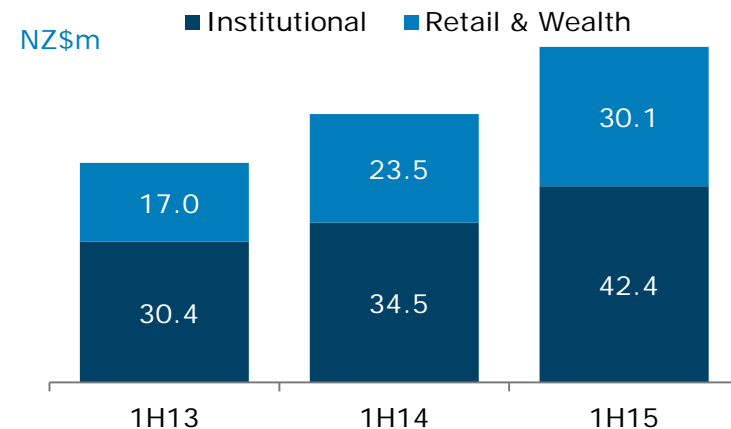


Focus on Quality

Loans and deposits



Commercial cross-sell recognised in other segments²



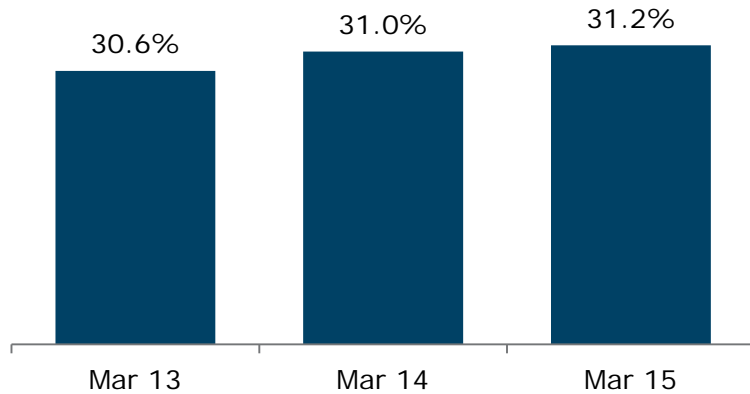
All values in New Zealand Dollars.

1. Source: RBNZ - Mar 2015, relates to NZ Geography.

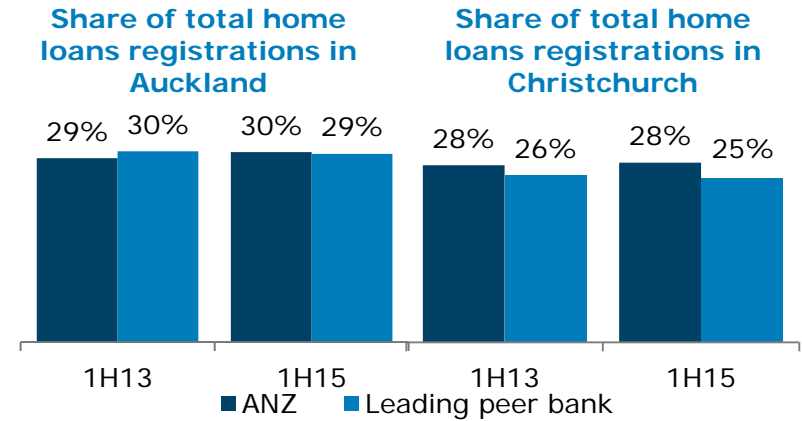
2. Retail includes Small Business Banking.

Home loans

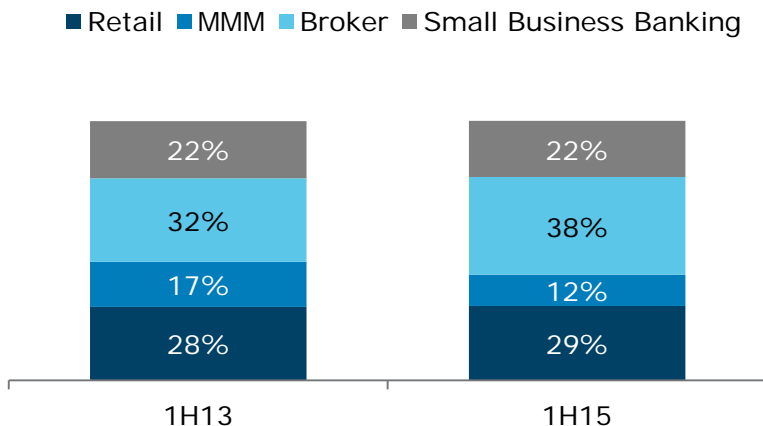
Home Loan Market Share¹



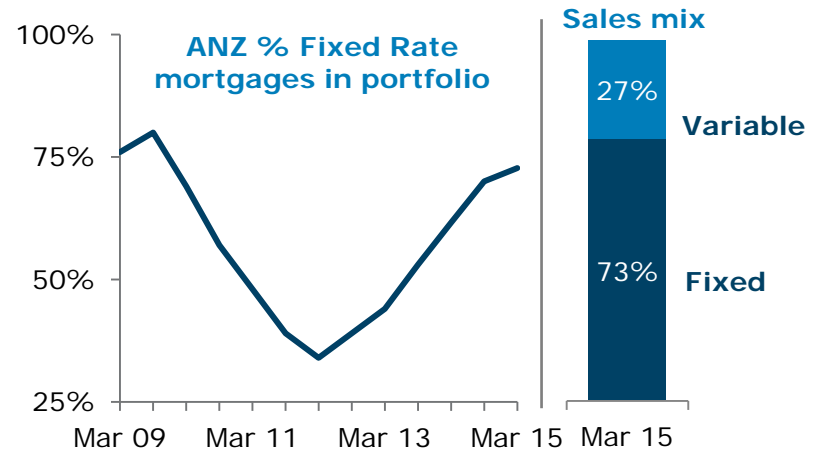
#1 in Auckland and Christchurch²



Home Loan sales by Channel³



Home Loan book composition



All values in New Zealand Dollars.

1. Source: RBNZ - Mar 2015, relates to NZ Geography.

2. Source: Core Logic. Leading peer bank Auckland – ASB, Christchurch – Westpac.

3. Retail – Branch and Contact Centre, MMM - Mobile Mortgage Manager.

Growth is being delivered sustainably

Building our sales reach

62%

Of frontline are now made up of Sales Staff, compared to 59% in 1H14



Investing in priority segments – Auckland, Christchurch, Migrants, Small Businesses and Corporate Agri

38%

Increase in sales revenue from Digital sales, compared to 1H14

Increasing sales capability

30k

More hours created for Sales and Service staff through process improvements



Increased staff training hours and credit writing capabilities

100%

Mobile Sales force with iPad capability to enable better customer interactions on the go

Enhancing the customer experience

200k

Card PINs set digitally in 7 months, since the introduction of the capability



New systems providing staff the ability to better manage and action customer feedback

20%

Drop in the average number of problems reported by customers from FY14

Expanding customer awareness

44%

Continuing to have the best customer consideration¹ score amongst the top 4 banks

65%

Transactions via digital channels, up from 59% in 1H14

10%

Increase in Commercial & Agri customers belief that ANZ provides insights that deliver value to their business

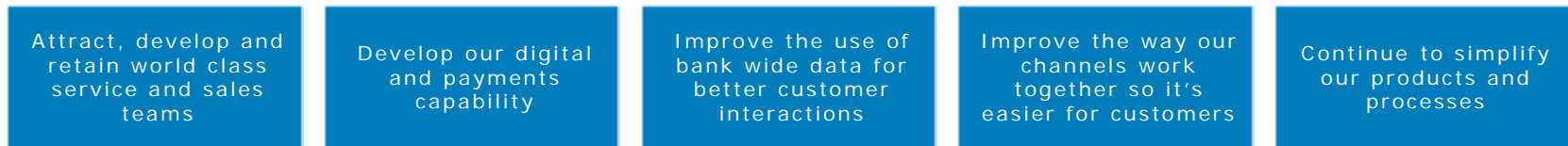
1. Source: McCulley Research Limited (first choice or seriously considered) – Mar 2015.

Creating New Zealand's best bank

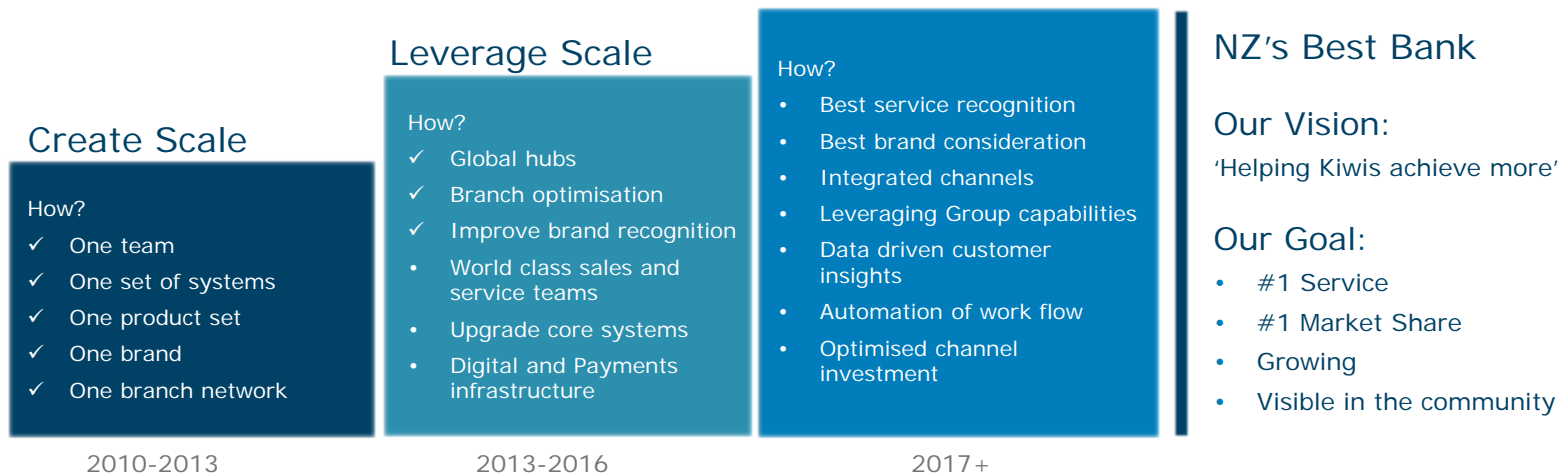
ANZ Group Strategy



ANZ New Zealand's Strategy



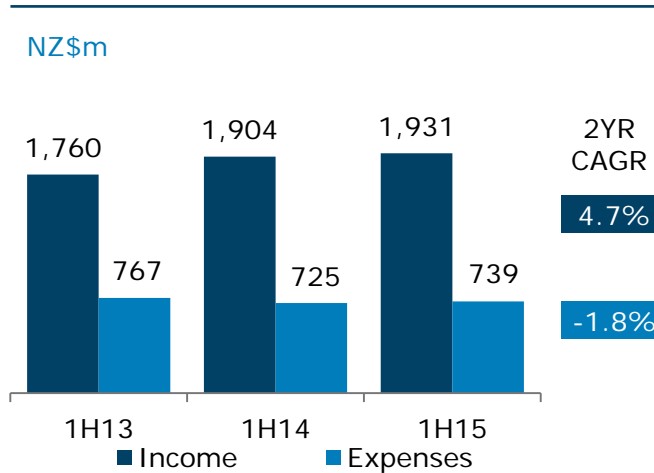
NZ's Best Bank



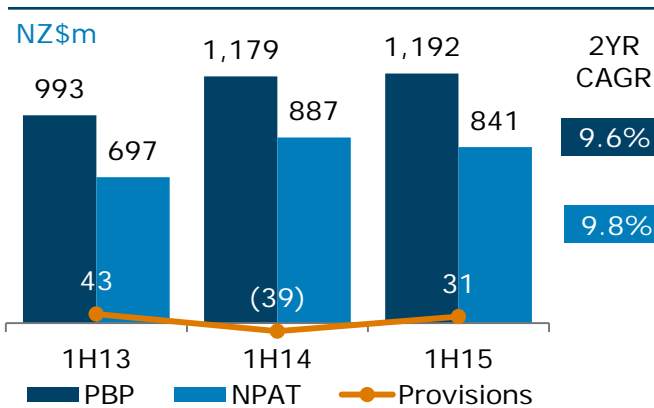
NZ Geography Profit and Loss



Revenue and Expenses

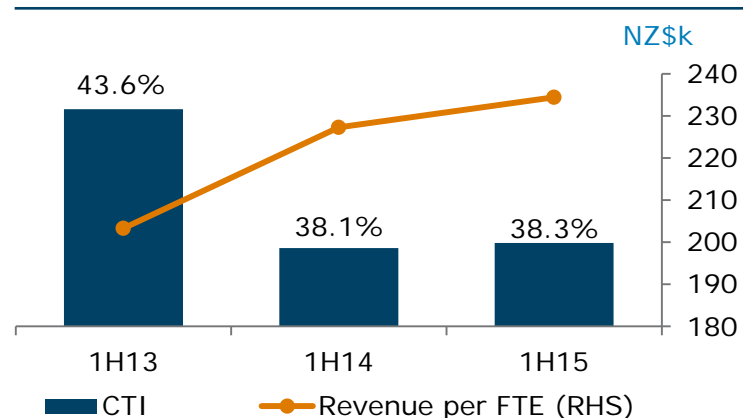


PBP, Provisions, NPAT



	NZ\$m	Growth %
	1H15	PCP ¹
Income	1,931	1.4%
Expenses	739	1.9%
PBP	1,192	1.1%
Provisions	31	large
NPAT	841	(5.2%)
NZ Division		
Income	1,437	5.6%
Expenses	576	2.5%
Institutional		
Income	335	5.0%
Expenses	93	1.1%
Wealth		
Income	156	(31.6%)
Expenses	70	4.5%

Productivity & Efficiency

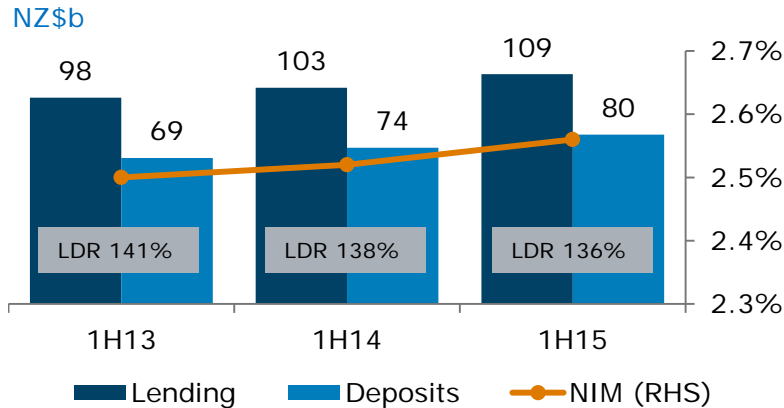


All values in New Zealand Dollars. All data relates to New Zealand Geography, which comprises the New Zealand components of New Zealand Division, IIB, Global Wealth, GTSO and Group Centre divisions.

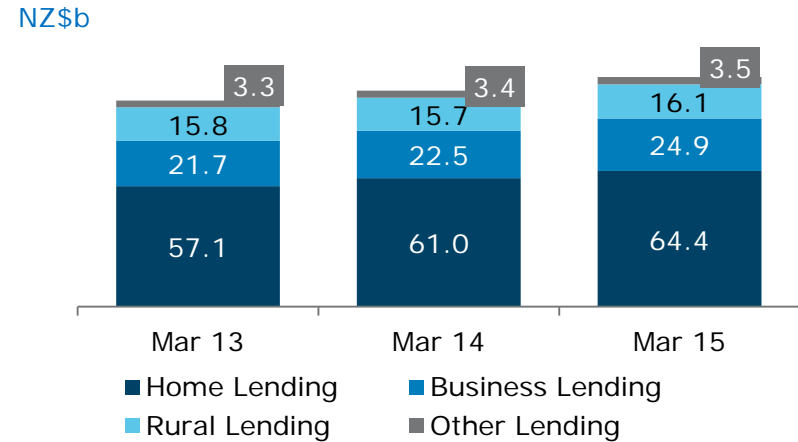
1. Excluding one off insurance recovery related to the ING frozen funds PCP growth rates: Income 6.5%, PBP 9.6%, NPAT 2.3%, Wealth Income 13.0%.

NZ Geography Balance Sheet

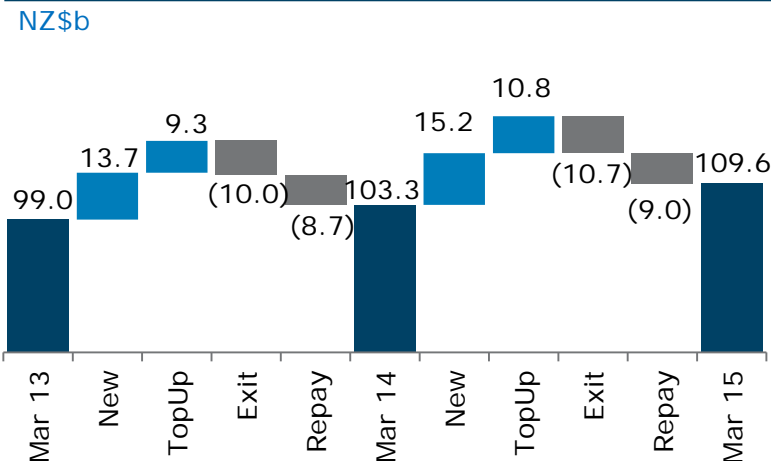
Net loans, Deposits and NIM¹



Lending composition

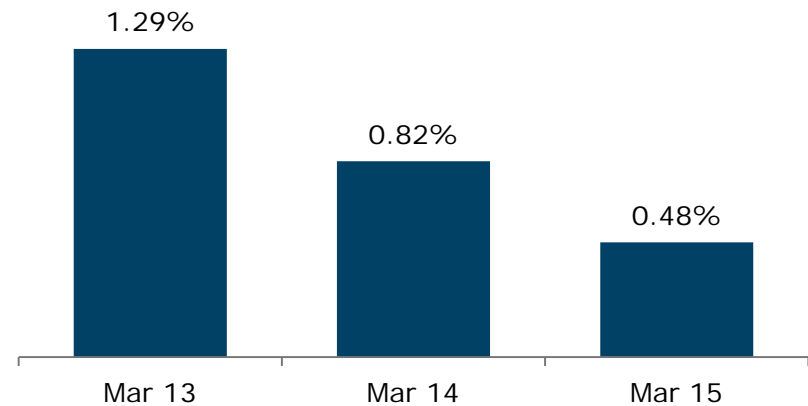


Customer lending flows²



Credit Quality

Gross Impaired Assets / Gross Loans and Advances³

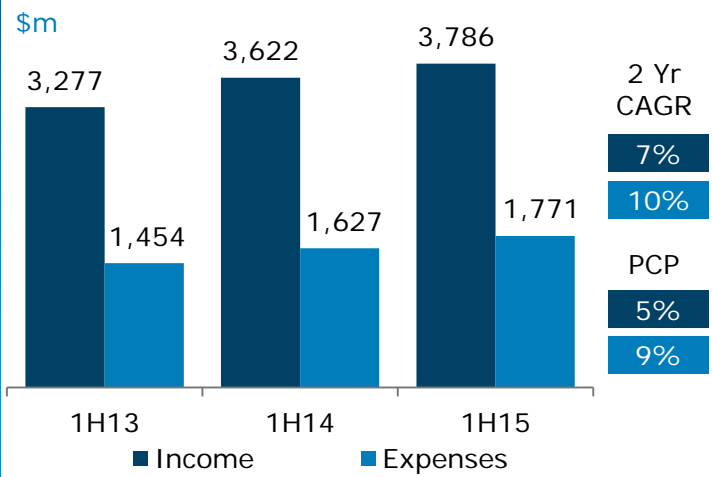


All values in New Zealand Dollars. All data relates to New Zealand Geography, which comprises the New Zealand components of New Zealand Division, IIB, Global Wealth, GTSO and Group Centre divisions. 1. New Zealand Geography NIM excludes Markets. 2. Gross Loans and Advances excluding capitalised brokerage/mortgage origination fees, unearned income and customer liabilities for acceptances. 3. Includes capitalised brokerage/mortgage origination fees, unearned income, and customer liabilities for acceptances.

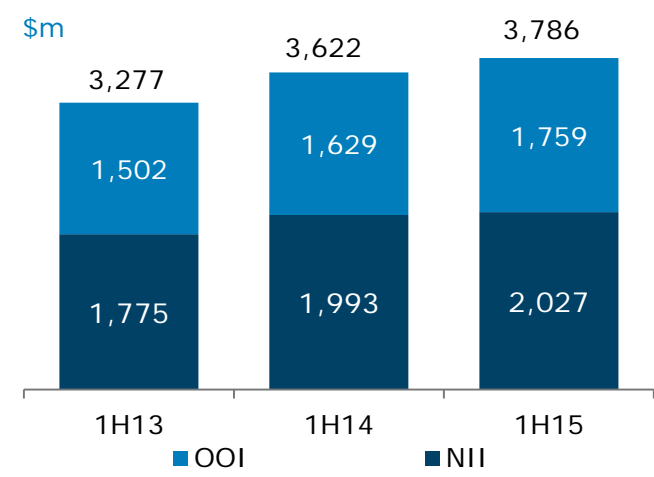
IIB has grown revenue and profit



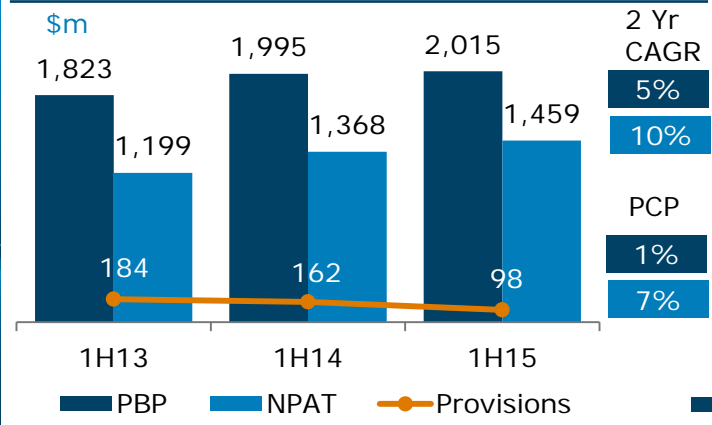
Revenue has grown 5%



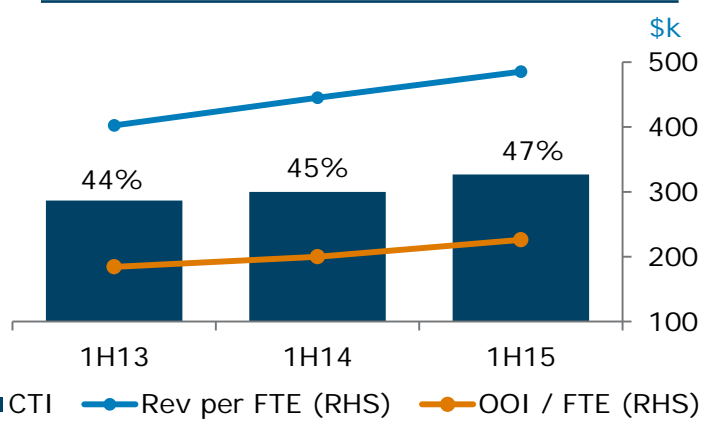
Increasing OOI



Delivering 7% NPAT growth



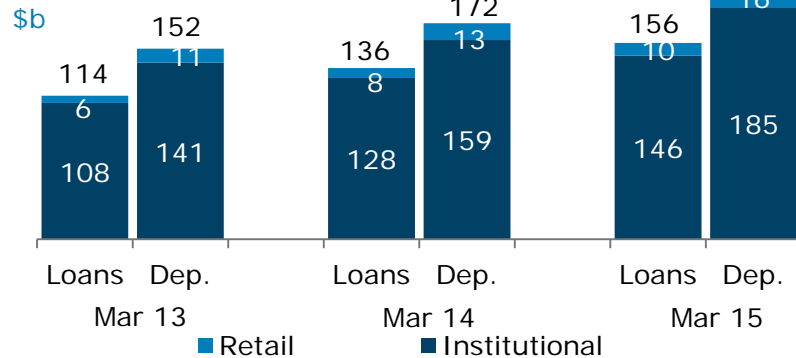
Improving revenue per FTE



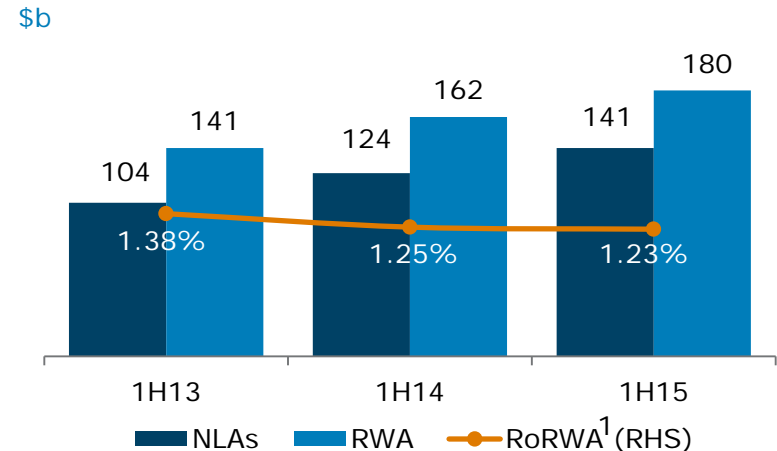
Our Balance Sheet is growing prudently

IIB Balance Sheet

A benefit of ANZ's Super Regional Strategy: surplus deposits contribute strongly to the Group's Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

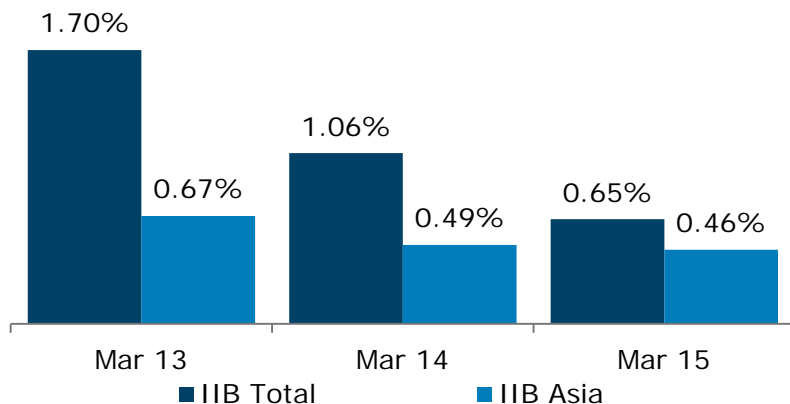


Institutional client franchise assets

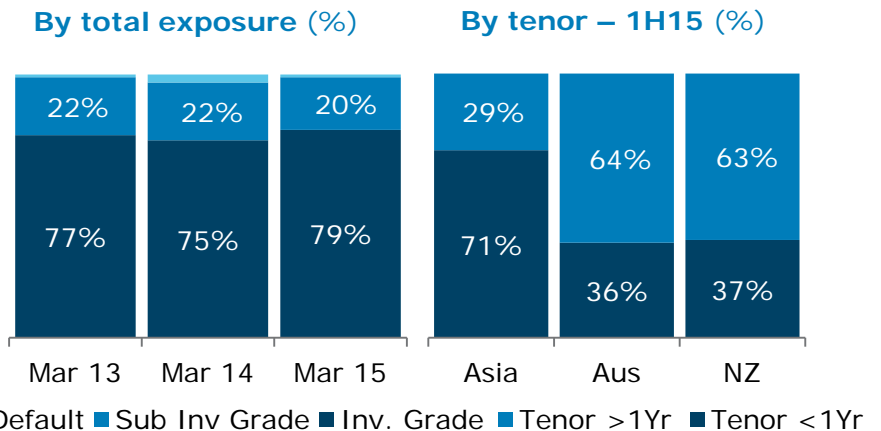


IIB credit quality remains high

Gross impaired assets as a % of GLAs



Strong risk grade profile²

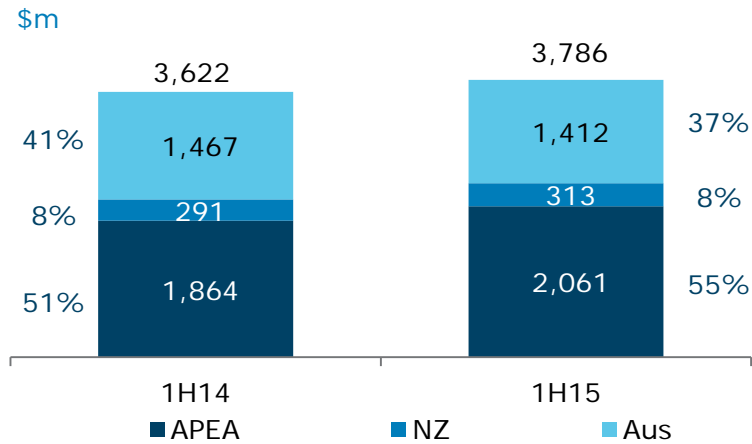


1. RoRWA equals Net Profit After Tax divided by average Basel III risk weighted assets. Insto customer includes Global Loans, Global Transaction Banking, Global Markets Sales, and Global Markets Trading ex Balance Sheet.

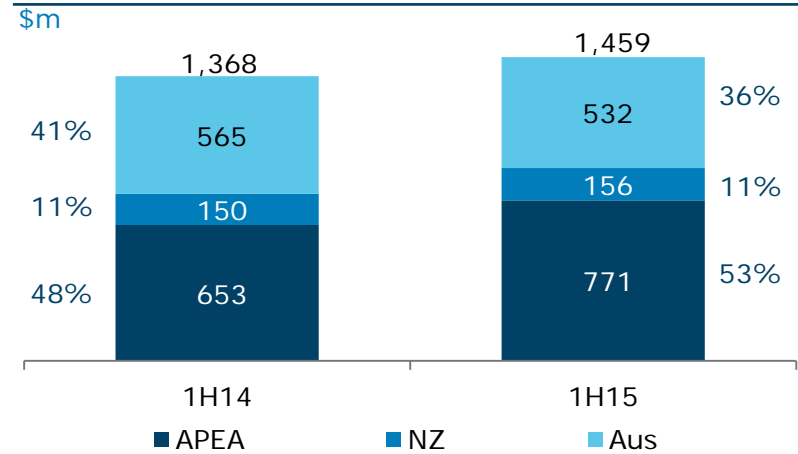
2. Institutional exposures only.

Revenue and profit composition

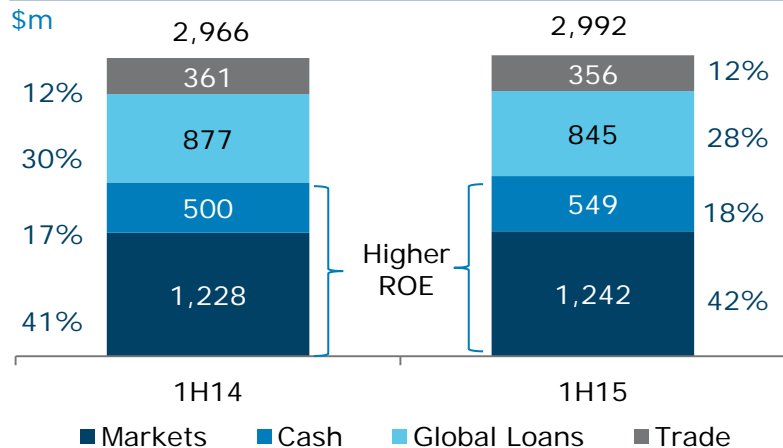
Revenue is geographically diverse



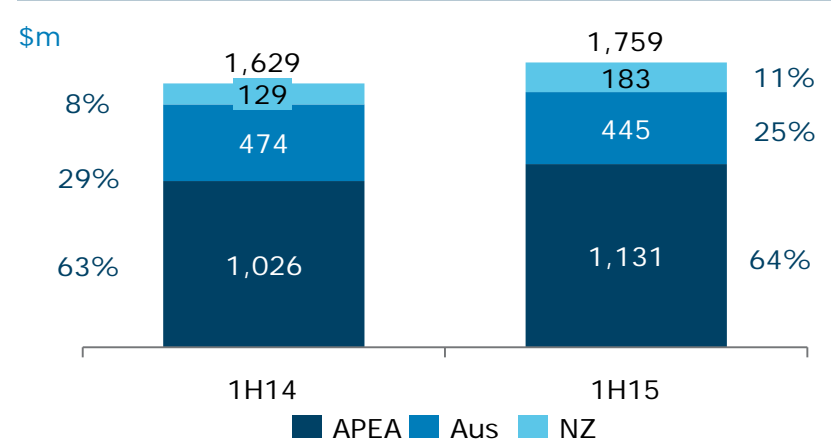
APEA now represents over half of the division's NPAT



Growing higher ROE businesses¹



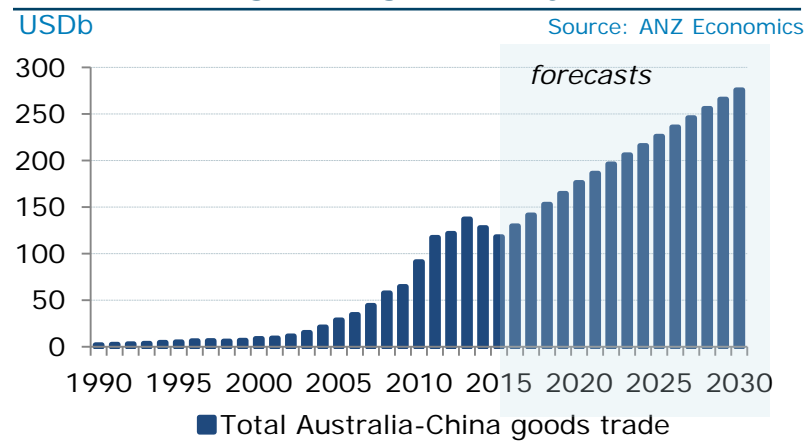
APEA OOI growth is strong



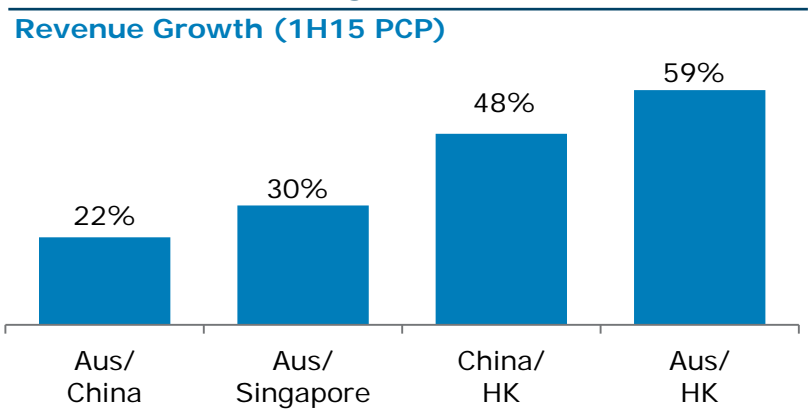
1. Excludes Retail and partnerships.

The corridor strategy is gaining momentum

Major trade corridors are forecast to grow significantly

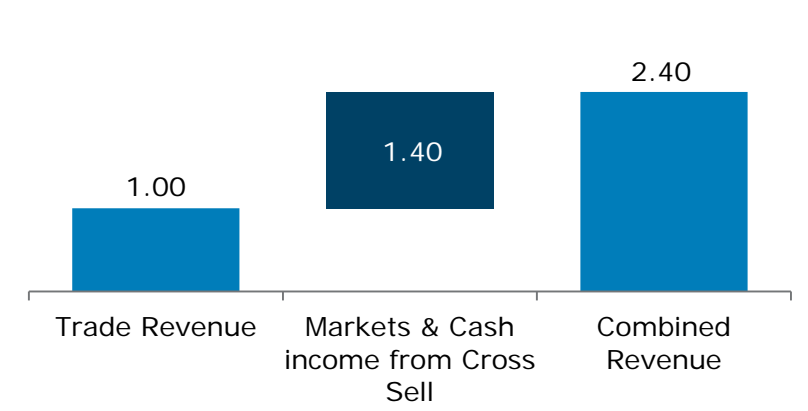


Corridor strategy is delivering strong growth

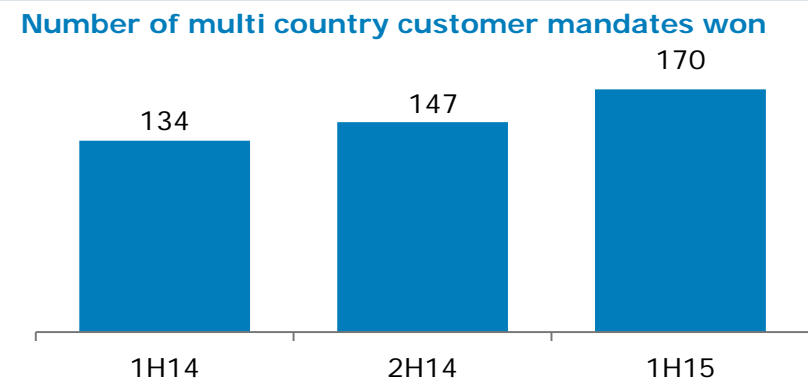


Trade revenue has a multiplier effect

1H15: \$1 of Trade income = \$1.40 of Cross-Sell¹



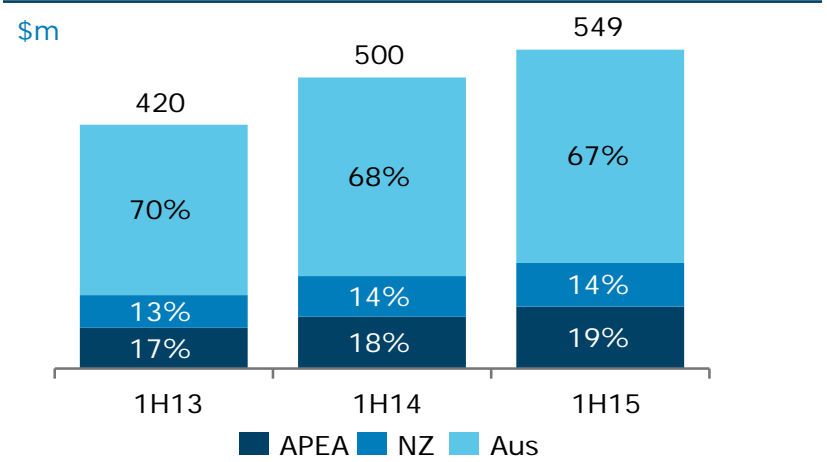
Increasingly winning multi country mandates²



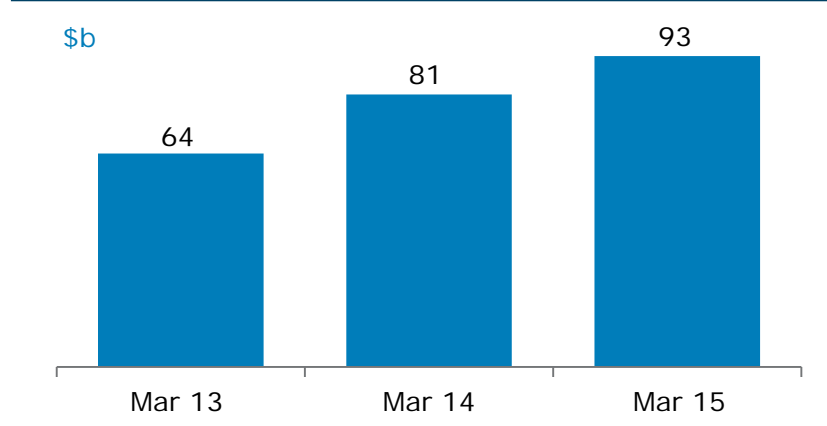
1. Cross-sell multiple based on a pool of customers that have a minimum of Trade, Markets and Cash Management with ANZ.
 2. Payments and Cash Management mandates, based on Transactive Asia Strategic transactions for client with 2 or more countries.

Trade and Cash Management are delivering in tougher conditions

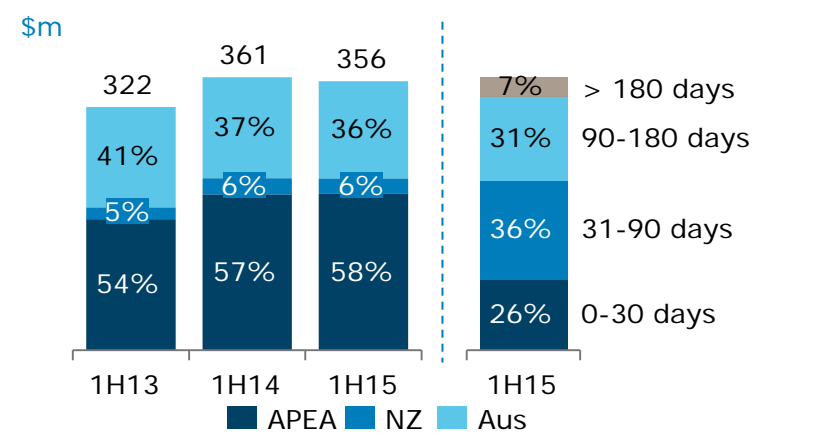
PCM Revenue is at record levels



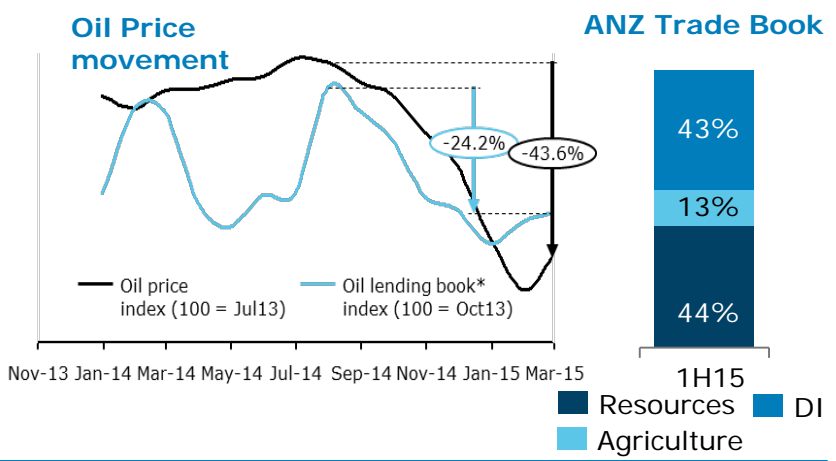
Deposit growth is strong



Trade revenues have remained broadly flat

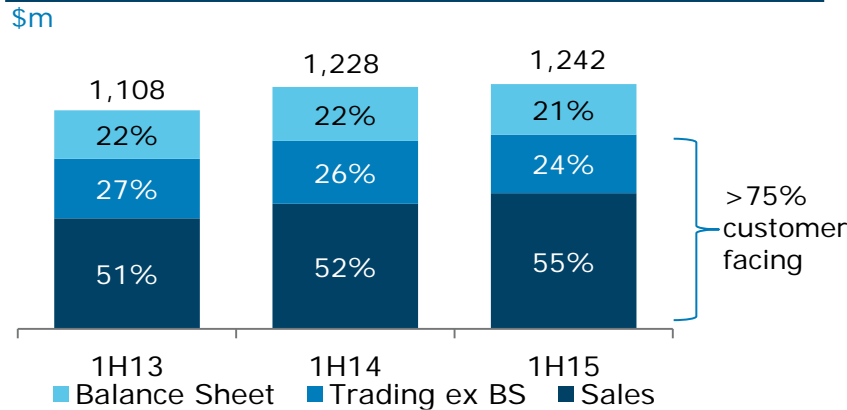


Trade revenues broadly flat despite a significant decline in commodity prices

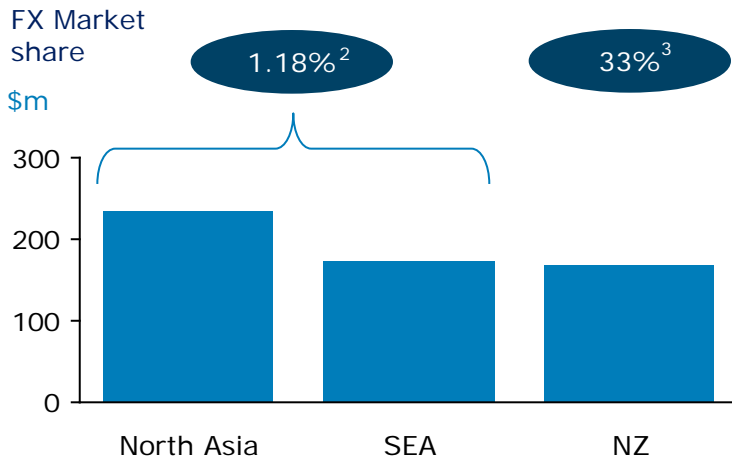


Global Markets delivered record income

Customer facing Global Markets revenue is growing

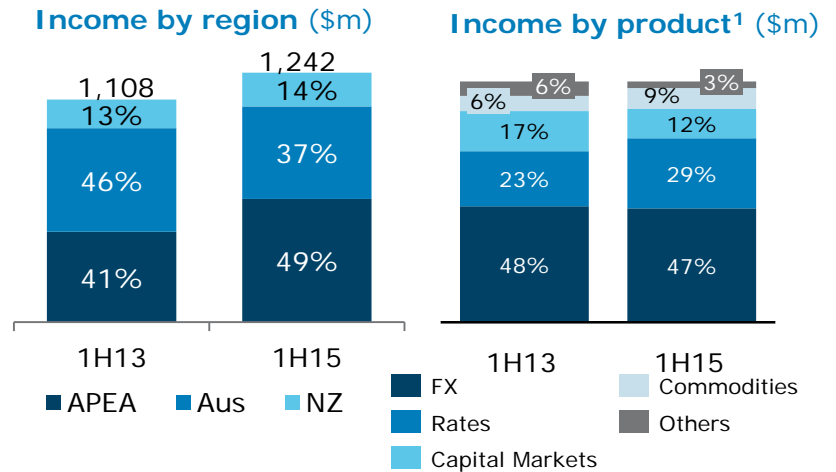


Asia Global Markets revenues have significant growth potential, given low market share

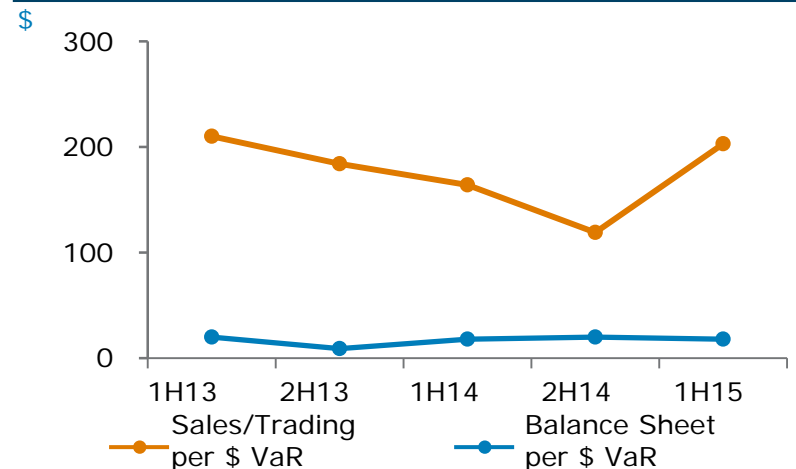


1. Excludes Balance Sheet.
 2. Euromoney, 2014.
 3. Peter Lee Associates 2014 Foreign Exchange survey, New Zealand.

Delivering growth across a diverse product range

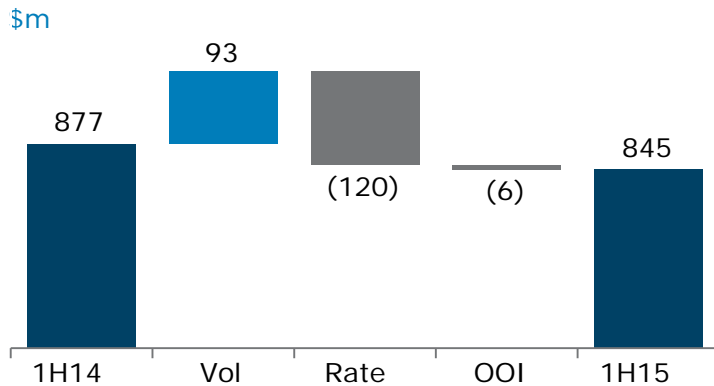


Risk position remains conservative

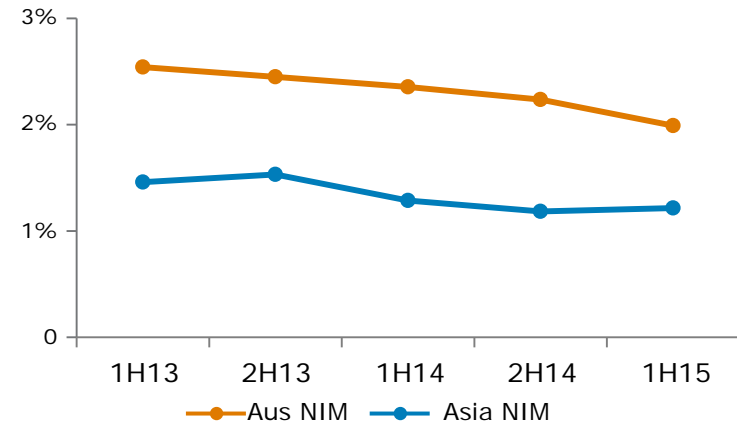


Balance Sheet usage is increasingly targeted

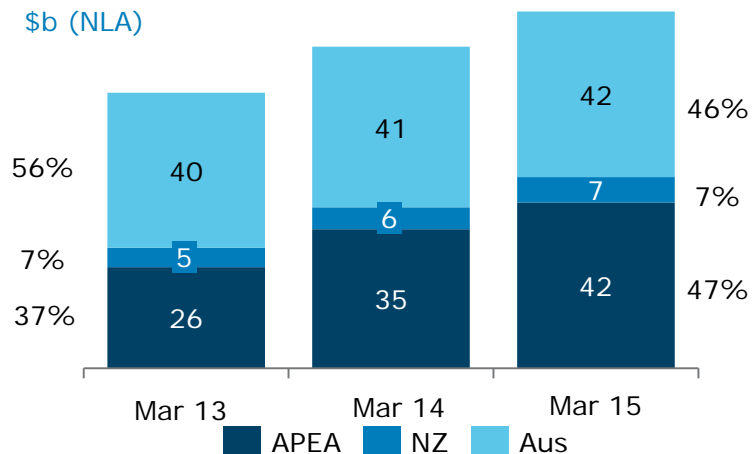
Global Loans margin compression was partially offset by volume growth



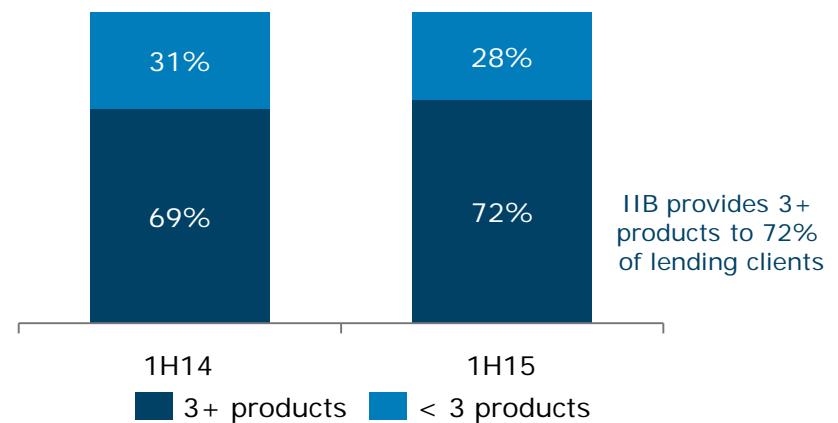
NIM impacts most severe in Australia



Continuing to diversify the Global Loans balance sheet



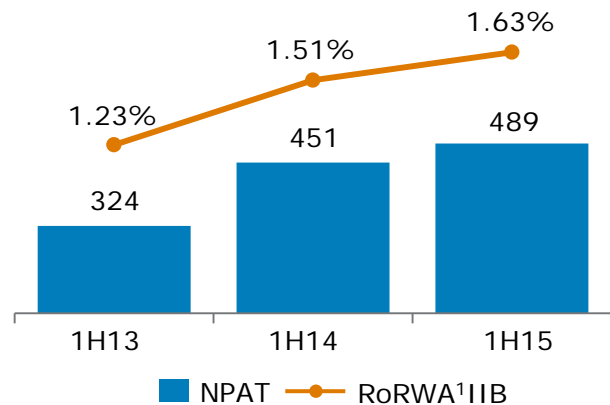
Clear focus on generating cross-sell



IIB Asia is growing profitably

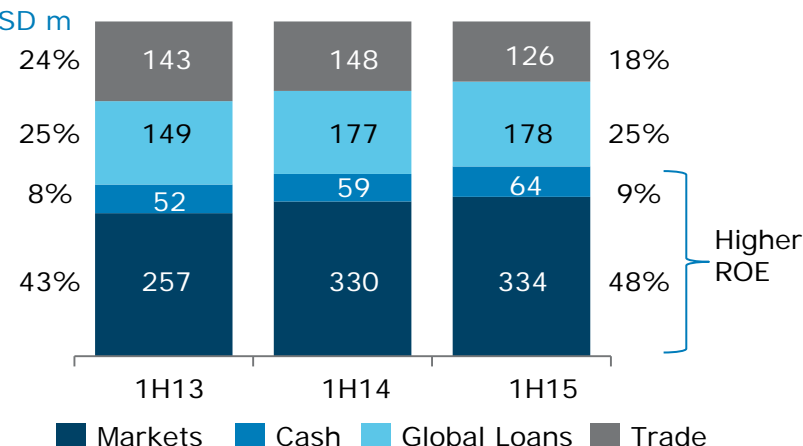
IIB Asia NPAT has grown 8% PCP...

USDm



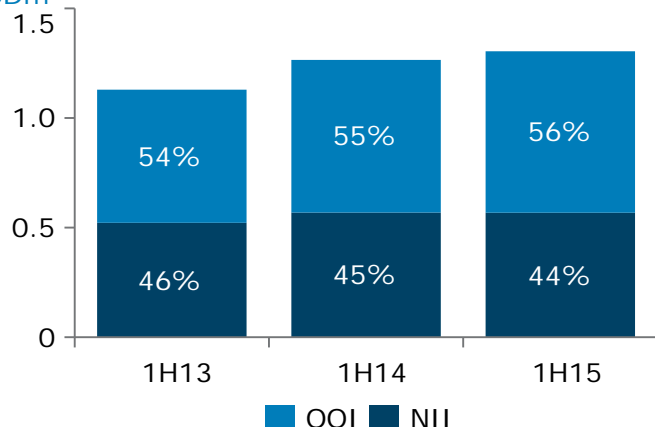
... with revenue growth in higher ROE businesses² ...

USD m



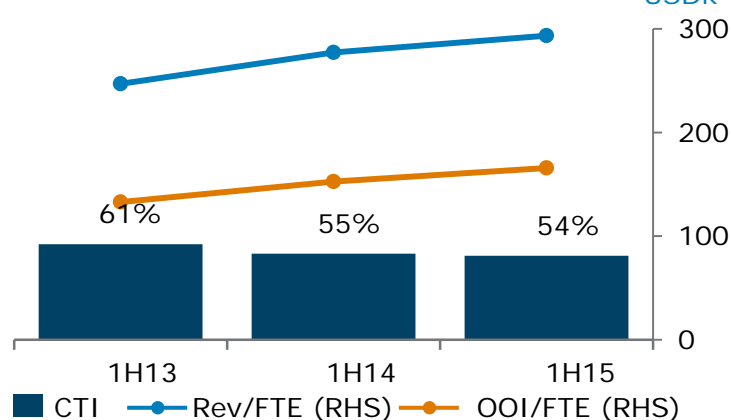
... and increasingly from OOI ...

USDm



... with improving productivity

USDk



1. 'RoRWA' equals Net Profit After Tax divided by average Basel III risk weighted assets.

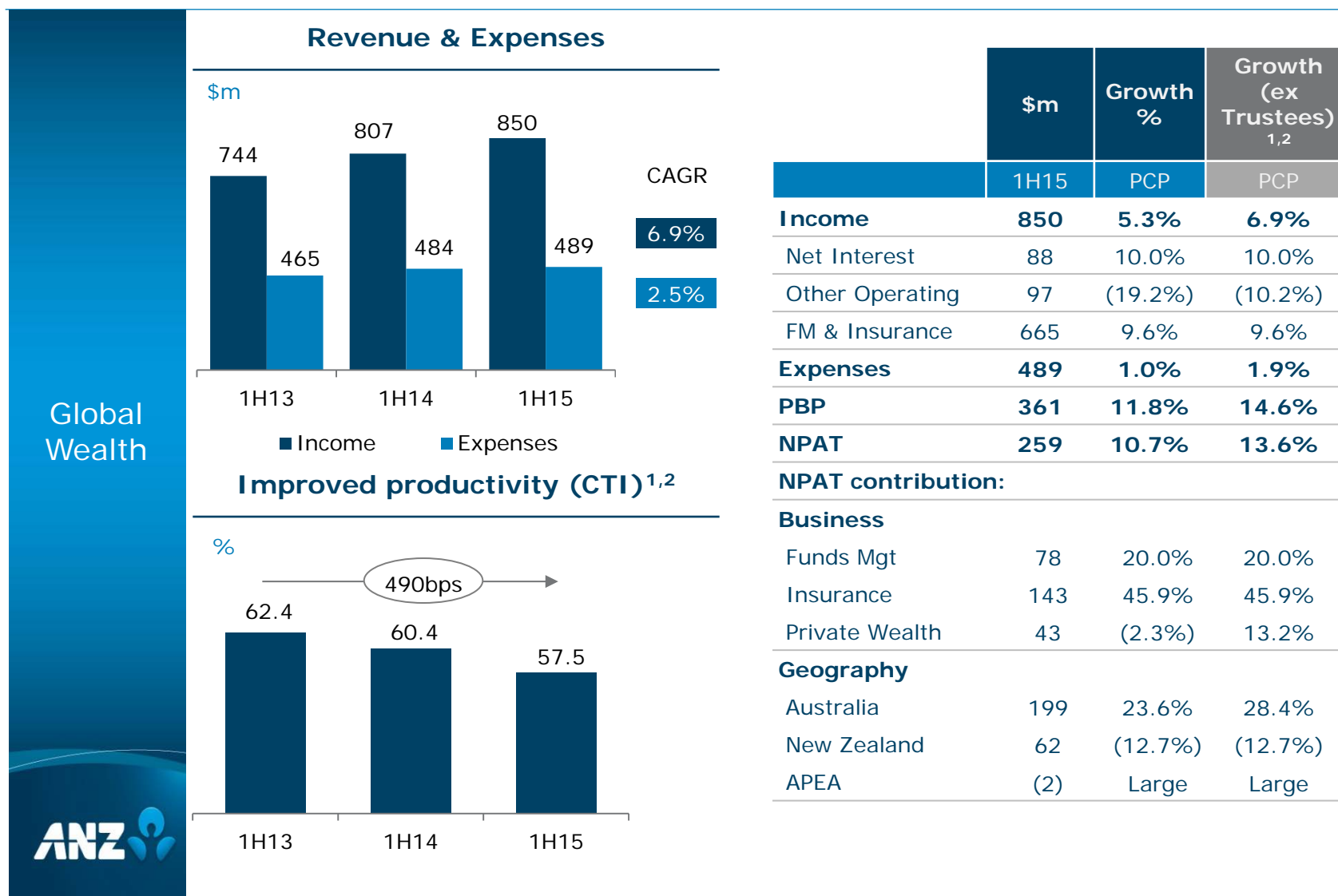
2. Excludes Retail and Partnerships.

Making progress on our strategic priorities

IIB PRIORITIES	Outcomes for the business
Connecting More Customers by Providing Seamless Value	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Corridor Management strategy gaining traction, with revenues up ~30% pcp along the 3 main Australia-Asia trade corridors - China, Hong Kong and Singapore • # 1 for overall and lead bank penetration in Australia¹ • # 1 for overall and lead bank penetration in New Zealand and widened the gap with # 2² • # 4 corporate bank in Asia and narrowed the gap to # 3³
Delivering Leading Products through Insights	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • # 1 in AU & NZ Bonds⁴ & # 1 in AU & NZ Syndicated Loans⁵ • Best Trade Finance Bank – AU & NZ⁵ & Best Bank for Cash Mgt Asia Pacific⁶ • Best Foreign Exchange Provider, Asia Pacific ⁷ • Precious Metals House of the Year, Asia⁸
Intensifying Balance Sheet Discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Several initiatives were completed resulting in >\$1bn RWA reduction • Progress on transitioning of non-core customers
Scaling & Optimising Infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electronic channel utilisation for payments increased from 39% to 45% • Enterprise approach delivering a 2% cost reduction PCP despite a 7% increase in IIB Operations volumes • Personnel expenses are well controlled – Flat PCP (excluding FX impact)

1. Peter Lee Associates: 2014 Large Corporate and Institutional Relationship Banking survey, Australia. 2. Peter Lee Associates: 2015 Large Corporate and Institutional Relationship Banking survey, New Zealand (widening based on lead bank relationships). 3. Greenwich Associates 2014 Asian Large Corporate Banking Study. 4. Dealogic by lead bank apportioned deal value, Jan 2015. 5. Thomson Reuters, Global Syndicated Loans Review FY 2014. 6. Trade & Supply Chain Finance Awards, Global Finance, 2015. 7. Best Foreign Exchange Provider Awards, Global Finance, 2015. 8. Energy Risk, Asia, 2014.

Global Wealth performance continues to strengthen

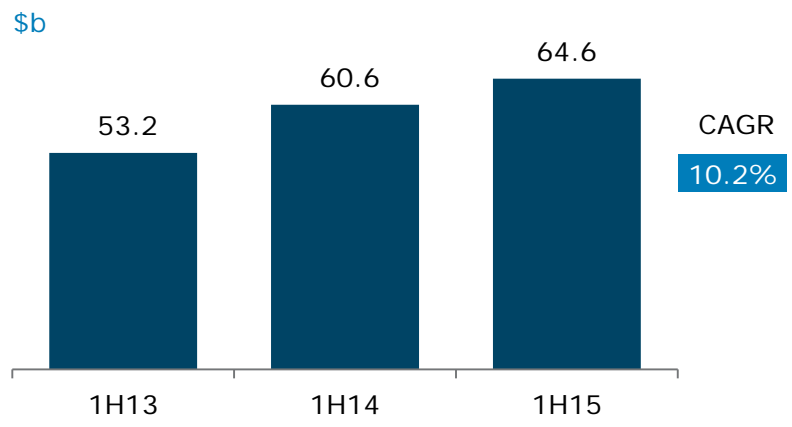


1. 1H14 revenue normalised for Trustees related income of (-\$12m) and Trustees related expenses of (\$4m).

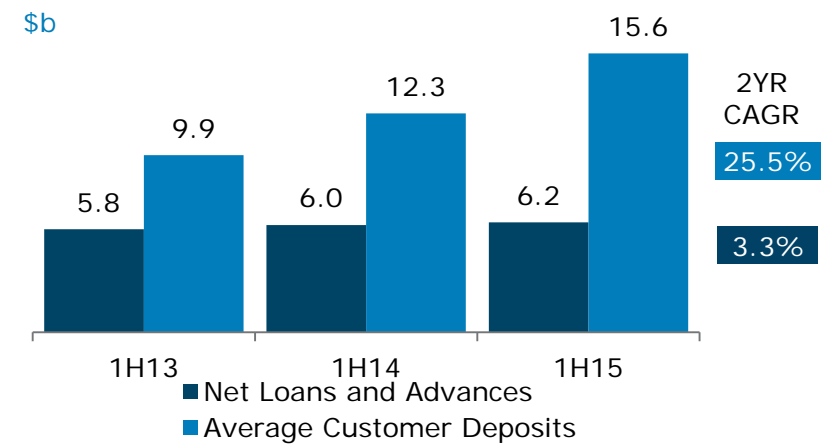
2. 1H13 revenue normalised for Trustees related income of (-\$10m) and Trustees related expenses of (\$7m).

Positive volume growth in Private Wealth and Funds Management

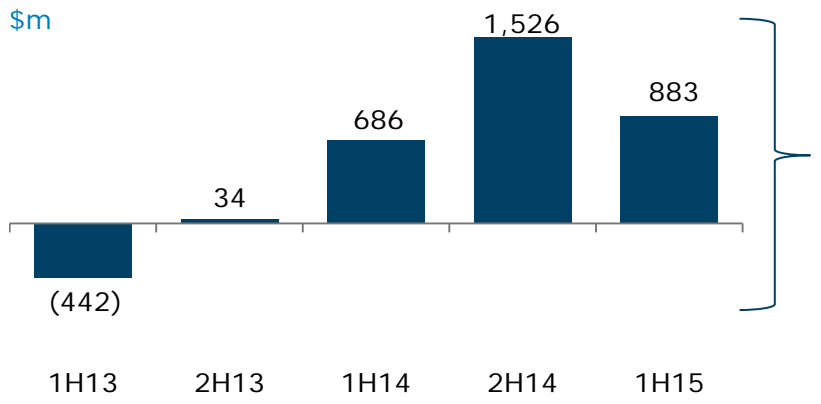
Funds Management Average FUM¹



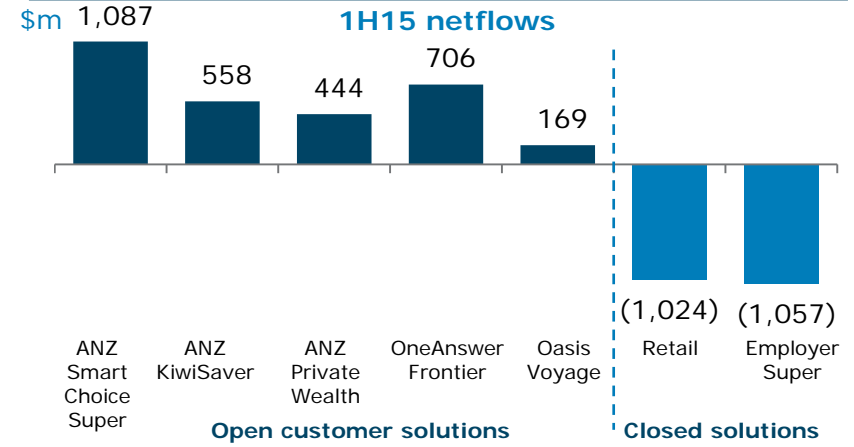
Private Wealth²



Funds Management netflows¹



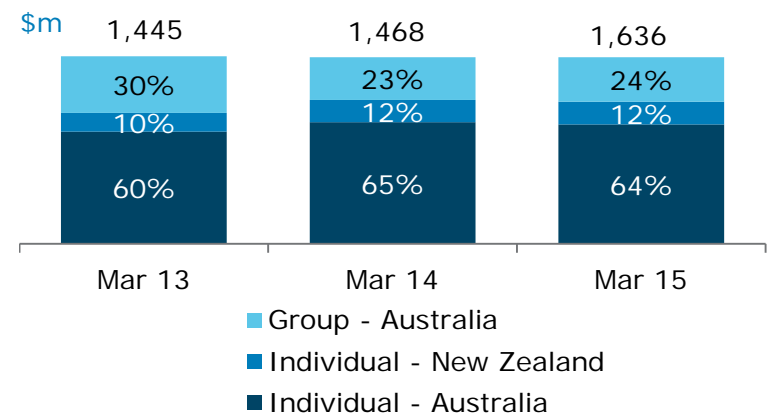
Reshaping our funds business to customer centric digital solutions



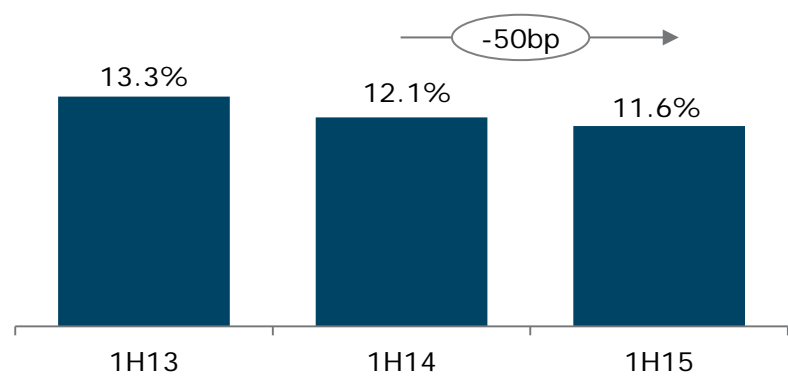
1. Average FUM and netflows includes Private Wealth Investment FUM and netflows.
 2. Net loans & advances excludes Corporate banking deposits and includes E*TRADE investment lending.

Focus on profitable Insurance business lines is delivering strong growth in Embedded Value

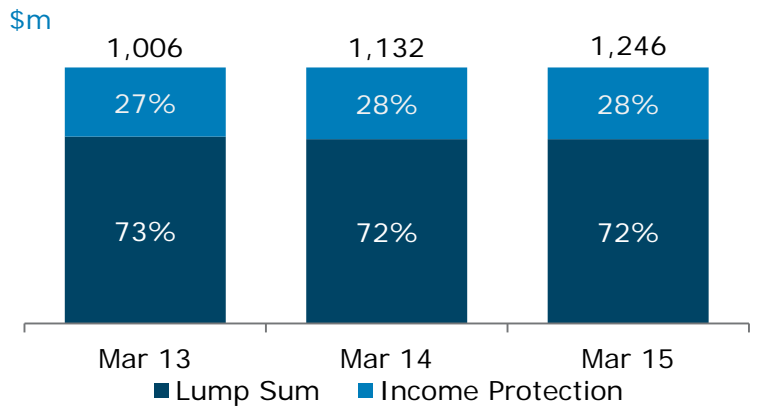
Stable mix of Life Insurance In-force



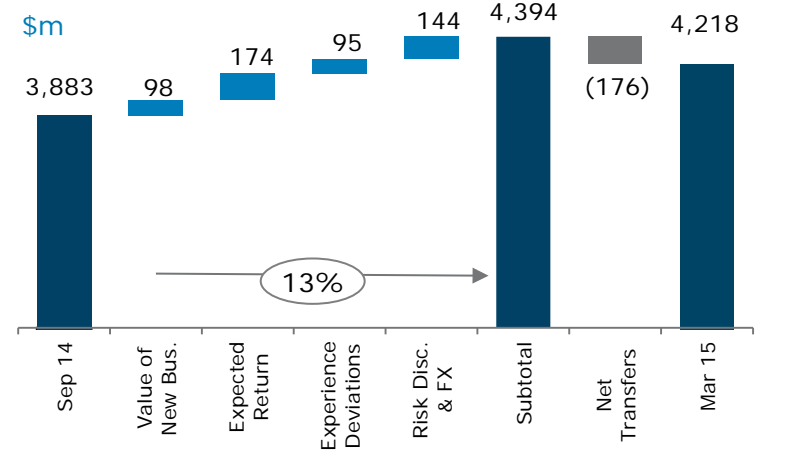
Continued improvement in Australian Retail Life Insurance Lapse Rates



Consistent product mix in Individual Life Insurance



Significant contribution to Embedded Value growth over 1H15



Delivering on our strategy

Global Wealth strategic objectives

- 1 Deepen relationships with existing ANZ customers
- 2 Simplify the business with self-directed solutions
- 3 Drive value from existing businesses

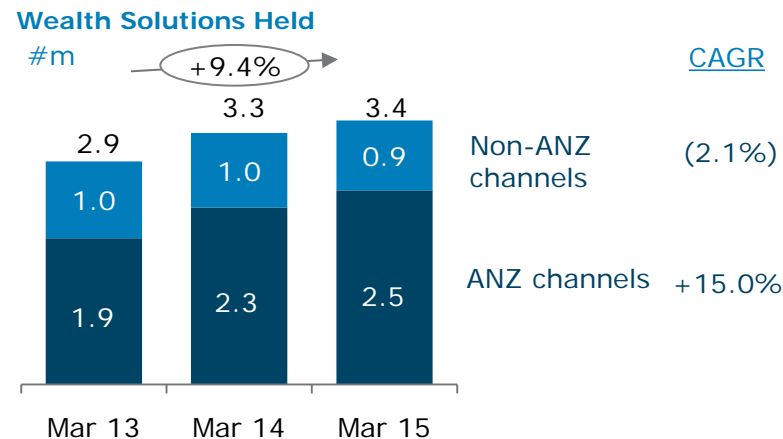
Simplifying with self-directed solutions

ANZ Smart Choice Super

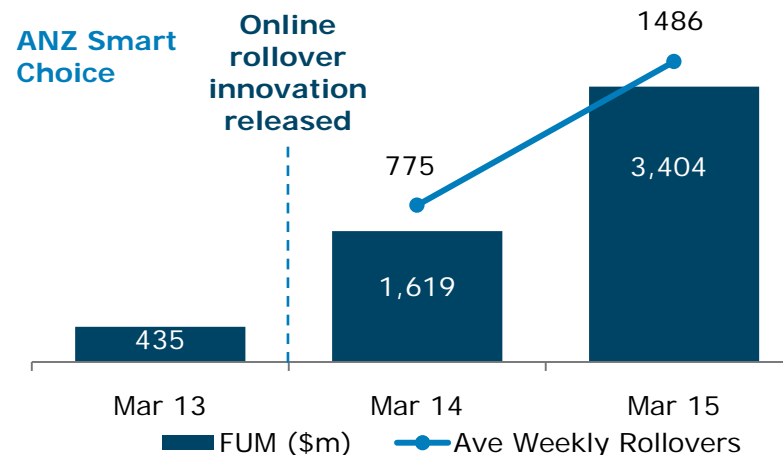


- Exceeding \$3 billion in FUM
- Received 5 stars by CANSTAR in every superannuation category
- Over a 300% increase in customer rollovers since the introduction of the paperless rollover service (70% self directed)
- Over 150,000 downloads with an activation rate of 66%
- Deepening relationship with the Bank

Growing solutions through ANZ channels



Digital delivering growth



2015




HALF YEAR RESULTS

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED
5 MAY 2015

Home Loan case study



Long term growth through leading proposition, investing in capability to make it easy for customers

Building our sales reach	Enhancing the customer experience	Expanding customer awareness
<p>↑43%</p> <p>12mth increase in Mobile Lending loan writers with NSW up 50%</p>	<p>6 days Same day</p> <p>Assessment available 6-days a week delivering same day assessment for over 90% of applications</p>	<p>Consistently award winning</p>  <p>2015 Australian Lending Awards;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Best Customer Experience • Best Investor Lender • Mortgage Lender of the year
<p>\$30b</p> <p>↑17%</p> <p>1H15 Home Loan Sales across all channels vs. PcP</p>	<p>1,000 hours per month</p> <p>Process improvements freeing up front line capacity to serve more customers per month</p>	<p>We help our customers be informed</p>  <p>Over 180,000 ANZ property profile reports distributed over the last 12 months</p>
<p>\$8.6b</p> <p>1H15 Home Loan FUM growth of \$8.6b, up from \$6.7b 1H14</p>	<p>↓53%</p> <p>Complaint reduction over 3 years through end-to-end process re-engineering & reliable settlements</p>	<p>Providing super-regional capability</p>  <p>Expanded our Non Resident proposition to residents of 14 countries</p>
<p>5 years</p> <p>Sustained above System growth¹</p>	<p>300k</p> <p>Number of hits per month on ANZ.com tools and calculators</p>	

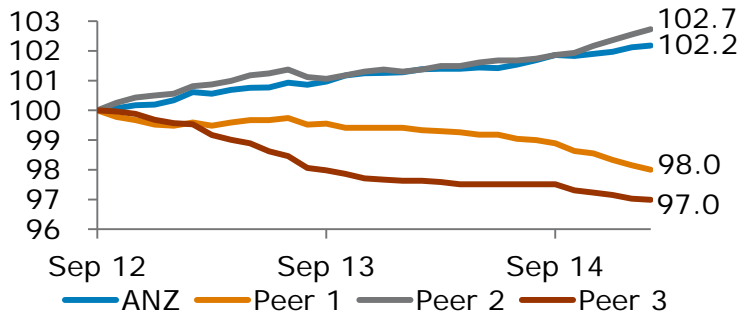
1. 5 years above APRA System quarter on quarter growth to Dec 2014.

Consistent above system growth, balanced across the portfolio

Delivering 5 years of consistent above system market share growth

Household Lending Market Share Growth (%)

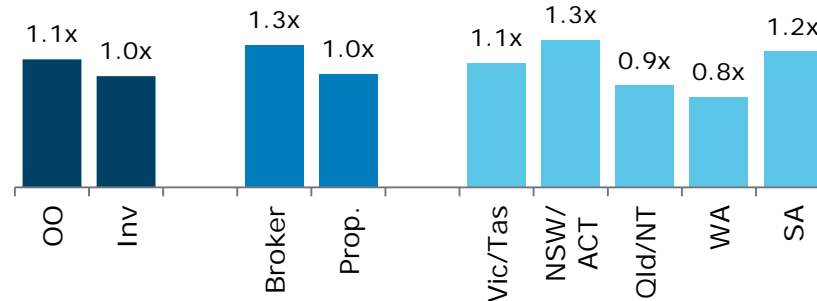
Index Sep 12 = 100



Balanced growth across segments particularly in NSW

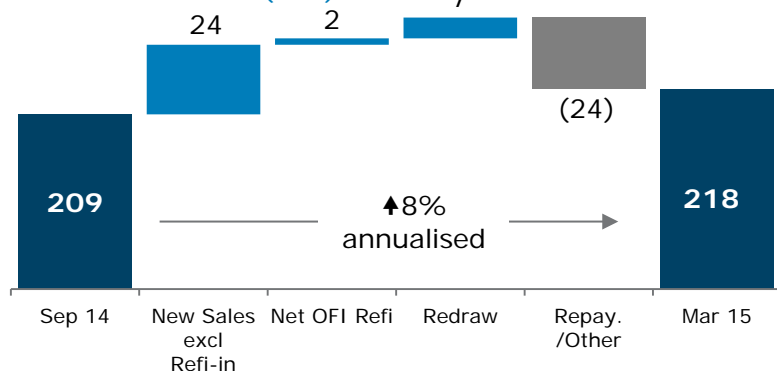
ANZ Growth vs system by segment¹

Feb 15 YTD



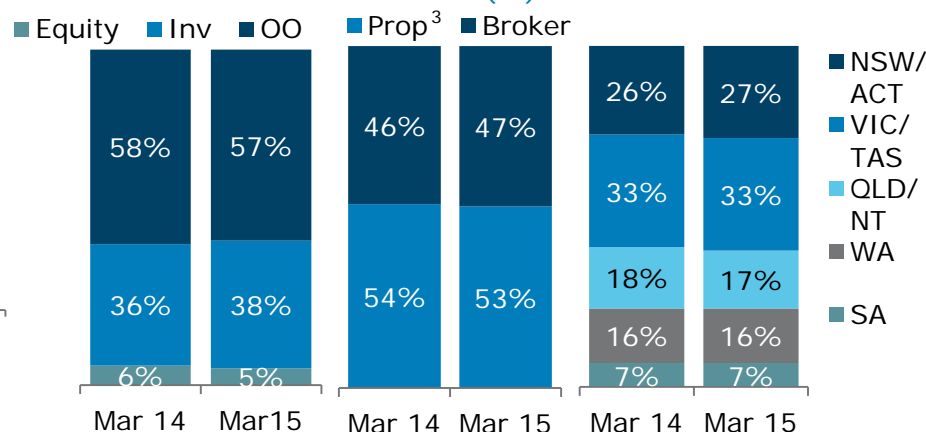
Strong sales volumes offset by industry high levels of repayments

Home loan flows (\$bn)



Increased portfolio share in NSW/ACT

ANZ Home Loan Portfolio (%)



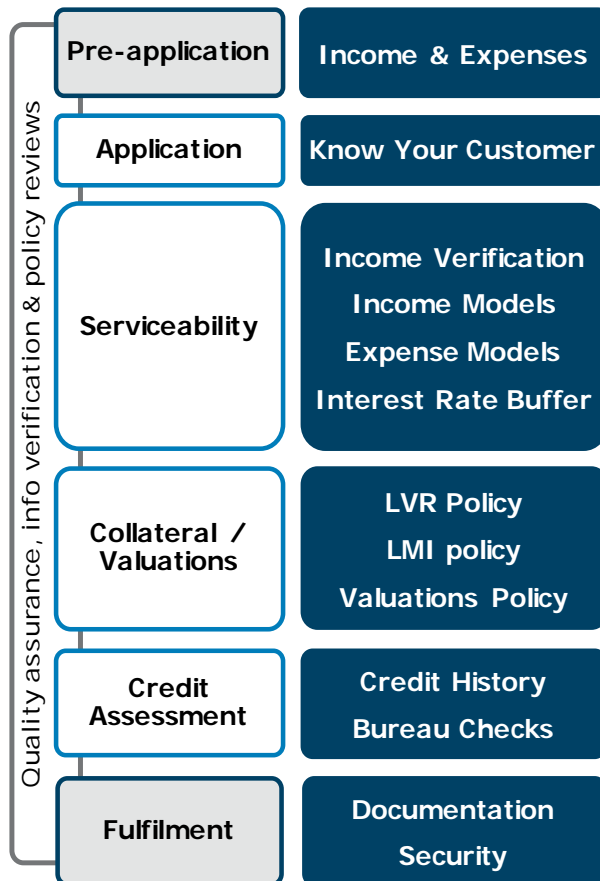
1. Customer Segments (Owner Occupier and Investor) defined by APRA. Channel performance relative to overall market growth. Geography sourced from Cannex.

2. Source: Comparator quarterly benchmarking.

3. Proprietary, comprising Branch, Mobile and Other.

Actively assessing and managing our home lending risk across the end-to-end value chain

Multiple checks during origination process



End-to-end home lending responsibility managed within ANZ

- Pre-sales (digital & marketing)
- Proprietary sales and/or verification of 3rd parties¹
- In-house loan origination, assessment, fulfilment
- Balance sheet ownership
- Collections activity

Originate to hold philosophy

- Currently all lending is on balance sheet

Effective hardship & collections processes

- Dedicated hardship team
- Early warning based on system triggers

Full recourse lending

- Multiple actions to manage potential losses

ANZ assessment process across all channels

- ANZ network
- Broker
- Digital
- Mobile

1. 3rd party sales channels (e.g. Broker) require ANZ accreditation and are subject to ongoing compliance monitoring to distribute ANZ home lending products.

Australian Market attributes

Strong sustained population growth

- Main markets of Sydney, Melbourne, Brisbane & Perth all growing
- Australian population growth currently 1.8% vs US 0.7% & UK 0.6%¹

Culture of repayment

- Interest is non tax deductible on primary residence
- Full recourse lending
- Accelerating repayments (~16% loan 'buffer' based on latest RBA report²)

Strong underwriting standards

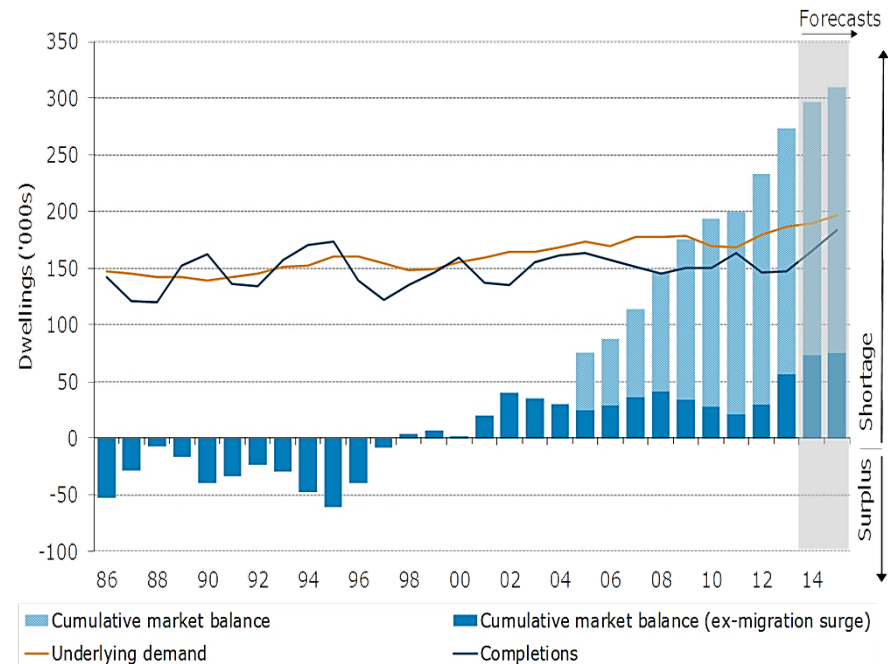
- Extremely limited subprime / low doc lending since 2008
- Low levels of 100% LVR lending

Banks 'own' their credit risks

- Lenders perform income verification
- Very low level of securitisation (2% of total housing finance and declining³) aligns origination and underwriting

Housing supply

Continues to trail population growth (with the exception of certain historical 'hot spots' e.g. Gold Coast 2007-2009)



1. Source: WorldBank 2013.

2. Source: RBA Financial Stability Review Mar 2015.

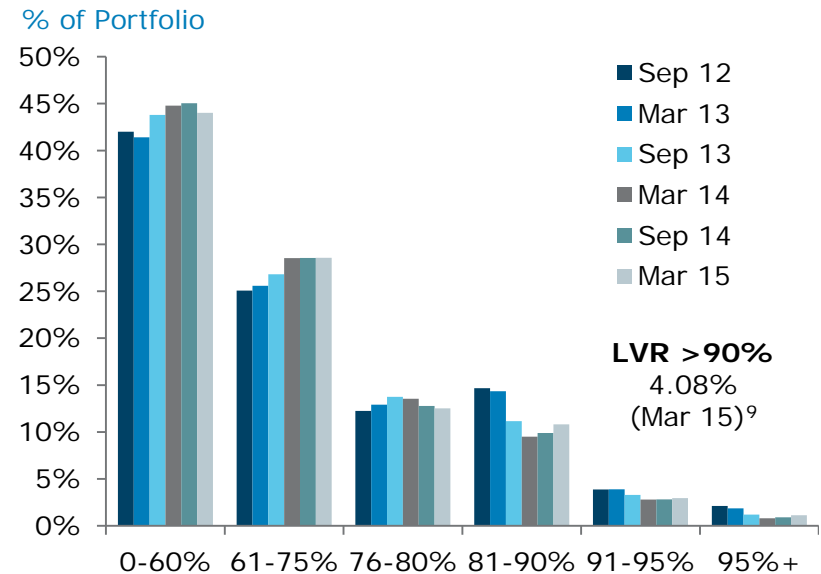
3. Source: APRA banking statistics.

Australia Home Loans portfolio

1H15 portfolio statistics¹

Total Number of Home Loan Accounts	934k
Total Home Loans FUM	\$218b
% of Total Australia Geography Lending	60%
% of Total Group Lending	39%
Owner Occupied Loans - % of Portfolio ²	60%
Average Loan Size at Origination (1H15 average) ^{3,4}	\$376k
Average LVR at Origination (1H15) ^{3,4,5}	71%
Average Dynamic LVR of Portfolio ^{4,5,6}	51%
% of Portfolio Ahead on Repayments ^{7,8}	43%
% of Portfolio Paying Interest Only ⁸	35%

Dynamic loan to value ratio⁵



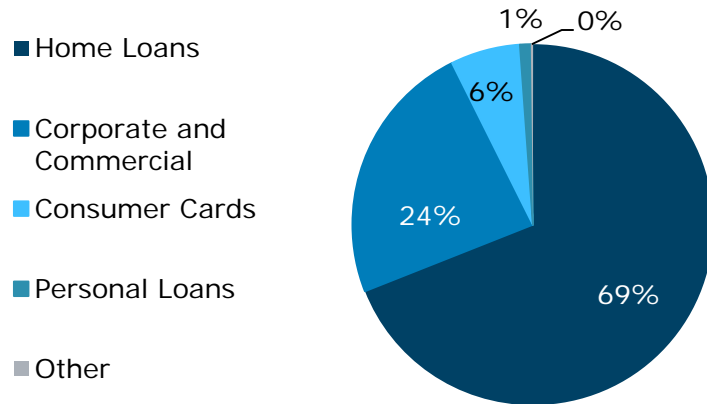
Individual provision as % of average NLA

	FY12	FY13	FY14	1H15
Group	0.38%	0.25%	0.22%	0.17%
Australia Home Loans	0.02%	0.02%	0.01%	0.01%

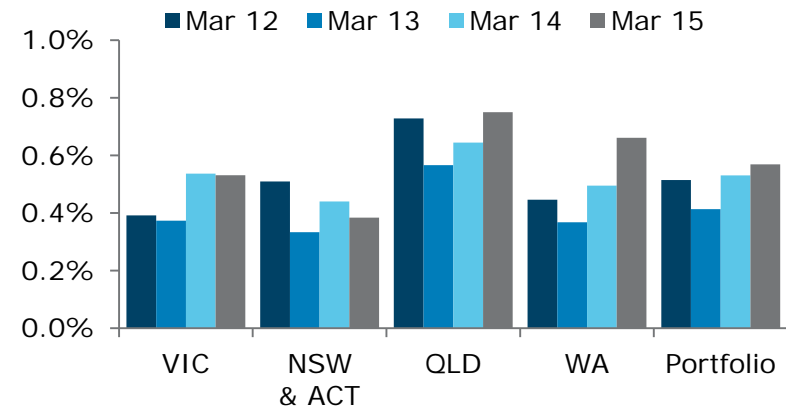
1. Home Loans (inclusive of NPLs, exclusive of offset balances). 2. Excludes Equity Manager. 3. Originated 1H15. 4. Unweighted.
 5. Including capitalised premiums. 6. Valuations updated Mar 2015 where available. 7. % of customers >30 days ahead of repayments.
 8. Excludes revolving credit. 9. Excluding capitalised premiums, the % of portfolio with LVR >90% as at Sep 2014 is 2.35% (Mar 2015 was 2.6%)

Australia Division

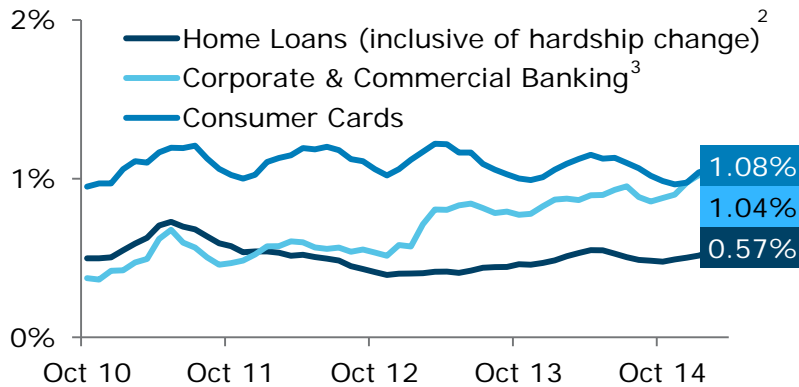
Australia Division credit exposure (EAD)



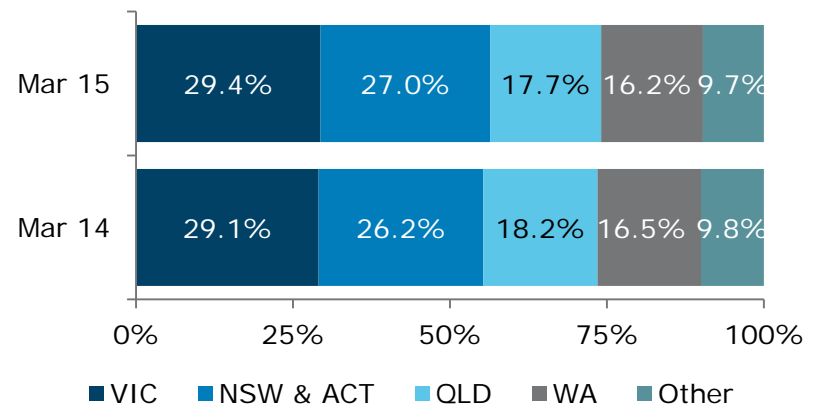
Australia Home Loans 90+ day delinquencies by state¹



Australia Division 90+ day delinquencies¹



Australia Home Loans portfolio by state¹



1. Exclusive of Non Performing Loans.

2. Hardship changes implemented Apr 2013. For comparison: 90+ excluding hardship changes as at Mar 2015 is 0.46%.

3. Includes Small Business, Commercial Cards and Esanda Retail.

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